Pittsburgh Gazette.

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FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK M.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

The Impeachment Trial—Argument on the Pending Question of Evidence—Objection Sustained—Chief Justice Not Sustained by the Senate—The Defense Close Their Testimony.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, April 18, 1868.

SENATE.

The Court opened at eleven o'clock. The Managers and members of the House were successively announced. Mr. Stevens was not present at the opening.

By direction of the Chief Justice the question pending yesterday was read, as follows:

"We, the counsel for the President, offer to prove that the President, at a meeting of the Cabinet, while the bill was before the President for his approval, laid before the Cabinet the Tenure-of-Office act for their consideration and advice to the President respecting his approval of the bill, and thereupon the members of the Cabinet then present gave their advice to the President that the bill was unconstitutional and should be returned to Congress with his objections, and that the duty of preparing a message setting forth the objections to the constitutionality of the bill was devolved upon Mr. Seward and Mr. Stanton,—to be followed up by proof of what was done by the President and Cabinet up to the time of sending in the message by the President."

Senator JOHNSON submitted the following question to the counsel of the President in writing:

Do the counsel understand that the Managers deny that the statement made by the President in his message, on Dec. 12th, 1867, in the evidence given by the Managers, at page 45 No. 9 of the official report of the trial, that the members of the Cabinet gave the opinion last stated as to the Tenure-of-Office act, and is the evidence offered to corroborate their statement, or for what other purpose is it offered?

Senator HOWARD submitted a question to the President's counsel:

Do the counsel for the accused not consider that the validity of the Tenure-of-Office law was purely a question of law to be determined in this trial by the Senate? If so, do they consider that the opinions of the the Cabinet officers touching that question is competent evidence by which the judgment of the Senate ought to be influenced?

Senator EDMUNDS asked whether the argument on the part of the Managers might not be continued while the Senate were considering the questions?

The CHIEF JUSTICE replied in the affirmative.

Mr. CURTIS said they would prefer that that course.

Manager WILSON, speaking from manuscript, argued on behalf of the Managers that the testimony was irrelevant, for the reason that advice from members of the Cabinet has no weight, except in reference to matters relating exclusively to their own departments, and that if it were, the advice given in this instance was not given at such a time so as to render it available for the defense. He then went into the general question of the relative powers of the executive and legislative branches, maintaining at great length that the checks within the power of the Executive to impose upon the legislative branch were exhausted by the exercise of his veto prerogative; whereas, on the other hand, all his actions were still subject to supervision by the two houses of Congress, whose measures he was required to carry out. In support of his position, that the law making power is supreme, Mr. Wilson cited numerous authorities and referred to cases in English history where the King himself had deferred to the will of Parliament. He held that if the President had a right to challenge the laws of Congress, his subordinates could call in question the orders of the President, and anarchy would ensue. Recapitulating, he said the President could not assume the prerogative of a King, who "could do no wrong," and consequently could not shelter himself behind a responsibility of his Ministers.

Mr. CURTIS declined to follow the honorable Manager in anticipating the questions, which were a fit subject only for the final argument, but would confine himself to the point at issue. He proceeded to claim that the testimony bearing on the question of intent was called for in rebuttal of the allegations of the articles which charge evil intent and wilful violation of the Constitution. The honorable Manager had argued an hour on an assumption, to show that the question of intent was immaterial, in the face of this fact, that several articles, not yet withdrawn, make the question of intent the *gravamen* of their charges.

In answer to Senator Howard's question, he said the members of the Cabinet would be placed on the stand, not as experts in constitutional law, but to prove that they advised the President to a course of action, which counsel claim will therefore purge of the charge of malice.

Replying to Senator Johnson, Mr. Curtis stated that they did not understand the Managers to deny the assertion in the President's message that he had been advised by the Cabinet in the matter, and wished to produce oral testimony to the same effect.

The CHEF-JUSTICE read the articles charging evil intent and expressed his opinion that the evidence offered was applicable to those points.

The yeas and nays having been taken, resulted 20 to 29, so the decision of the Chief Justice was overruled and the evidence not admitted.

Mr. Welles, Secretary of the Navy, was then re-called, and counsel proposed to ask him whether the question of applicableness of the Tenure-of-Office to Stanton was considered in Cabinet meetings previous to its return with the objections of the President, and whether the opinion was expressed that the law did not apply to any of the Secreries appointed by Mr. Lincoln.

Manager BUTLER objected, contending that it was excluded by the last ruling.

Mr. EVARTS said this testimony was in reference to the construction, not the constitutionality of the law, and held it was admissable for other reasons.

Manager BUTLER read from the veto message to show that the President vetoed the bill on the ground that it did not apply to all the members of his Cabinet. He also held that the President did not pretend to believe Stanton would acquiesce in his removal, because he felt himself not covered by the law. The President put it on the ground of comedies.

Mr. EVARTS referred to the portion of the message read by Manager Butler, and said they made it part of a general argument as to the constitutionality of the bill, and that it had no reference to the special case of President Johnson's Cabinet.

The CHIEF JUSTICE submitted the question to the Senate and the evidence was refused admission—vote 22 to 26.

Mr. EVARTS then asked if at any Cabinet meetings held between the time of the passage of the Tenure-of-Office bill and the removal of Stanton, the subject of how the public service was affected by it was considered, and witness replied that it had been considered repeatedly.

Counsel then offered to prove that on such occasions the President and Cabinet determined a proper regard for the public interests required that a case should be arranged in some way so as to procure a judicial decision as to the constitutionality of the law.

Manager BUTLER said the Managers would like to have the Senate, in accordance with their previous votes, declare all such evidence immaterial, and stop the trials to their patience of attempts to introduce it at once.

Mr. EVARTS briefly rejoined that the learned Manager, from the frequency and length of his remarks, seemed to think the patience of the Senate unlimited and capable of receiving impressions only from one side.

Senator HENDERSON asked whether this evidence might not be introduced in mitigation of what might be punished with deposition, but not necessarily with disqualification from office.

Manager BUTLER replied it could not be offered with such a design to this Court; but if it could be, this was not the proper time for mitigating testimony, which was always offered after conviction and before judgment.

The question was submitted and the Senate by a vote of nineteen to thirty decided in the negative.

So the evidence was not admitted and the Senate took a recess.

On re-assembling, at 2.25, Mr. EVARTS asked if within the period mentioned in the Cabinet discussion there was anything suggested or said about using force in order to bring about a settlement of the question at issue.

Manager BUTLER objected, for the reason that it was covered by the ruling, and the Senate sustained the objection by a vote of eighteen to twenty.

Mr. Welles, on cross-examination, said he had received but one commission as Secretary of the Navy, which was Abraham Lincoln's. Called on the President February 22d, before twelve o'clock. The nomination of Mr. Ewing was then made out. He testified yesterday Mr. Stanbery had an engagement at the Supreme Court at twelve o'clock, but it was only his inference. Does not know why officers under General Emory's command were called from a party to go to headquarters. Did not hear it was to warn them not to go to a masquerade. Does not know whether he stated to the President anything but that officers were called for, and that the War Department was unusually lighted up.

Edgar Welles, a son of the Secretary, Chief Clerk in the Navy Department, was the next witness for the defence. He certified to the form of commission for navy agents, and then stated what he heard at the party, which he communicated to his father the same night. The lady of the house told him about the call for officers to go to headquarters.

Mr. EVARTS then stated the counsel had in attendance the Secretary of the Treasury, Secretary of State, Secretary of the Interior and Postmaster General, and were prepared to give the same evidence they had wished to elicit from the Secretary of the Navy, but which he should not now attempt to introduce in consequence of the late ruling.

Alexander Randall, Postmaster General, was then called and testified that Foster Blodgett was removed from the office of postmaster at Augusta, in consequence of a complaint in writing of misconduct. He produced the papers and letters which effected the removal.

Mr. EVARTS offered them in evidence.

Manager BUTLER objected, unless the complaint were also filed; but afterwards partly withdrew the objection and the papers were read. The President appointed Blodgett with the consent of the Senate. Witness suspended him under the practice of the department and the law of necessity. Witness did not allege any particular statute in defense of his action. Communicated it to the President; did it without consultation with him. Suspended Blodgett on hearing of his misconduct from the District Attorney, and on seeing his indictment for perjury, &c. Did not include a copy of the indictment in papers he produced, because he did not know it would be required, but could do so. Gave Blodgett no means of defending himself by intimation that he would be suspended, but did so on the ground of indictment. The case has never been reported to the Senate. Had not appointed hundreds of men who could not take the test oath, nor one that he is aware of. Did not inquire whether the men who brought the indictment were Unionists. It was not his business. He dealt with the simple fact.

Senator SHERMAN submitted the interrogatories whether the question of the applicability of the Tenure-of-Office to members appointed by Mr. Lincoln ever came before the Cabinet for discussion, and if so what the opinions were?

Several of the Managers objected that the same question had already been ruled inadmissable, and the yeas and nays being taken resulted 20 to 26. So the question was not allowed to be answered.

Mr. EVARTS rose and stated that the continued illnesss of Mr. Stanbery prevented counsel from saying positively, but as far as they knew their evidence was all in.

The Court then, at three o'clock and forty minutes, adjourned, and the Senate immediately afterwards.

THE GEORGIA ELECTION.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

AUGUSTA, Ga., April 19.—The election in Georgia commences to-morrow. The interest is very intense and both parties are equally confident. Reports from Columbus state frauds have been discovered in registration and charges have been preferred against Hulbert, the Chief Registrar in the State. Ample precaution has been taken by General Meade to preserve order during the progress of the election, troops having been sent to all important points for this purpose. Heavy rains continue.

Shocking Sight Near St. Louis.

[By Telegraph to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, April 19.—A ghastly spectacle was presented in the river below this city yesterday. During the cholera last summer a large number of the bodies of victims of the epidemic were buried by the city on Arsenal Island, a short distance below the city. The river has been for some time gradually wearing the Island away, and yesterday the water reached the trenches in which the bodies were buried and washed some fifty or more coffins out, which floated down the stream. Twenty-four corpses have been recovered and measures taken to secure the remainder. Those still on the Island will also be protected or removed to a place of safety.

—The schooner Arcturus, which sailed from Buffalo a few days since with 10,000 bushels of malt for Chicago, was run down and sunk by an unknown vessel at 12 o'clock, Friday night, off Long Point. The crew were all saved.

CANADA.

Investigation in the Assassination Case—The Press Excluded—The Prisoner Whelan Committed for Trial—Seizure of Fenian Correspondence—The Assassination Arranged in New York.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

OTTAWA, April 18.—The investigation in the assassination case was resumed this morning. Counsel for the Crown, acting under instructions from the Government, have excluded every person not interested in the case from the Court, including all members of the press. It was discovered this morning that a piece of iron, used as a support for some pipes which pass through the prisoner's cell, had been taken off. The prisoner was at once searched, when a piece of iron nine inches long was found concealed under his arm and between his shirts. This circumstance does not tend to lessen the suspicion against him. The detectives admit that since yesterday most important evidence against Whelan has been obtained. A large number of parties have suddenly left Ottawa, anticipating evidence implicating them in McGee's assassination is in the possession of the authorities.

OTTAWA, April 18—*Evening.*—Whelan has been committed for trial on the charge of murdering McGee.

MONTREAL, April 17.—All the correspondence which passed between the Fenian leaders in New York and Montreal, has been seized by the Government and a grand exodus of prominent Irishmen from Canada to the United States commenced this afternoon in consequence. Over four hundred persons are implicated in the correspondence with O'Neil and O'Mahony, and the entire affair will be brought before the Court in Ottawa. It is reported that an international case will be made out of it, as documents have been discovered which tend to show that the murder of McGee was plotted in New York and approved of before a committee in Montreal.

The St. Lawrence river is now open to Quebec.

VIRGINIA.

Adjournment of the Convention—Removal of the State Treasurer and Other Officers.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

RICHMOND, April 18.—The Convention adjourned at midnight, subject to the call of the Committee only. The President and Secretary signed the Constitution. A resolution had been adopted dispensing with the signing by members. It is understood the Conservatives would have refused to sign it. Among the Republicans voting against the final adoption was one negro.

After adjournment speeches were made, and Mr. Porter, a leading Republican, predicted the adoption of the Constitution by a large majority. Messrs. Snead and Allen, also leading Republicans, predicted its defeat, and said it would be deserved. Mr. Snead opposed it mainly on the ground of its alleged fraudulent character) on homestead exemption, and Mr. Allen because it placed white men under the negro.

Gen. Scofield to-day suspended J. S. Calvert, the State Treasurer, on the charge preferred by the Governor, and appointed George Bliss, Secretary of the Convention, Treasurer *ad interim*.

John L. Pendleton, Superintendent of the State Prison, has been removed, and Burnham Wardwell appointed in his place. L. W. Savage is Mayor, and a new set of officers were to-day appointed for Charlottsville.

The Conservative members of the Convention have issued an address to the people of the State. It is a resume of the arguments used on that side during the late session.

THE LOUISIANA ELECTION.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, April 18.—The election is passing off quietly; but few and trifling disturbances have occurred. The white vote is considerably ahead. The votes were not counted last night and the ballot boxes were locked up in a cell in a station house, in charge of the Deputy Sheriff. It is probable no returns will be given until the full vote is officially announced.

NEW ORLEANS, April 18.—Orders have been issued to commence counting the vote immediately after closing the polls, in the presence of two representatives of each organized party, the counting to continue without intermission until completed. The result will probably be known to-morrow. The Democrats are confident they have carried the Parish of Orleans, and estimate their majority at two thousand.

A dispatch received from the town of Monroe, La., signed by Col. Edgar Tisdall, Internal Revenue Collector, Capt. George C. Norcross, United States Army, and others, signing themselves "Loyal Citizens of Louisiana," declares the election as conducted in that town unfair and illegal and unjust.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Unparalleled Political Excitement—The Coming Election.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WILMINGTON, April 18.—The campaign is closing amid unparalleled excitement. Both parties are making desperate efforts for success. Business will almost be suspended during the election, which commences next Tuesday. In the cities and large towns the negroes will vote the Radical ticket almost *en masse*, while in the country districts a considerable number will remain away from the polls. The vote will exceed that on the Convention question by at least 75,000. The total registered vote is now 200,000. The Radicals claim the ratification of the Constitution will bring peace and prosperity to the State, but the Conservatives, consisting of four-fifths of the white men of the State, demand its rejection. Mr. Holden will probably run considerably behind the vote for the Constitution. The feeling between the white and black races throughout the State is more bitter than at any previous period.

Ship Struck by Lightning and Burned.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MOBILE, April 18.—The ship Albert Gallatin was struck by lightning and burned in the lower bay yesterday morning. She had on board 3,100 bales of Cotton, which were destroyed. Loss nearly half a million dollars. The cargo was principally insured in Liverpool. After all hopes of saving the vessel had been abandoned she was scuttled and the hull sunk in three fathoms of water.

Philadelphia Contested Election.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, April 18.—The contested election case, in which the Republicans tried to oust the Democratic officers elected last fall, this morning was decided in favor of the Democrats. The Judges decided the legality of the election of Leach as Register of Wills, Ballier as City Commissioner, and M. E. Gray, Clerk of the Orphans Court, all Democrats.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

South Carolina Election—Quarterly Report of National Banks—Currency Matters—Imports from British Provinces—Mr. Stanbery Convalescent.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, April 18, 1868.

SOUTH CAROLINA ELECTION.

Official dispatches received at General Grant's Headquarters, from Gen. Canby, Commanding Second Military District, show that in South Carolina nine districts, which registered 38,220 voters, have polled 21,833 votes. A partial count of these show that 7,227 are for the Constitution and 4,900 against it.

FINANCIAL MATTERS.

The fractional currency issued for the week amounted to $375,000; amount shipped, $476,255, including $50,000 to St. Louis. Treasury notes shipped, $465,970, including $50,000 to Louisville and $25,000 to Cincinnati. National Bank Notes issued, $70,700. Fractional Currency destroyed, $369,100. Receipts of internal revenue for year to date, $152,435,487.

PRESENTS TO SERGEANT BATES.

Sergeant Bates to-day called on the President, who gave him several presents, including among them a portmonnaie containing fifty dollars in gold.

GENERAL SHERMAN

Was with the President at the Executive Mansion this morning.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF NATIONAL BANKS.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—The quarterly reports of all the national banks of the country for the current quarter have been received at the office of the Comptroller of Cvrrency, with the exception of sixteen. The returns show that the banks generally in their reserves are fully up to the requirements of law, and that the items of loans and discounts and deposits in tha aggregate do not greatly differ from the reports made to the Department in April, 1867.

A large number of National Banks have failed to comply with the requirements of the Twenty-fifth section of the National Currency act. A few weeks ago one hundred and thirty-seven of them had never caused an examination of their securities in the hands of the United States Treasury, and nearly two hundred others, who have at some time since their organization procured such examination, are delinquent in both the current year and that ending in June last. The Comptroller of the Currency has accordingly called the attention of National Bank officers to these facts, and advises them how the examination may be conducted.

HEALTH OF MR. STANBERY.

Messrs. Curtis and Evarts called at the Metropolitan Hotel this evening to see their colleague, Mr. Stanbery, but it was thought prudent not to admit them to an interview with that gentleman, owing to his physical condition. He is, however, sitting up and convalescent, and expects to sufficiently recover his health by Tuesday to be able to attend the trial. According to present indications Manager Boutwell will deliver his speech on Tuesday, to be followed by Messrs. Evarts and Stanbery, and Manager Bingham will make the closing argument on or before Friday.

IMPORTS FROM BRITISH PROVINCES.

It appears from the statement of the Director of the Bureau of Statistics that the total value of imports from Canada and other British American provinces on the Atlantic during the fiscal year ending with June last was $31,245,780, of which there was free $5,623,169, and dutiable $22,919,539, upon which the total estimated duties were $5,0052,572.

AMENDMENT TO PASSENGER LAWS.

The amendment to the passenger laws proposed to Congress by Secretary McCulloch, are chiefly such as have been suggested by observations of practical seamen.

FROM EUROPE.

Cretans and Turks Still Fighting—Labor and Trade Riots in Italy—Treasure for the British Abyssinia Expedition—Another Treaty Proposed by Germany.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREECE.

CRETANS STILL FIGHTING.

ATHENS, April 11.—Reports from Crete state that several fights had taken place lately between the insurgents and Turks. The Cretans were victorious in most of them. Two steamers, from Greece and other Christian ports, still land food, gunpowder, arms and other supplies and munitions of war, at the island, and take away refugees.

ITALY.

LABOR AND TRADE RIOTS.

BOLOGNA, April 17.—The serious labor and trade riots by which the peace of this city has been fearfully disturbed the past few days, are apparently at an end, and quiet prevails. A government order has been published which prevents further meetings of the Printers' Association and Democratic Union Workmen's Association. Their headquarters have been seized by the police.

GREAT BRITAIN.

THE ABYSSINIAN EXPEDITION.

LONDON, April 19.—Gen. Napier, in command of the Abyssinian expedition, in his last dispatch requests that a heavy remittance of treasure for expenses of the army be sent here before the rainy season sets in, as he anticipates during that season his communication with the coast will be frequently if not wholly interrupted.

GERMANY.

NEUTRALITY OF PRIVATE PROPERTY AT SEA.

BERLIN, April 19.—The Parliament of the North German Confederation has adopted a resolution of instructions to Count Bismarck to enter into negotiations with foreign powers for the purpose of establishing by treaty the absolute neutrality of private property at sea in time of war.

ARRIVED OUT.

QUEENSTOWN, April 19.—The steamship City of Washington has arrived from New York.

—Over a dozen cases are before the United States Circuit Court at St. Louis for manufacturing tobacco or distilling liquor in violation of the revenue law.

THE DICKENS DINNER.

The American Press and Charles Dickens—Entertainment at Delmonico's—Speech of Horace Greeley—Toasts—Response of Mr. Dickens.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, April 19.—The Press Banquet to Charles Dickens, at Delmonico's last evening, was a very pleasant and enjoyable affair. As early as four o'clock the members of the press began to arrive, and foremost among them was the President for the occasion, Hon. Horace Greeley. At six o'clock the parlors were comfortably filled with representatives of journalism from various parts of the country, comprising many of the most prominent in political and literary labors. Two hundred and five seats had been provided at the eight tables, all of which were occupied except one, alloted to Thurlow Weed. Among those present were Henry J. Raymond, Manton Marble, Wm. Henry Hurlbut, M. Halstead, George W. Demars, Samuel Bowles, Joseph R. Hawley, George W. Curtis, Robert Bonner, Wm. Orton, R. W. McAlpine, Isaac Butts, A. D. Richardson, Thomas W. Knox, Richard J. Colburn, Junius H. Browne, Whitlaw Reid, John Russel Young, J. W. Simmonton, Ellis H. Roberts, Orange Budd, John T. Bonner, O. P. Dewey, J. M. Francis, T. M. Davis and Edward Holden.

It was ascertained, soon after the hour appointed for the reception, that Mr. Dickens had been suffering from a severe attack of indisposition at his lodgings. About seven o'clock he appeared, leaning on the arm of a friend, and was visibly suffering from some temporary illness. In view of this fact all idea of a formal reception was abandoned, and Mr. Dickens soon after passed into the dining hall and the company followed.

During the demolition of an elaborate repast an excellent band in an adjoining room poured its softened harmony over the occasion.

The following is a list of the regular toasts:

First—Welcome; Horace Greeley.

Second—Our Guest; Chas. Dickens.

Third—The New York Press; Henry J. Raymond.

Fourth—The Weekly Press; George Wm. Curtis.

Fifth—The Monthly Press; Wm. Henry Hurlbut.

Sixth—The Boston Press; Charles Elliot Norton.

Seventh—The New England Press; Jos. R. Hawley.

Eighth—The Northern Press; George W. Demars.

Ninth—The Western Press; Mural Halstead.

Tenth—The Southern Press; Edward De Leon.

Eleventh—The Southwestern Press; T. B. Thorp.

Twelfth—The Scientific Press—G. L. Youmans.

About nine o'clock the President rose and addressed the assemblage, concluding as follows: "Friends and fellow-laborers: We honor ouselves to-night in honoring the most successful, thoroughly successful literary man of our times, one whom we may proudly say is not ashamed of having come up, as most of us have come up, from the lower rounds of the ladder of the press, and though none of us have reached such a height as he, still I say his success is a sign of hope and encouragement to every one of us. (Cheers.) We are each successful in his triumph. We are each, in seeing in what he has done, how noble, how worthily he has done, taught the road to our own success. He has preached the gospel of humanity until even nobles and kings have listened in admiration. In this success we have encouragement to every one of us to go up higher, for there has been created a public, if there was not thirty years ago a public. There has been created a public ready and eager to listen to it. It is the noblest and most humanizing thought, which the best of us is prepared now to put before this public. Friends and fellow-laborers: As I am to set you an example to-night with a short speech, I will, without further prelude, ask you to join me in this sentiment: Health and happiness, honor and generous, because just, recompense to our friend and guest, Charles Dickens. [Great applause and three cheers for Charles Dickens.]

When the applause had subsided, Mr. Dickens responded in an extended address. In the course of his remarks he alluded to the feelings elicited among Americans by the unfavorable opinions expressed in his "American Notes" and "Chuzzlewit." He was delighted to witness the improvement in the social, moral and national condition of the country, as seen during this his last visit. In the works referred to he had given his honest impressions at that time. He then said, though the report prevailed that it was his intention to write another book on America, it was false, as it was his firm determination not to write another work on that subject. On his return to England he should, in his own journal, publish his present impressions upon America and do justice to the people of this country. He pledged himself that so long as he or his hearers had any interest in the edition of "Martin Chuzzlewit" and "American Notes," those books should contain an appendix refuting any aspersions therein contained. He paid a high compliment to the energy, enterprise and talent which characterizes American journals, and wished his hearers all prosperity and happiness, closing by invoking all blessings upon them for their fraternal kindness towards him.

At the conclusion of Mr. Dickens' speech the assembly broke forth in loud cheers which were again and again repeated, every person present being on his feet, and the waving of handkerchiefs and vehement gesticulations presenting an indescribable scene of enthusiastic animation. The band ultimately was heard playing "God Save the Queen." The strain was taken up and borne aloft by the same voices with fine effect, every person joining in the song with all the unction in him,

Speeches were also made by Hon. J. Raymond, Geo. W. Demars of the Albany *Journal*, Ex-Governor Hawley, G. W. Curtis, J. W. Young of the *Tribune*, and many others. The Hall was finely decorated and the party seperated about twelve o'clock.

—Mr. Randolph, editor of the Tuscaloosa (Alabama) *Monitor*, recently had a difficulty with a negro in Tuscaloosa county, in which he cut the negro with a knife. Mr. Randolph, learning his arrest was ordered by the Military authorities, went to Montgomery, where he reported to General Shepherd. He was told to report Saturday morning at ten o'clock, which he did. General Shepherd then informed him that he must be committed to the military prison without the benefit of bail. General Shepherd further remarked that in all cases of military arrests the parties would be committed to prison, there to remain until discharged by a military commission. Randolph was promised a speedy investigation by a military commission.

—The anniversary exercises of the Bethel Sabbath School, at Cincinnati, the largest of the kind in the country, were celebrated yesterday. Some two thousand children were in attendance.

THE COURTS.

United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

In the Bankruptcy branch a final discharge was granted and certificate awarded to William H. Cartwright, of Wyoming county.

Petitions for final discharge were filed by W. W. White and S. M. Gordon, of Oil City; John Magill, of Mercer county; Mervin S. Cotton, Crawford county, and John Koehler, of Meadville, Crawford county.

Petitions for adjudication were filed by G. Smith, of Bradford county, and Thomas M. Foster, of Erie county.

George Shiras, Esq., filed a petition on behalf of H. B. Clafflin & Co., against Sam'l B. Moore, of Wilkesbarre, Luzerne county, praying that he be adjudged a bankrupt. The petitioning creditors allege that S. B. Moore is indebted to them in the sum of six thousand four hundred and thirty-three dollars and sixty-five cents; that on the 11th of April he confessed judgment in favor of Messrs. Phelps & Co., of Wilkesbarre, to the amount of $13,987, with intent to prefer them to the injury of other creditors, and that at the time the confession was made he was insolvent, and had admitted his knowledge of the fact. The petitioners further allege that the parties in whose favor judgments were confessed were aware of the fact, but they obtained an execution from the Court of Common Pleas of Luzerne county, under which the goods and property are to be sold. A rule was granted on Moore to show cause why the prayer of the petitioners should not be granted.

Mr. Shiras also filed a bill in equity in the Circuit Court, in which H. B. Clafflin & Co. appear as complainants, and Messrs. L. B. Moore, A. Y. Moore, J. C. Phelps, Ziba Bennett, as respondents. The bill sets forth at length the acts alleged in the petition filed in bankruptcy, and states that the sale of the goods and property of S. E. Moore, under the execution obtained on the judgments confessed to Bennett, Phelps & Co., will take place on Monday.

The Court granted a preliminary injunction restraining the parties from proceeding with the sale until the further order of the Court, complainant giving bonds in the sum of $20,000 as security against any damage which might be sustained by the respondents.

District Court—Full Bench.

In the case of McClellan et al vs. George Smith, the jury found for the defendant. Motion for a new trial.

On motion of James Veech, Esq., Thos. Hindman, Esq., of Cleveland, was duly admitted and qualified to practice as an attorney.

Alexander Gordon, of Wilkins township, was appointed Appraiser under the consolidation act, to estimate the costs and value of bridges, etc., claiming to charge toll.

Common Pleas—Full Bench.

In November, 1865, the City Councils passed an ordinance authorizing the construction of a sewer on Grant street, extending from Diamond street to the Monongahela river. The understanding was that the work would be commenced in the spring of 1866, but for some cause the matter has been postponed, and some of the property holders are determined, if possible, to ascertain the reason. On Saturday Dr. Addison Arthurs filed a bill of complaint, and asked for rule on H. J. Moore, the City Regulator, to show cause why the sewer has not been constructed as directed by the ordinance of City Councils. The petitioner sets sets forth that he is the owner of a three story brick house on the east side of Grant street, between Third and Fourth, and that owing to the moist and springy nature of the ground much water accumulates in the cellar, as well as in the cellars of other buildings in the neighborhood. He claims that this occasions injury and inconvenience to him, and is detrimental to the public health. The bill also sets forth the ordinance passed by Council, and the fact that it was regularly signed, published, and recorded, and that he (as well as others) confidently expected that the sewer would have been constructed in 1866, thus removing the risk of life and health of himself and occupants of buildings by reason of the stagnant water remaining in the cellars as complained of. The Court granted a rule on the City Regulator to show cause, returnable on Saturday next at ten o'clock A. M.

Quarter Sessions—Full Bench.

In accordance with an act of the recent Legislature, directing the appointment of two magistrates in the boroughs on the South side of the Monongahela river, in this county, to hear and determine cases of drunkenness and disorderly conduct, the Court on Saturday appointed Justice W. H. Barker, of South Pittsburgh, and Justice Augustus Ammon, of East Birmingham, who will hereafter exercise such jurisdiction and be allowed the usual fees therefor.

During the trial of Duncan and Wickline (on Friday) for felonious assault and battery on Wm. Killian at the drinking saloon of Peter Spryer, on Pennsylvania avenue, Killian testified that he and the defendants had been throwing diee for "drinks." Spryer, the saloon keeper, when on the witness stand, admitted the fact. The Court on Saturday ordered that Spryer give security in the sum of $500 for his appearance to answer at next term such charge as might be brought against him, and Killian was held in his own recognizance to appear as a witness.

BRIEF NEWS ITEMS.

—An immense grain elevator is being erected in Boston.

—Rock Island has no ice, and at present is unable to get any.

—Baltimore is full of young men from the South seeking clerkships.

—The Ku-Klux-Klan have sent a threatening letter to Judge Hunter, of Memphis.

—In Benton county, Tennessee, the wheat is uninjured by the frost, but the fruit is all killed.

—The British bark Talia was burned in Mobile bay Saturday, with 1,094 bales cotton on board.

—Doctor John Homans, an eminent physician, died Saturday night, at Boston, aged seventy-three years.

—There is a temperance society in Sterling, Ill., which no one can join who has not been an inveterate toper.

—A man has just sold a railroad company some land in Omaha for $36,000 which he bought just a year ago for $1,000.

—In the Mississippi Convention, on Saturday, Capt. Townsend was expelled for his recent assault upon the President.

—In Dickson and Humphrey counties, in Tennessee, the fruit is not at all injured, and there is every indication of a very large crop.

—Mr. Henry Vincent lectured to a very enthusiastic audience on Oliver Cromwell in Plymouth Church, Chicago, on Saturday night.

—The American flag took a prominent part in the decorations of Dublin, on the occasion of the entrance of the Prince of Wales.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

THE WITCH-TOWER.

FROM THE GERMAN—BY J. A. ADLER.

Near Colmar stood in days of yore
A tower so sombre and so hoar
Of aspect, which the land appalled,
And it was the witch-tower called.
There carried on weird work
The wizard and the witches,
With besom and with fork,
With gold and magic switches.

The tower long since has disappeared,
Nor are the witches now much feared:
Yet oft, when for dear midnight's sake,
The calm full-moon alone's awake,
There rises on the strand
A rushing and a rattling,
A trampling on the sand
A bustling and a prattling.

And lo! anon, like rocket-fire,
The tower starts up, and the wild choir
With hurried dance surround the fort,
'Mid music, song and maddening sport;
They ride upon their brooms,
Fast helter-skelter prancing,
Clattering like mills or looms,
Humming as they're advancing.

And ever louder swells their song,
And ever madder leaps the throng,
Throughout the whole of livelong night,
Until the sun shows broad daylight:
Then they hush up anon,
Diving and disappearing,
And are now seen by none
Till the next full-moon's nearing.

[*New York Evening Post.*

EPHEMERIS.

—Opium is to be raised in France.

—Habelmann, the tenor, is very poor.

—The belle of Portland, Me., is a cook.

—There are 40 woolen mills in Wisconsin.

—Trails are no more just the thing in Paris.

—Grass billiards is the newest name for croquet.

—An Ohio widow aged 103 died a few days since.

—Bristol, R. I., has a successful blind ship builder.

—Nectarines and apricots are killed by the frost in Kansas.

—Several cases of hydrophobia are reported in New Orleans.

—The late Gen. Veazie, of Bangor, Me., left $1,500,000 to his heirs.

—Strawberries and ice cream are sold in the streets of Mobile, Alabama.

—The State capitol building at Topeka, Kansas, is being rapidly put up.

—Mrs. Emma Waller, the renowned tragedienne, is said to be bankrupt.

—1,500 tons of lumber were made into matches last year in Roxford, Mass.

—There are 103 agricultural societies in New York besides the State Society.

—Nashville street cars provide all of the daily papers on files for the passengers.

—6,203 dogs were killed by order of the proper authorities in St. Louis during 1867.

—Cincinnati and Chicago have Yale Clubs, composed of ex-students of that city.

—Oshkosh, Wisconsin, is a flourishing town, 29 years old and with 14,000 inhabitants.

—During the session just closed the State Senate took action on 1860 bills, the House on 2,020.

—The international bridge across the straits of Dover is again spoken of as a possible event.

—What did the spider do when he came out of the Ark? He took a fly and went home.—*Ex.*

—Six hours work and a full day's wages is the proposed platform for the Workingmen's party.

—The deep snow has kept the wheat and winter grain in Crawford county in excellent condition.

—Mrs. E. Cady Stanton's paper *The Revolution* claims to have already a circulation of 10,000 copies.

—Timothy Titcomb's income is $7,315. The great original Tupper's income is larger than that.

—Wallace's opera of Lurline has been successfully brought out in Pike's Opera House in New York.

—There is said to be a blue heron eight feet high in West Virginia, and the sportsmen are on the *qui vive* to bag him.

—Castle, the tenor, has purchased a country seat near that of Miss Richings, between Philadelphia and Wilmington, Del.

—The guerrilla General Morgan's remains have been exhumed for transfer, and found in an excellent state of preservation.

—Carpet-weavers in Williamsburg, New York, are striking. They say that their wages are sufficient, but they want shorter time.

—Last year's tobacco crop in Kentucky is just coming into the market, and it is large in quantity as well as excellent in quality.

—Victor Emmanuel has been bled two hundred times in the course of his life, losing royal blood every time, and still he is apoplectic.

—The peaches in several of the counties of Missouri have been destroyed by frost. In others, though injured, there will be small crops.

—The Fenians are agitating the propriety of giving General Nagle and other returning Fenians a public reception on their arrival in New York.

—Jerry Black is called the hero of great Expectorations, and it has been asserted that he used up eighteen spittoons during the McArdle case.

—Horace Greely is reported to have a new $10 hat. Reports are, however, so unreliable that perfect confidence cannot be placed in this one.

—Dumas *fils* has the tapestry mania and pays fabulous prices for the oldest of carpets if he only thinks that they were manufactured at Gobelin.

—In 1799 the annual expenditure of Boston was $50,000. The progress of that city has been so great that in two days they spend that much now.

—In Newburyport, Massachusetts, a stage driver died the other day aged 80 years. He retired from business seven years ago, but had driven for sixty years.

—Texas, California, and Nevada are the largest States in the Union. They embrace an aggregate of 575,337 square miles, 274,337 of which are in Texas.

—It is hard to believe that the Empress Eugenie was once considered the worst dressed woman in Europe. Now she is considered the best dressed one.

—The drying house attached to the cotton mills of General Patterson, at Manayunk, was, with a quantity of material, completely destroyed by fire on Thursday last.

—Leonard Jerome, although not as rich as he has been, is not bankrupt yet. He is is said to have a million or two left out of the debris of his fortune.

—Glasgow, Mo, has a Ku-Klux-Klan. What has become of the Pittsburgh Klan? Does it still hold its orgies, or is it already undergoing the tortures of the defunct?

—One hundred and fifty thousand copies of the song "Tramp, tramp," composed by Mr. Root, of the Chicago music publishing firm of Root & Cady, have been sold.

—A spring gun, in a hen roost near Nashville, killed a negro who, unaware of the presence of the fire arm, intended in defiance of the laws to help himself to poultry.

—The Champion of the Waters is well named, it being the fastest boat on the Mississippi. It carries gallantly on its pilot house the deer horns, emblems of victory.

—The third party who was supposed to be a survivor of the Sea Bird disaster, and who reported the heartrending loss of his wife, turns out to be a sharper and imposter.

—Evarts, of the President's counsel, is a grandson of Roger Sherman, of Declaration of Independence fame, and therefore a connection of General and Senator Sherman.

—Ernest Renan is creating a sensation in the European political world by his new work, the Philosophy of Politics, which is said to be as able as any of his polemical writings.

—Chicago and Cincinnati are congratulating themselves on Brick Pomeroy's assertion that he will move his *Democrat* establishment neither to the one nor the other of those cities.

—Last summer the Missouri River made a big cut and left Hamburg-landing away out in the country. Another big cut has put Hamburg-landing back again, but such a precarious post is certainly unreliable.

—The blowers of the Constitutional Flint Glass Works in Brooklyn are on a strike for higher wages. They have been receiving $3.50 per diem. The proprietors refuse peremptorily to comply with their demand.

—Whitworth, the English gun man, has offered to found thirty scholarships of $500 each annually, for the purpose of promoting technical instruction. For this purpose he has invested £100,000 in the English 3 per cents.

—The brig Almon Rowell, from Sagua for New York, lost a deck load of 450 barrels of molasses during a fearful gale on the 7th inst. All vessels arriving in New York report terrifically rough weather on the coast.

—The Brooklyn Academy of Music was gratuitously given for a benefit for Max. Maretzek on Saturday. Mr. M. might with propriety pay off a few of his outstanding debts throughout the country with some of the proceeds.

—An aerial bird to carry passengers and a forty horse power steam engine through the air at a rate of forty miles an hour has been invented by a man from the "Land 'o cakes," and will be tested by the English Æronautic Society.

—Colgate, whose name became familiar to most users of soap, is dead. We believe he was a very respectable man and one highly esteemed, though some men who are neither one nor the other glory in the fact that they are soap boilers.

—Bishop Stevens has so far recovered as to be able to leave Wilkesbarre on his way home. He hopes and expects to be able to officiate again by the first of May. Bishops Lee, Kerfoot and Odenheimer are performing the duties of the Bishop of Pennsylvania during his illness.

—A pair of pelicans six feet high was killed near Glasgow, Mo., last week. Their legs were three feet long, and the Glasgow *Times* is anxious to know how a bird with such immoderately long legs can sit on a nest. We suppose it doubles them up—it is not difficult when one's accustomed to it.

—The statement, made very generally in the papers throughout the country, and copied from the New York *Post*, that "mass has been said in Latin by Protestant Episcopal priests in Trinity Chapel, New York," is said to be utterly false. The statement probably arose from the fact that to many persons pure English, as used by educated men, is perfect Greek or Latin, or anything else that is unintelligible.

—General Joe Hooker and his wife presented the Princess Gwendoline Doria, who was recently married to Count Somaglia, of Milan, with a beautiful and unique bridal present, the following description of which we clip from the New York *Herald:* "A very elegant testimonial of esteem and friendship was offered by Mr. and Mrs. Hooker in the form of a galley full of camelias. At the prow were doves with olive branches in their beaks—the family arms of the Pamfili-Doria family; from the mast-head streamed a flag with the name of Andrew Doria, the historic head of the house. The main-sail bore a portrait of the bride, with the cupola of St. Peters in the background, on one side, and the dome of Milan, her future residence, on the other. Other allegorical allusions of great taste completed the fancy fabric, which was received with evident surprise and admiration by the Prince and his family."

GEN. JOHN C. FREMONT is now in Washington, preparing to advocate before Congress the passage of the bill granting public lands to the Memphis, El Paso and Pacific Railroad Company, of Texas; including a loan of United States bonds to aid in constructing a continuous line of railroad and telegraph from Jefferson, in Texas, to San Diego, in California, by the way of El Paso, with authority to make such railroad connections as reach San Francisco, Guaymas, or Virginia City, to the harbor of Norfolk, Virginia, or any other point on the Atlantic coast, south of Washington city, under the title of the Southern Trans-Continental Railway. This great line, extending through a moderate and tropical region, is destined to complete success, and deserves the support of all progressive men.—*Philadelphia Press.*

AT the last concert at the Tuileries, the Empress wore a plain black robe with wide stripes, and her train was much shorter than usual, or than that of her ladies; in her hair a crescent of gems fastened a black velvet toquet, a kind of nodding port cap, put on very much aside. From her necklet hung a pearl of prodigious size.

DENTISTRY.

$8. ONLY $8.
A FULL SET OF ARTIFICIAL TEETH FOR EIGHT DOLLARS.
FULL UPPER AND LOWER SET FOR $12.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.
NO CHARGE FOR EXTRACTING WHEN ARTIFICIAL TEETH ARE ORDERED.
ALL WORK WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.
LAUGHING GAS FREE OF CHARGE, AT
QUINCY A. SCOTT'S
Steam Dental Establishment,
278 PENN STREET, 3D DOOR ABOVE HAND.
N. B.—As DR. SCOTT is a licensee under the Goodyear Patents, he will not make any "new (bogus) rubber" sets, but will continue to manufacture the genuine article—VULCANITE. mh23:d&T

GAS FIXTURES.
GAS FIXTURES
AND
Chandeliers,
FOR GAS AND OIL.
Just received, the finest and largest assortment ever opened in this city.
WELDON & KELLY,
147 WOOD STREET, COR. VIRGIN ALLEY.
mh24:n22

DRY GOODS.
ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.
WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
AT LOWEST EASTERN PRICES.
ap6:n23

87. MARKET STREET. 87.
SPRING OPENING!
AT
THEODORE F. PHILLIPS',
(Successor to J. M. Burchfield & Co.)
SPRING DRY GOODS.
SPRING DRY GOODS.
SPRING DRY GOODS.
MR. PHILLIPS respectfully announces that the extensive alterations to his
RETAIL DRY GOODS STORE
Are completed, and his establishment is NOW OPEN. He offers an entirely
New Stock of Dry Goods,
For Spring and Summer Wear, at the lowest Eastern Case Prices.
ap3: 87....MARKET STREET....87.

AT DENNISON & HECKERT'S,
27 Fifth Street.
PLAIN LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, 8 cents and upwards.
ALL LINEN HEM-STITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS, for 35 cents and upwards.
WATCH AND WORK BOXES, WRITING DESKS.
HOSIERY, in all grades and at all prices.
MORRISON'S STAR SHIRTS,
AT REDUCED PRICES!
KID GLOVES, CORSETS, HOOP SKIRTS, &c.
ALL OUR GOODS AT LOW PRICES.
fe10

CRACKER BAKERIES.
MARVIN'S PATENT
FRENCH CRACKERS.
FRENCH CRACKERS.
FRENCH CRACKERS.
FRENCH CRACKERS.
FRENCH CRACKERS.
FRENCH CRACKERS.
And every variety of
SUPERIOR CRACKERS.
S. S. MARVIN.
91 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh.
TRY THEM. mh24

ESTABLISHED IN 1840.
SHEPHARD'S
Steam Cracker and Biscuit Factory,
317 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturer and dealer in all kinds of
CONFECTIONERY,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS, NUTS, &c.

HOUSEKEEPERS,
USE THE QUEEN,
QUEEN OF THE WASH-TUB.
A HOUSE CLEANER; A CLOTHES WASHER;
A STAIN REMOVER;
A SPOT ERADICATOR; A COLOR RESTORER;
Cheaper than Soap. Sold in Bottles by all respectable Grocers. Indorsed by the first families of Allegheny county. Manufactured by the
HESS MANUFACTURING CO.,
Office, No. 136 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.

TO GLASS MANUFACTURERS.—The undersigned having secured the sole Agency for the sale of the celebrated
COPLEY POT CLAY.
Are now prepared to furnish it in any quantity to those wishing to procure this superior article. During fifteen years' use of this Clay, we have arrived at such proportions as we believe makes it a better article for pots than any in the market, we having secured an average stand of SIX, EIGHT and TEN MONTHS. We will furnish receipes for the proportion of the mixture of this Clay to persons purchasing. The Clay is ground and moulded in lumps for delivery.
DITHRIDGE & SON,
Port Pitt Glass Works,
Washington Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

TRIMMINGS AND NOTIONS.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
19 FIFTH STREET,
Have just opened all shades of
BULLION AND RISTORI FRINGES.
BUGLE GIMPS AED FRINGES,
At very low prices. ap11

MACRUM & CARLISLE,
19 Fifth Street,
Now offer the most elegant line of
HAMBURGS
Ever opened in Pittsburgh, to which they especially invite the attention of their customers. The designs are nearly all new and original, and about ONE-FIFTH LESS THAN REGULAR PRICES.
ap11

AT EATON'S,
No. 17 Fifth Street.
New Parasols,
Straw Goods,
And Flowers,
JUST OPENED.
ap9

PERFECT FITTING
KID GLOVES.
"A. C. C."—"H. S. K."
We invite attention to our
KID GLOVE DEPARTMENT,
Which is now complete with every color and shade. In addition to our own special importation of the
Celebrated A. C. C. (Jouvin) KIDS,
We have secured the exclusive sale of the
"Harris Seamless Kids,"
The best Glove and most perfect fit.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
ap11 19 FIFTH STREET.

NEW STORE! NEW STORE!
ROSENBAUM, STEINHART & CO'S
PHILADELPHIA EMPORIUM,
76 Market Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
The undersigned respectfully inform the public that they have received their entirely new stock of goods, consisting of
Millinery and Straw Goods,
Ribbons, Laces,
Artificial Flowers,
Embroideries, White Goods,
Hosiery and Gloves,
Corsets and Skirts,
Fancy Goods, &c.,
To which they invite the attention of purchasers,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
One of our firm giving his entire attention to the purchasing of goods at the Eastern Markets, and having had long experience and all the facilities for procuring goods at the very lowest prices, we are enabled to offer great inducements.
Constantly receiving New Goods from the New York and Philadelphia auctions.
A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.
ROSENBAUM, STEINHART & CO.,
No. 76 MARKET STREET.
mh24:n20

GRAND OPENING!
OF
SPRING GOODS.
Barred Organdies.
Barred and Striped Nainsook;
Victoria Lawns.
Soft Finish Cambric.
ALSO, A LARGE LOT OF
SOILED WHITE GOODS,
Which we are selling at a great sacrifice.
GOOD IRISH LINENS at 37 cents. SOILED KID GLOVES at 50 cents. SYSTEME ALEXANDRE KIDS for $1. GENUINE ALEXANDRE KIDS for $1.85. Our assortment of HOSIERY cannot be beat. HOOP SKIRTS at 75 cents. The new and beautiful SENSATION TIE, just received. 200 doz. FRENCH CORSETS just received. A complete line of MAGENTA, LUCRETIA and ELVIRA CORSETS. Also, a line of MISSES' CORSETS. RISTORI FRINGES, all colors. BULLION FRINGES, all colors. BUGLE TRIMMINGS, a fine assment. A fine lot of BUTTONS.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,
78 and 80 Market Street.
mh21:d16

PIANOS, ORGANS, &C.
BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PIANO AND ORGAN.
Schomacker's Gold Medal Piano,
AND ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN.
The SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium wherever exhibited. Its tone is full, sonorous and sweet. The workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpass all others. Prices from $50 to $150, (according to style and finish,) cheaper than all other so-called first class Piano.
ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN
Stands at the head of all reed instruments, in producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any similar instrument in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.
CARPENTER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from $100 to $350. All guaranteed for five years.
BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,
mh9 No. 12 ST. CLAIR STREET.

SECOND HAND
MELODEONS AND ORGANS,
In perfect order, from $35 to $130.
CHARLOTTE BLUME,
mh12 42 Fifth st., 2d door above Wood.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.
JULIAN ALLEN,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
LEAF TOBACCO AND SEGARS,
No. 8 SIXTH STREET, (National Bank of Commerce Building,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Branch of 172 Water street, N. Y.
ap4:n77 DANIEL F. DINAN.

EXCELSIOR WORKS.
R. & W. JENKINSON,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes, &c.,
No 6 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
jy8:n88

GAS AND STEAM FITTING.
F. L. ATWOOD....BENSON JONES.....J. M'CAFFREY.
ATWOOD & McCAFFREY,
BRASS FOUNDERS,
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
Cor. of Third and Liberty Streets,
Above Carroll & Snyder's, Pittsburgh, Pa.
LIGHT AND HEAVY CASTINGS furnished promptly to order.
Special attention paid to the fitting out and repairing of Oil Refineries, Steamboats, Rolling Mills, &c.
AGENTS FOR A. S. CAMERON & CO.'S
Steam Pumps and Blower Engines.
These Pumps have superior advantages over all others, and every one is warranted to give satisfaction. PUMPS constantly on hand. fe25:u10

JOHN M. COOPER.....JOS. KAYE.....HENRY IMER.
JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,
BRASS FOUNDERS,
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
Manufacturers of PUMPS AND BRASS WORK, of every description; dealers in GAS FIXTURES AND TUBING, of all kinds.
Corner of Pike and Walnut Streets,
PITTSBURGH.
my15:z30

LITHOGRAPHERS.
BENJAMIN SINGERLY.....PHILIP CLEIS.
SINGERLY & CLEIS, Successors to GEO. F. SCHUCHMAN & CO.,
PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS.
The only Steam Lithographic Establishment West of the Mountains. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c., Nos. 72 and 74 Third street, Pittsburgh.

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LITHOGRAPHER,
NO. 30 FOURTH STREET, APOLLO BUILDING.
CHECKS, DRAFTS, NOTES, BILL and LETTER HEADS, &c., done in all styles. ap16:x56

ARCHITECTS.
BARR & MOSER,
ARCHITECTS,
FRUIT HOUSE ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, Nos. 2 and 4 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Special attention given to the designing and building of COURT HOUSES and PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT OF
PENNSYLVANIA.
HARRISBURG, DEC. 18, 1867.
NOTICE TO THE HOLDERS
OF THE
LOANS
OF THE
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
DUE JULY 1ST, 1868.
THE FOLLOWING LOANS
Due July 1st, 1868,
WILL BE REDEEMED, WITH INTEREST, TO DATE OF PAYMENT, ON THE PRESENTATION AT THE
FARMERS' & MECHANICS'
NATIONAL BANK,
OF
PHILADELPHIA, VIZ:
Loan of March 27th, 1839, due July 1st 1868.
Loan of July 19th, 1839, due July 1st, 1868.
INTEREST ON THE ABOVE LOANS WILL CEASE ON THE 1ST OF JULY, 1868.
FRANCIS JORDAN, Sec'y State.
JOHN F. HARTRANT, Aud. Gen.
W. H. KEMBLE, State Treas'r.
Commissioners of Sinking Fund.

LOCUST STREET.
Notice is hereby given that the Viewers' Report in the matter of opening LOCUST STREET, Allegheny, has been filed in the District Court, at No. 339, April Term, 1868, and will be confirmed unless exceptions are filed in proper time.
JOHN C. McCOMBS,
ap17:o30 City Attorney.

WHITE LEAD AND COLO
ALL OF THE MANUFACTU
OF THE
PITTSBURGH WHITE LE
AND
COLOR WORKS.
INCLUDING
STRICTLY PURE WHITE LE
ZINC PAINTS,
Chrome Green,
Verditer Green,
Versailles Green,
Chrome Yellov
Vermilli
And every variety of Colors, dry an ground i for sale by
HARRIS & EWIN
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
Corner of Liberty and Wayne Stre
PITTSBURGH, PA.

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,
PITTSBURGH
White Lead and Color Wor
MANUFACTURERS OF
WHITE AND RED LEAD;
ZINC, PUTTY, BLUE LEAD;
McCOY'S VERDITER GRI
And all colors, dry or in oil.
OFFICE, No. 67 FOURTH STREE
Factory, Nos. 450, 452, 454, 456 and Rebecca Street, and 49, 51 and 53 Lacock St Allegheny.

COAL AND COKE.
BEST FAMILY COAL
ALWAYS ON HAND
And Delivered Promptly to Order
AT LOWEST MARKET RATES, BY
OSCAR F. LAMM & C
Corner Sandusky Street and P. Ft. W. & C. R
ALLEGHENY CITY,
ANTHRACITE COAL FURNISHED AT LOWEST RATES.
COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!
DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,
Having removed their Office to
NO. 567 LIBERTY STREE
(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND ELOOR
Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOG NY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lo morket price.
All orders left at their office, or addresse them through the mail, will be attended to prom my25:b25
CHARLES H. ARMSTRONG,
DEALER IN
YOUGHIOGLENY AND CONNELLSVILLE C
And Manufacturers of
COAL, SLACK AND DESULPHURIZED CO
Office and Yard—CORNER OF BUTLER MORTON STREETS. First yard on Liberty Clymer streets, Ninth Ward, and on Second st near Lock No. 1, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Families and Manufacturers supplied with best article of Coal or Coke at the lowest cash r
Orders left at any of their offices will rec prompt attention.
ARMSTRONG & HUTCHINS
Successors to
PHILADELPHIA AND YOUGHIOGHENY COAL C
MINERS, SHIPPERS AND DEALERS, BY RA ROAD AND RIVER, of superior Youghiogh
GAS AND FAMILY COAL
Office and Yard—FOOT OF TRY STREET, the Gas Works.
SUPERIOR COAL.
C. CHERRY & CO.,
Miners and Shippers of PITTSBURGH GAS, TO and FAMILY COAL, NUT COAL and SLACK.
Coal delivered promptly to all parts of the c at the lowest market rates.
Office and Yard—CORNER FOURTH AND W SON (formerly Canal) STREETS, Pittsburgh.
P. O. BOH 1292. oc

MERCHANT TAILORS.
P. McARDLE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 93½ SMITHFIELD STREET, PITTSBUR
Keeps constantly on hand a fine assortment o
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTING
Also, GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS. GEN CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER, the latest style
NOW READY.
For the Spring Season,
With a large and complete stock of
BOYS', YOUTHS' AND CHILDREN'S
CLOTHING.
All the new and leading styles, to be found at
No. 47 ST. CLAIR STREET.
GRAY & LOGAN

CONFECTIONERIES.
HENRY W. HORBACH,
Confectionery and Bakery,
No. 300 SMITHFIELD STERET,
Between Seventh and Liberty
SALOON attached.
GEORGE BEAVEN,
Candy Manufacturer,
And dealer in FOREIGN & AMERICAN FRUIT PICKLES, NUTS &c.,
No. 113 Federal Street,
Second door from the first National Bank, All gheny City.

CARPENTERS & BUILDERS
WILLIAM J. DICK,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
No. 33 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, oppos High street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Residence, No. 14 Grant street.
Jobbing done with neatness and dispatch. A orders promptly attended to, and satisfaction wa ranted. au2:e47:MWF

STEAM
CARPET BEATING
ESTABLISHMENT.
Which TEN YEARS' TRIAL in New York and ot er Eastern cities has proved a complete success.
ITS ADVANTAGES:
1st—Fading and Shrinkage are completely avoi ed.
2d—No ripping apart necessary.
3d—When freed from dust, moths or their larva the Carpet looks nearly as good as new, save th natural fading from wear.
4th—When perfectly clean, a Carpet will wear s long again, a desirable matter as a mere point economy, to say nothing of looks.
ALL ORDERS LEFT AT THE OFFICE,
No. 179 Liberty Street,
Or addressed to P. O. Box 473, will receive promp attention.
GEO. L. McCLINTOCK,
mh10: PROPRIETOR.

ancial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 138¼@138¾.

elegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, April 18, 1868.

MONEY AND GOLD.

ney market very much easier to-day, here is an improved tone in financial ess circles generally. Many banks t heavy receipts of currency from the ior, and there is a growing belief that iances for money panic are past, and here must be steady return to use this time out. The brokers and mer s have passed through a severe or- and the fact that no failures of any quence have occurred is strong evi- of the conservative position of the unity generally. Call Loans were cent. early in the day, but after 2 P. ere were transactions at 5@6 per cent. e paper ranges 7@9 per cent. The ury balance is $104,754,879 against 51,423 yesterday. Mr. Van Dyke ot sell any gold to-day, and bought $200,000 seven-thirties. rling firm at 9¾@10¼. Gold market and firm at 38½@38¾ all day, with at bulk of business at 38¾. Loans made to-day at 7 per cent. for carry- nd were afterwards flat, but late in ay 1-32 to 3-64 was paid for the use of closing at 38⅛a38⅜. Exports, 000; for the week, $1,627,249. Govern- s a trifle higher under steady invest- and closing active. Henry Clews & rnish the annexed 4:30 prices: Cou- 1881, 112¼a112½; do 1862, 111¼a111¼; 4, 109¾a109½; do 1865, 109¾a110; do 109¾a109¾; do 1867, 108a108¼; ten- s, 102a102¼; seven-thirties, 106⅛a There were free sales of 1867 five- y and ten-forty bonds by Govern- brokers supposed to be for account of reasury Department.

BANK STATEMENT.

Bank Statement is more favorable was expected. Loans, $254,820,986; se, $1,884,261; specie, $16,776,642; in- , $433,492; circulation, $34,218,581; in- , $24,309; deposits, $181,832,533; in- , $1,980,643; legal tenders, $50,833,660; ase, $1,148,949.

RAILWAY SHARES.

lway speculation rather tame at the ng and lower prices made, but this oon succeeded by an active demand l leading shares and a sharp advance to 2@3c in most cases. New York ul sold up to 114¼ and Erie 68¼, and stern stocks were up in about the ratio. After Meridian New York ul fell to 113½ and Erie to 57. Subse- ly the market fell a little more off, t the close prices were pretty steady. Erie bill, as passed by the Senate, is much modified, and compels the realized from the late sale of stock expended only on the road from New to Chicago, which shuts out Hartford rie. Pacific Mail very active and was p by the bull clique for the purpose ing. Express shares all stronger.

5:30 the prices were: Canton 46a47; Express 27¾a28¼; American 60a61; s 60a60½; United States 61a64; Mer- Union 32½a33; Quicksilver 27; Ma- preferred 9; Pacific Mail 91¾a91¾; ic 26; Western Union Telegraph 63¼; New York Central 112⅞a113; 67¼a67; do preferred 70; Hudson 126a arlem 105; Reading 87a87¼; Ohio ates 30¾a30¾; Wabash 48; St. Paul 0¼; do preferred 72½; Michigan Cen- 5; Michigan Southern 87¼a87¼; Illi- Central 141¼; Pittsburgh 87½a87¾; 102¼a102½; Rock Island 88¾a89; Western 61a62; do preferred 72a72½; ayne 101¼a101½; Hartford and Erie Columbus 106¾; Missouri's 87; New ssee 66¼.

MINING SHARES

ull.

SUB-TREASURY.

ipts for week, $13,397,798; payments, 954.

IMPORTS

e week; dry goods $1,261,409; general andise $3,399,049.

HAVRE COTTON MARKET.

ree o'clock this P. M., Saturday, the gent of the Associated Press in New sent a cable telegram to Europe ask r the Havre Cotton market. At six the following answer was received: *vre, April* 18.—Cotton—Stock in port nd market firm; sales to-day on the f 147 francs and 55 centimes per cwt *es ordinaire* on the spot. There is a speculative demand and prices, to , are firm at 142 francs 50 centimes."

Cincinnati Market.

egraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

INNATI, April 18.—Flour firm and mand; fair family at $10,75@11. t scarce and firm; No. 1 red at $1,60@ holders asking latter rate at close. nd oats steady. Rye has advanced d in demand at $2,05; this advance is to the light supply. Barley firmer n demand at $2,60@2,70 for choice and fall. Tobacco in demand; sales, gsheads and 63 boxes lugs at $4,25@ leaf at $12,80@31,60. Cotton held irmly; 30c mostly asked, but no sales 9¼ for muddlings. Provisions held firmly under news from Liverpool, urchases of no article could have been this afternoon upon as easy terms as ould have been yesterday; mess pork have been sold at $26,50, but was held 75@27; bulk meats are held at 12@ bacon 13, 16 and 17c forced; of Bacon Sides were made last even- 15¼@16¼c for clear rib and clear. in active demand at 17¼c, but holders rew from the market, asking 17¼@ Sugar cured Hams quiet at 19@20c. r scarce and in demand at 46@50c. advanced to 19c; supply light. Sugar offee unchanged. Apples very scarce dvanced to $5,50@7,50 per bbl. Flax declined to $2,30@2,35. Linseed Oil t $1,14. There is no demand for Clo- Timothy. Potatoes steady at $3,25@ er bbl. Gold $138¼ buying. Money et remains quiet at 9@10 per cent.

Chicago Market.

legraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CAGO, April 18.—Flour firm; sales of extras at $9,65@10,75. Wheat fairly and 1@2c lower; sales of No 1 at $2,14 , and No 2 at $2,02@2,05; closing quiet 02¼ for No 2. Corn is in active ship- and speculative demand, and 2½c r; sales of No 1 at 86@87¼c; No 2 at 1½c; new at 83½@84c, and rejected at 2½c; closing steady at outside prices. s in active demand at 2c higher at 61¾c for regular, and 62@62½c for receipts Nos 1 and 2, closing quiet at for regular. Rye firm and 2a3c high- les at $1,75a1,80 for regular and strict- sh receipts of No 1 in store. Barley y and firm; sales of No 2 in store at @2,35. Mess pork more active and r; sales at $26,25@26,50; principally at price. Lard is more active; sales at 17c. Sweet pickled hams steady at Bulk meats inactive and nominal. ipts—6,211 bbls flour, 12,560 bush t, 18,257 bush corn, 11,400 bush oats. nents—17,564 bbls flour, 3782 bush t, 171,572 bush corn, 12,336 bush oats, hts firm and steady, at 6½c for oats. r corn and 11c for wheat to Buffalo.

New York Dry Goods Market.

legraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

W YORK, April 18.—The dry goods is inactive, but prices in the mean- are without any quotable change. Ap- n heavy brown Sheetings 19c; Indian , 19c; Pacific X, Stark A, Amoskeag aurel D, and Laconia H, are selling at ; Swift River, 14c; White Rock Paper brics, 12½c; Slater & Sons do., 13½c; igh colors, 1¼c; Lancaster Ginghams, Manchester do., 12½c; Earlston fine do., Pacific Alpacas, 26c; do. Armures, 20c; belaines, 18c; American Prints, 14½c; monds, 14c; do. Chintz and Amoskeag, Lowell, 12½c; Wamsutta, 10½c. Coats cotton thread has risen to $1,10 per n.

Cleveland Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, April 18.—Flour in light demand and market steady and unchanged, and held as follows: Double extra spring at $10@10,50, double extra red winter at $11,50 @13,50, double extra white at $13@14,50. Wheat dull but firm, at $2,55 for No. 1 red winter, $2,38@2,40 for No. 2 do., $2,35 for No. 1 spring. Corn dull but held firmer; No. 1 shelled from store at 96½c asked and 96c offered. Oats less firm; round lots offered at 74c for No. 1 State in elevator. Rye —no sales. Barley nominal. Petroleum firm and steady, at 21@22c for bonded, 31@ 33c for free oil; the demand is fair.

Buffalo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gte.

BUFFALO, April 18.—Flour in fair demand; white Illinois $13 to arrive; white Kentucky $13,50. Wheat firm and scarce, with sales of 500 bus Minnesota spring at $2,28, and 1 car No. 1 Milwaukee Club at $2,36. Corn dull and scarce, with sales of 3 cars new on track at $1,06, an extreme price, and 300 bus old at $1,08 in store. Oats quiet, with sales of 700 bus western at 76c in store. Seeds dull and lower, with holders asking $2,30@2,40 for Timothy, $6 for Clover, and $2,50 for Flax. Other articles unchanged.

Toledo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOLEDO, April 18.—Flour—receipts 2,100 bbls; firmer, but quiet. Wheat—receipts 2,100 bus; 3c better; sales amber at $2,64a 2,65; No. 2 spring, $2,12. Corn—receipts 10,428 bus; advanced 2c, and closed with ½c of advance; last sales No. 1 at 92a93c; to buyers this month, 93c; to buyers May, 93c. Oats—receipts 1,200 bus; firmer and better; sales Michigan at 68a68½c. Rye better; sales at $1,76. Seeds dull and drooping.

San Francisco Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, April 18.—Mining shares irregular; Crown Point, 2550; Ophyr, 200; Cholar, 260; Yellow Jacket, 1415; Belcher, 350; Gould Curry, 550; Alpha, 85; Kentuck, 450; Bullion, 65; Overman, 160; Imperial, 240; Amador, 287; Savage, 158; Exchequer, 50; Bryan, 45; Empire Mill, 290. Flour—extra, $7,87; superfine, $7,12. Wheat is in good shipping demand. Legal Tenders, 72.

Milwaukee Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MILWAUKEE, April. 18.—Flour quiet at $9,75, for best Spring extra. Wheat dull and slightly lower; sales at $2,11½ for No. 1 winter. Oats 1c better at 60 for No. 2. Corn scarce and firm at 84. Provisions quiet at $18 for Mess Beef. Receipts—2,800 barrels Flour; 15,000 bushels Wheat. Shipments—9,000 barrels Flour; 88,000 bushels Wheat.

Memphis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, April 18.—Cotton; receipts, 250 bales; exports, 277 bales. Flour dull; superfine $8,00a8,50. Pork $28. Bacon; Shoulders 14c, clear Sides 18c. Bulk Shoulders 13c, clear Sides 16½c. Lard 18a19c. Corn $1. Oats 80a85c. Hay $17a18. Bran $36. Corn Meal $4,30a4,60. Butter 55c. Eggs 20c.

Philadelphia Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, April 10.– Clover seed dull at $5a6. Flour quiet and steady. Wheat steady and in demand; red at $2,85a2,90; Kentucky white at $3,22a3,25. Rye $1,95. Corn steady; yellow at $1,24a1,25; mixed western at $1,22a1,25. Oats steady at 88a92.

Baltimore Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, April 18.—Flour in good demand and unchanged. Wheat firm; Maryland red, $3,00a3,10. Corn steady; white, 1,10a1,13; yellow, $1,20. Rye firm at $2,00. Provisions quiet and firm at previous quotations.

RIVER NEWS.

Both rivers continue to recede steadily at this point, with eight feet six inches in the Monongahela, and nine feet four inches in the Allegheny. The weather yesterday was cloudy but pleasant.

The J. N. McCullough, from Parkersburg, with a tow of empty barges, arrived, as did also the Echo, from Oil City. The Echo will leave to-morrow at four p. m.

The following towboats have left since the date of our last report: V. F. Wilson, with 120,000 bushels; N. J. Bigley, with 80,000; Leopard, 100,000; Coal Valley, 100,000; and O. H. Ormsby.

The Importer departed for St. Louis and Fort Benton on Saturday with an excellent trip, having about all the freight she could take, and a large number of passengers. The great proportion of her freight is for St. Louis, and this being the case she will reload there for Fort Benton.

The Silver Lake departed on Sunday morning for the same points, and she, too, had a very fair trip. Both of these boats are connected with the "Rees Line," and are well adapted for the long and rather perilous voyage they have undertaken.

The Grey Eagle arrived and departed for Parkersburg, and the Ida Rees No. 2 cleared for Oil City.

The Alice V. arrived from St. Louis on Friday night with a big trip, consisting mainly of iron ore. This boat was one time called the Great Western, and some years since plyed between Cincinnati and New Orleans.

The R. C. Gray departed for Cincinnati and Louisville on Saturday with a fair trip, and she doubtless has engagements below.

The Wild Duck and barges left Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Saturday.

As will be seen by card, the St. Mary's, Capt. T. C. Sweeney, is the regular packet for Cincinnati to-day, leaving promptly at 5 p. m. This elegant and commodious side-wheeler has been placed in the Pittsburgh and Cincinnati packet trade in connection with the St. Charles, and we hope she will receive, as she deserves, a good trip. She will make close connection with the various railroads at Cincinnati, as well steamers going in almost every direction, and, besides, way business will receive special attention. It is of the utmost importance to Pittsburgh to have a line of boats to Cincinnati, as they will bring a great deal of trade here which, otherwise, will be diverted to other points.

The Maggie Hays, Capt. B. C. Martin, is filling up steadily, and will be the first boat out for the Upper Mississippi.

The Bellevernon, Capt. J. J. Darragh, will take her departure for St. Louis tomorrow, and passengers and shippers should bear this in mind. The Mary Davage barges are also announced for St. Louis forthwith.

The Kate Robinson left Louisville for Pittsburgh on Thursday, and the Argosy left Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Friday.

The Argosy did not leave Cincinnati as announced on Friday, having delayed her departure until Saturday. The Kate Robinson was also advertised to leave for Pittsburgh on Saturday.

A St. Louis telegram, under date of Friday, says: The Republic arrived last night being five days and one and a half hours out from New Orleans. The Silver Cloud, for Pittsburgh, with a full cargo departed; also Shamrock for Cincinnati, with a full cargo.

The Lexington, which was reported blown to pieces at Vicksburg, Tuesday night, by a high wind, was insured in Cincinnati offices as follows: Enterprise, $5000; Central, $2,500; Magnolia, $2,500; Union, $1,500. Total, $11,500. She was also reported insured for $5,000 in the Phœnix of Brooklyn. She was formerly the Victoria, built at Pittsburgh in 1858, and cost $35,000.

An Evansville telegram says: While taking corn at McAllister's opposite Newburg, the violent wind blew the sparks from a log heap on the shore into a pile of 55 bales of hay on the forecastle of the Belle Lee, setting it on fire. By the prompt action of Capt. McGill and his crew the hay was thrown overboard without any damage to the boat, except the loss of the hay and three tarpaulins with which it was covered. The charred hay floated down after the Lee arrived. It was a narrow escape, as several hundred bales were lying within twenty feet of that on fire. The Morning Star arrived late. There is much New Orleans freight awaiting shipment here, and at points above and below.

A Cairo telegram, under date of Thursday, says: The Armenia has 490 hides, 87 boxes ink, for Cincinnati; 260 tons ore for Steubenville, and a lot of way freight; 120 tons metal, 500 barrels sand and bone dust, 150 sacks grain and a lot of sundries, for Pittsburgh. The Great Republic and Pauline Carroll, New Orleans to St. Louis; Bismark, St. Louis to New Orleans; Sam Brown, St. Louis to return; Belle St. Louis, St. Louis to Memphis, passed to-day.

We find the following in regard to the sinking of the Carrie in our St. Louis exchanges: Dispatches from Sioux City announce the sinking of the stern-wheel steamer Carrie, in the Missouri, at Blackbird Hills, fifty miles below Sioux City, in nine feet water forward and eleven feet aft, and that she will prove a total loss. She was bound hence to Fort Benton, in the Kountz line, having on board 208 tons government freight, which is probably totally destroyed. She was owned by W. J. Kountz and H. K. Hazlett, each one-half. The former's interest is insured in Pittsburgh for $7,000. The Carrie was built October, 1863, at Pittsburgh, for Messrs. Hazlett, Weaver and Moore, and cost $30,000. D. M. Bradey was her commander from first to last.

RECENT STEAMBOAT TRANSFERS AT ST. LOUIS.—John P. and C. W. Keiser sell to David L. Keiser and Charles A. Faris—to the former one-fourth, the latter one-eighth of the steamer G. B. Allen, on March 24th. Price, $15,000.

March 30—Dan. Able and Memphis and Arkansas River Packet Company sell to H. H. Symmes steamer Guidon, for $10,000.

April 3—Silas Haigin and Bart. Able sell eighteen-twenty-fourths of steamer Countess to Warner L. Clark, of Davenport, Iowa, for $7,500.

March 18—A. H. Shaw sells his one-half of the Minnie to John S. Doyle and John L. Openlander for $8,000.

March 12—H. G. Carson sells one-eighth steamer Virginia to John P. Fitzgerald for $5000.

March 26.—George M. Hazlett sells his one-eighth of the Rubicon to Edwin C. Hazlett for $4000.

Rivers and Weather.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, April 18.—The river is at a stand, with sixteen feet nine inches in the canal. The weather is clear and cool.

ST. LOUIS, April 18.—The weather is clear and cold.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, April 18.—153 hides, D Chestnut; 1000 pigs lead, Fahnestock & Co; 248 do do, B L Fahnestock & Co; 1 car middlings, H Rea Jr; 200 bbls flour, J B Doe; 200 do do, Seghmyer & Voskamp; 1 car millfeed, J C Guthrie; 1 do do, P Schott; 1 car oats, Baker & Patterson; 115 slabs speltre, J D Gray; 2 bbls oil, 2 do spirits, H W Beaumont; 138 bgs oats, S B Floyd & Co; 100 bbls flour, owner; 13 cars metal, Nimick & Co; 5 do do, Bryan & Caughey; 1 do do, Robinson Rea & Co; 5 kgs molasses, Graff & Reiter, 1 car rye, J S Finch; 20 bxs candles, B C & J H Sawyer; 5 hhds tobacco, J Grazier; 51 bales hay, H M Henderson; 49 bbls grease, 4 pkgs tallow, F Sellers & Co; 1 pkg tobacco, Little, Baird & Patton; 200 bbls flour, H Knox; 2 cars malt, Spencer & McKay; 25 bxs cheese, Shomaker & Lang; 10 do do, McKay & Bro; 13 pkgs tobacco, E McGraw; 10 bxs cheese, J S Dilworth & Co; 2 cars iron ore, Graff, Bennett & Co; 50 bbls flour, S Lindsay Jr & Co; 6 sks rags, Means & Coffin; 3 kgs apple butter, H Riddle; 92 sks oats, 29 do rye, Robb & Herron; 10 sks rags Markle & Co; 4 bales wool, W Barker Jr & Co; 10 bbls flour, J Shepard.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, April 18.—10 do candles, H Gerwig & Co; 1 bbl eggs, J Herbert; 16 bags rye, J & W Fairley; 1 car potatoes, 11 bxs cheese, Vangorder & Shepard; 50 sks oats, Hitchcock, McCreery & Co; 1 car metal, Union Iron Mills; 1 do do, Zug & Co; 1 do do, Atlas Works; 5 bxs cheese, W H Graff; 7 do do, Shomaker & Lang; 25 sks scraps, A Hoveler & Co; 6 bbls eggs, Atwell, Lee & Co; 12 bdls chairs, Hammer & Dauler; 121 do do, Bedford Chair Co; 50 bbls oil, Wm McCutcheon; 11 cars ore, Shoenberger & Blair; 1 do do, Bryan & Caughey; 59 bbls potatoes, 49 sks do, 20 bbls dry apples, Voight, Mahood & Co; 10 bxs cheese, S Cooper; 5 kgs tobacco, J Fullerton; 6 pkgs dry apples, W H Kirkpatrick & Co.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, April April 18.—240 bbls oil, Jas Wilkins; 80 do do, O B Jones; 240 do do, Lockhart, Frew & Co; 90 carboys acid, Pitts Acid Works; 2 cars pig iron, H Woodsides; 6 do railroad iron, Pitts, Ft & C R R; 1 car salt, T Mitchell; 2 do metal, McKnight, Porter & Co; 2 do stone, Forrester & McGraw; 22 sks rye, H Rea; 1 bbl eggs, 1 bx onions, Knox & Orr; 2 cars marketing, owner.

ALLEGHENY STATION, April 18.—10 bbls flour, Stewart & Langenheim; 10 bxs soap, A Danner; 15 sks scraps, E Presser & Co; 7 bgs rye, Fred Owens; 1 car bran, Voeghtly & Kopp; 10 bbls flour, R Knox & Son; 34 jugs molasses, McKnight & Smith; 10 bxs cheese, Hahn & Hadley; 10 do do, J O'Hanlon; 5 bags cornmeal, Lacock & McElwaine; 4 do do, Kohen & Bro.

PITTSBURGH COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD, April 18.—1 half bbl butter, 5 bbls eggs, W H Graff & Co; 20 sks oats, W H Hagan; 130 hf bbls fish, Knox & Orr; 4 bbls eggs, F G Craighead; 1 bx bacon, J J Pettit; 2 bbls eggs, M W Rankin; 100 sks flour, Hepley & Miller; 10 bbls do, T C Jenkins; 16 sks oats, McHenry & Hood; 10 do do, Robb & Herron.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD, April 17.—478 sks rye, W J Meek; 3 rolls leather, C Kellen; 12 sks rags, Markle & Co; 5 bbls vinegar, McMasters & Osborne; 4 bxs axes, McBane & Anjer.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD, April 17.—6 sks flaxseed, J W Thursby; 3 sks wheat, W McKee & Co; 3 sks rags, J Long; 59 bdls paper, Markle & Co.

MISCELLANEUS.

G.

THE GREAT

ARABIAN PHYSICIAN

A.

TREATS DISEASES IN ALL ITS FORMS.

P.

Office, No. 293 Liberty Street.

☞ PRIVATE ENTRANCE ON GARRISON ALLEY. mh26:n41

H. B. LYON,
Sealer of Weights and Measures,
No. 5 FOURTH STREET,
(Between Liberty and Ferry streets.
Orders promptly attended to. ap13:z2

WHITE LIME.

250 BARRELS WHITE LIME,

Warranted equal to any in market, in store and sale by
HUGH KNOX,
mh13:m48 No. 383 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

STEAMBOATS.

PITTSBURGH,
WHEELING,
Marietta and Parkersburg Line.

Leave Company's Wharfboat, foot of Wood street, DAILY, at 12 M.

MONDAYS AND THURSDAYS.
J. N. McCULLOUGH..... GEO. D. MOORE, Master.
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
BAYARD..... A. S. SHEPHERD, Master.
WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS.
GREY EAGLE.....C. L. BRENNAN, Master.

Freight will be received at all hours by
ap6 JAMES COLLINS, Agent.

CINCINNATI PACKET.
—FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA, PARKERSBURG, POMEROY, GALLIPOLIS, BIG SANDY, IRONTON, PORTSMOUTH, MAYSVILLE AND CINCINNATI.—The elegant side-wheel passenger steamer ST. CHARLES, C. A. DRAVO, Commander; A. ROBINSON, Jr., Clerk,
LEAVES EVERY FRIDAY, at 12 M.,
Connecting at Cincinnati with Packets and Railroads to Louisville, Nashville, Memphis, New Orleans and St. Louis. Also to the Upper Mississippi and Missouri rivers.
Freight or passengers receipted through either by rail or river.
Especial attention given to Orders and Way Business.
CHAS. BARNES,
JAS. COLLINS,
Or, GHRIEST & HASLETT,
my28 Agents.

ALLEGHENY RIVER
PACKET LINE leaves every
TUESDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY,
At 3 o'clock P. M., from the foot of Irwin street.
This line is composed of the following boats:
IDA REES No. 2, R. REES, Master, W. F. STEWART, Clerk.
ECHO No. 3, E. GORDON, Master, A. D. RUSSELL, Clerk.
The above Boats were built expressly for the trade, have superior accommodations and attentive officers. mh24

EXPRESS LINE.—FOR
ST. PUAL, MINNEAPOLIS, REED LANDING, LA CROSSE, GALENA, DUBUQUE, ROCK ISLAND, DAVENPORT AND BURLINGTON.
THIS DAY—10 A. M.
The splendid passenger steamer MAGGIE HAYS, R. C. MARTIN, Commander, J. F. DRAVO, Clerk, will leave for above and all intermediate points as announced.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
ap14 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR EVANSVILLE,
CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.
THIS DAY, APRIL 18th.
The fine steamer BELLEVERNON, Captain J. J. DARRAGH, will leave as above announced, and will receipt freight through to St. Paul on the Upper Mississippi, in connection with the "Northern Line Packet Company.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
ap14 GHRIEST & HASLETT, Agents.

FOR CINCINNATI AND
LOUISVILLE.
THIS DAY—4 P. M.
The A No. 1 Freight steamer R. C. GRAY, W. B. ANDERSON, Commander, will leave as announced above. The R. C. Gray will give through receipts for Memphis and New Orleans.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD,
Or, GHRIEST & HASLETT,
ap11 Agents.

REGULAR WEDNESDAY PACKET FOR CINCINNATI.—The fine steamer
ARGOSY.....Capt. VANDERGRIFT,
W. H. Scull, Clerk, leaves Pittsburgh for Cincinnati every WEDNESDAY at noon.
C. BARNES,
JAS. COLLINS, } Agents.
mh21 JOHN FLACK. }

FOR ST. LOUIS.
TUESDAY, 21st inst.—4 P. M.
The steamer MARY DAVAGE AND BARGES, Capt. H. CAMPBELL, will leave as above announced.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
ap17 CHAS. BARNES, Agent.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

M. STEELE.....J. A. STEELE.

M. STEELE & SON,
Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c.
No. 95 OHIO STREET near East Common,
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JAMES B. MEANOR.....JOS. HARPER

MEANOR & HARPER,
FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
329 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH.
Consignments solicited.
REFERENCES—J. G. Martin, Cashier Mechanics' National Bank; J. S. Dilworth & Co., R. T. Kennedy & Bro. ja31:l24

PETER KEIL.....JAS. F. RICHARD.

KEIL & RICHART,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, MILL FEED, &c., &c.,
349 Liberty St., Pittsburgh.
my24:b57

L. J. BLANCHARD,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers,
No. 396 PENN STREET.
ap18:x89

ALEX. M'BANE.....J. B. ANJER.

McBANE & ANJER,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN and PRODUCE GENERALLY, No. 141 WATER STREET, above Smithfield, Pittsburgh. je5

FETZER & ARMSTRONG,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
For the sale of Flour, Grain, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Seeds, Dried Fruit, and Produce generally, No. 16 MARKET STREET, corner of First, Pittsburgh. fe22:n8

SHOMAKER & LANG, Wholesale dealers in Groceries, Flour, Grain, Produce, Provisions, Fish, Cheese, Salt, Carbon Oil, &c., Nos. 172 and 174 WOOD STREET, near Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. nos:n55

JOHN I. HOUSE.....EDW. HOUSE.....WM. H. HOUSE.

JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

H. RIDDLE, No. 183 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa., Commission Merchant and Wholesale Dealer in Country Produce, Groceries and Pittsburgh Manufactures. Cash advanced on Consignments, and paid for Produce generally. au21

ROBT. KNOX.....ANDREW KNOX

R. KNOX & SON, COMMISSION MERCHANTS and dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN, MILL FEED and PRODUCE GENERALLY, No. 79 DIAMOND, opposite City Hall, Allegheny City ja17:r37

DAV. CRAWFORD, COMMISSION MERCHANT IN PIG METAL, BLOOMS, ORE, WROUGHT SCRAP IRON, FIRE BRICK AND CLAY, &c. Warehouse and Office, Nos. 366 and 368 PENN STREET. Storage furnished. Consignments solicited. oc3

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON, Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Fish, Carbon and Land Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh Manufactures generally, 113 and 114 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

J. B. CANFIELD & SON, COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANTS, and Wholesale Dealers in Western Reserve Cheese, Butter, Lard, Pork, Bacon, Flour, Fish, Pot and Pearl Ashes, and Oils, Dried Fruit and Produce generally, Nos. 144 and 146 Front street, Pittsburgh.

JOHN SIPTON.....A. WALLACE.

SIPTON & WALLACE, WHOLE-SALE GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. 6 SIXTH STREET, Pittsburgh. ja12:r58

STONE DRAIN PIPE,
FOR SEWERAGE.
ALL SIZES, FROM 2 TO 12 INCH.
10,000 FEET ON HAND,
AND FOR SALE BY
JOHN M. TATE,
227 Liberty St., Pittsburgh,
AND
59 Federal Street, Allegheny.
fe13:w80:TU-TH&S

FISH! FISH!
50 bbls. No. 1 Mackerel;
50 " " 2 do;
50 " " 3 do;
200 hf. do. Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel;
45 kitts No. 1 Mackerel;
500 half bbls. Lake Herring;
100 do. White Fish;
In store, for sale by
SCHOMAKER & LANG,
mh20 172 and 174 Wood street

OILS.

WARING AND KING,
Commission Merchants and Brokers in
Petroleum and its Products,
DALZELL'S BUILDING, DUQUESNE WAY,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
PHILADELPHIA ADDRESS,
WARING, KING & CO.,
127 Walnut Street.

TACK BROTHERS,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
Petroleum and its Products.
Pittsburgh Office—DALZELL' BUILDING, corner of Duquesne Way and Irwin streets.
Philadelphia Office—127 WALNUT ST.
ap1:w30

JACOB WEAVER, Jr. & CO.,
Oil Commission Jobbers,
No. 3 DUQUESNE WAY, will buy and sell Crude and Refined Oils, Lubricating, Tar, Benzine and Cooperage. Our long experience in the Petroleum trade enables us to offer unusual facilities and inducements to operators. As heretofore, we are determined to make it the interest of buyers and sellers to give us a call. Parties having Oils for sale are cordially invited to bring their samples.
ap6:n94

H. M. LONG & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PURE WHITE BURNING OIL,
Brand—"LUCIFER."
Office, No. 2 Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh.

J. C. BUFFUM...C. A. KEHEW...W. H. WHITEHEAD.

SOHO OIL WORKS.
Manufacture and have for sale all kinds of
LUBRICATING OILS.
No. 1 ST. CLAIR STREET.
BUFFUM, KEHEW & CO.

SEVENTH LIST OF APPLICATIONS TO SELL LIQUORS, filed in Clerk's Office, March and April, 1868.

Pittsburgh.

Ann Lawrence, tavern, 1st ward.
Henry Scheutz, tavern, 1st ward.
Wm. Kroeger, tavern, 1st ward.
Samuel O. Stewart, tavern, 1st ward.
Adam Hart, tavern, 1st ward.
Geo. H. Bretsch, tavern, 1st ward.
J. R. Dickey, tavern, 1st ward.
Moses Benington, tavern, 1st ward.
Geo. A. Grier, tavern, 1st ward.
John Metz, tavern, 1st ward.
Daniel McCafferty, tavern, 1st ward.
Wm. Obey, tavern, 1st ward.
Mary A. Thompson, eating house, 1st ward.
John Roth, eating house, 1st ward.
Gamble & Anderson, other goods, 1st ward.
H. W. Beaumont & Co., other goods, 1st ward.
Geo. Hockschwender, tavern, 2d ward.
Geo. Bender, tavern, 2d ward.
Robt. Greenhalgh, tavern, 2d ward.
Jane Thomas, tavern, 2d ward.
Jos. Spencer, tavern, 2d ward.
Fred. Sauer, tavern, 3d ward.
John McMahon, tavern, 3d ward.
Pat. Bradley, tavern, 3d ward.
Morris Flynn, other goods, 3d ward.
John Getty, tavern, 4th ward.
S. McCrickert & Co., other goods, 4th ward.
John McCullough & Co., other goods, 4th ward.
James Bryar, other goods, 4th ward.
Jas. McKay, other goods, 4th ward.
McCullough, Smith & Co., other goods, 4th ward.
Caleb Sawders, tavern, 5th ward.
Geo. Ewing, tavern, 5th ward.
John Driscoll, tavern, 5th ward.
Wm. Brown, tavern, 5th ward.
Chas. Rush, tavern, 5th ward.
Thos. Davis, tavern, 5th ward.
Josh. Beaumont, sr., tavern, 5th ward.
H. Bailey, tavern, 5th ward.
John O'Donnell, tavern, 5th ward.
Chas. Billharz, tavern, 5th ward.
Nicholas Hoffman, eating house, 5th ward.
Chas. Muhlstein, eating house, 5th ward.
Lucind Pulpress, tavern, 6th ward.
Thos. W. Inglis, tavern, 6th ward.
Christ. Roth & Co., tavern, 6th ward.
Chas. Boyle, tavern, 6th ward.
Louisa Wolf, other goods, 6th ward.
John S. Herman, tavern, 6th ward.
Patrick Gallagher, eating house, 6th ward.
Julia McFaden, eating house, 7th ward.
Frank Siebert, other goods, 7th ward.
Geo. W. Bracey, other goods, 7th ward.
Domenic Gallagher, other goods, 7th ward.
John M. Robitzer, tavern, 8th ward.
Fred. Andregg, tavern, 8th ward.
Maria Richards, tavern, 8th ward.
Reese Jones, tavern, 8th ward.
Philip Kaikel, tavern, 8th ward.
Louis Berkowitz, other goods, 8th ward.
John Barclay, tavern, 9th ward.
Michael Shea, eating house, 9th ward.
Thos. Bosworth, tavern, 9th ward.
Pat. Dolan, tavern, 9th ward.
John C. Clark, tavern, 9th ward.
Michael Gruber, tavern, 10th ward.
Lewis Lederer, tavern, 10th ward.
A. Mamaux, tavern, 10th ward.
Herman Bocke, tavern, 10th ward.
Fred. Miller, tavern, 10th ward.
Geo. Speckmeyer, eating house, 10th ward.

Allegheny.

Wm. Lynch, tavern, 1st ward.
John Bayer, tavern, 3d ward.
John Hora, tavern, 3d ward.
Con Schlearback, eating house, 3d ward.
Michael Geng, eating house, 3d ward.
John Hochschwender, tavern, 4th ward.
Geo. Schelein, tavern, 4th ward.
Ely Krehenbuhl, tavern, 4th ward.
John S. Snyder, tavern, 4th ward.
Jas. B. Jones, tavern, 4th ward.
A. G. Ehlers, tavern, 4th ward.
Valentine Short, tavern, 5th ward.
Francis Savage, tavern, 5th ward.
Wm. Southworth, tavern, 6th ward.
Lewis Siegrist, tavern, 6th ward.
Henry Wagner, other goods, 6th ward.
Peter Rischer, tavern, 7th ward.
J. M. Apple, eating house, 7th ward.
Jacob Simendinger, eating house, 7th ward.
Wm. Reiner, tavern, 8th ward.
Gottleib Fisher, tavern 8th ward.

Boroughs.

Catharine Lauth, tavern, Birmingham.
Gertrude Och, tavern, Birmingham.
Catharine Kestner, tavern, Birmingham.
Nicholas Hier, tavern, Birmingham.
Catharine Geschwind, other goods, Birmingham.
J. L. McDonald, tavern, East Birmingham.
Wm. Rossman, tavern, East Birmingham.
Eliz. Reese, tavern, East Birmingham.
Julius Sigworth, tavern, East Birmingham.
John Zoeller, tavern, East Birmingham.
Jacob Dietz, tavern, East Birmingham.
August Rudolph, tavern, East Birmingham.
A. J. Buettner, tavern, East Birmingham.
C. Feld, tavern, East Birmingham.
Ernst Hauch, eating house, East Birmingham.
Sebast. Held, eating house, Duquesne.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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By the week, (from carrier.)	15	Three mos	75	10 " " and one to Agent.	1.15

MONDAY, APRIL 20, 1868.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE, *issued on Wednesdays and Saturdays, is the best and cheapest family newspaper in Pennsylvania. It presents each week forty-eight columns of solid reading matter. It gives the fullest as well as the most reliable market reports of any paper in the State. Its files are used exclusively by the Civil Courts of Allegheny county for reference in important issues to determine the ruling prices in the markets at the time of the business transaction in dispute. Terms: Single copy, one year,* $1.50; *in clubs of five,* $1,25; *in clubs of ten,* $1,15, *and one free to the getter up of the club. Specimen copies sent free to any address.*

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE: *Second page—Poetry, Condensed News, Miscellaneous. Third page—Financial Matters in New York, Markets by Telegraph, River News, Imports, Railroad Time Tables. Sixth page—Home Markets. Finance and Trade. Seventh page Interesting miscellaneous reading matter.*

GOLD closed in New York on Saturday at 138¾, an advance.

THE fruit reports are somewhat better than our fears led us to anticipate, but it is quite clear that the abundance of former years need not be looked for, and that, while a few scattered localities appear to have escaped, the destruction has been so general as to justify our apprehensions. Much of the fruit that may grow and mature will also be seriously impaired in quality and flavour.

THE STATEMENTS which were rife in the press, a few days since, as to a political meeting held by private soldiers at Carlisle Barracks, about the last of March, and the failure of the officers in command to prevent the same or to punish it as a violation of a clear and explicit order in the Army Regulations, are now for the first time effectively and amply contradicted. It appears that in the absence of the officer in command, General GRIER, who had been called away upon official duty, a meeting of the soldiers was held to consider some matters of personal interest, and that an effort was made by a handful of men to give to the proceedings a political character. This succeeded so far as to bring upon the offenders the marked censure of the commanding officer, who forwarded the uneasy politicians to do duty with the regiment on the Plains. We are clearly satisfied that the action of General GRIER was prompt and decisive in the enforcement of the Regulations, and that the same statements which made it appear that he had himself, for any alleged dereliction of duty in the premises, been relieved from the command, were without just foundation. Having completed the two years of duty which are usually assigned to such commands, he was relieved in regular course, the Adjutant General's order including also the paragraph annexed:

"You are to understand that you are relieved only in consequence of the expiration of your tour of duty, during which your administration of affairs has been eminently judicious and successful."

THE IMPEACHMENT.

The counsel for Mr. JOHNSON announced the close of the testimony for the defense on Saturday. It is understood that they reserve the right to offer other witnesses, for good cause shown, but do not anticipate any probability of their doing so. Their case has finally broken down on the refusal, by the Senate, to permit members of the Cabinet to testify to their part in advising the President as to the unconstitutionality of the Tenure-of-Office Law, and as to the subsequent acts of the accused and his Cabinet in relation thereto up to the time when Mr. JOHNSON sent in his message of February 21st. An interrogation as to the applicability of the law to the Secretaries appointed by Mr. LINCOLN was twice ruled out, being first put by one of the counsel, and subsequently by Senator SHERMAN. The defense thereupon rested their proof. We have no intimations as to the extent of rebutting testimony to be offered for the prosecution, but it is not likely to be general, or materially to delay the approaching termination of the trial. The argument will occupy the present week, and the issue will await the final judgment of the Senate before the week closes.

Criticisms have been very freely applied to the action of the Senate in admitting a large amount of testimony not strictly pertinent to the main issue before it for judgment, viz. Did, or did not, the President violate a law which it was his duty to obey? These criticisms are certainly not applicable to its refusal to receive this line of proof, the rejection of which has terminated the defense. It is here clearly held that the President is responsible for his Cabinet, not his Cabinet for him, and the Senate declines to consider the advice or opinions of his subordinates as having any legal bearing upon the defense of his official acts. Widely as the Senate has opened the way for the accused to prove the intent which he alleges in excuse for his official acts, and liberally as they have, for the most part, construed the rules of evidence, many times waiving, in the interests of an impartial development of the truth in its minutest particulars, the stringent and well-settled principles upon which those rules have been founded, even this liberal and unprecedented impartiality could not clothe the opinions and advice of third parties with the faintest shadow of just relevancy to the question of innocence or guilt. The Senate gave to Mr. JOHNSON unlimited scope in his efforts to show, by his own private or official declarations and acts, the nature of his objections to the law and the intent which he claims to have been governed by, and which he would have manifested in any of his proceedings to resist it. The declarations and advice of other persons, whether Cabinet officers, press correspondents or otherwise, are properly held to be foreign to that or any other branch of the issue, and were excluded accordingly. Nothing, indeed, could have made these extraneous matters admissible as proof except the adoption of the SUMNER resolution, or its equivalent, which proposed, in effect, to permit either party to offer evidence at its discretion, admitting all and rejecting nothing—the adoption of which, as such, would have extended the trial to the dog-days.

Not a few of our over-zealous cotemporaries have expressed dissatisfaction that the Senate should have admitted so much matter, in proof for the defense, which has no legal application to the main issue, which cumbers the records with a needless amount of verbiage, and which must be entirely thrown out of view by the members in making up their judgment. It is objected that this irrelevant matter will be used hereafter by our political opponents, the same as if it were really evidence of consequence. And there appear, also, in some quarters, serious apprehensions that Senators, whose votes have permitted its introduction, themselves feel such grave doubts as to the main issue as to shake the popular confidence in the final result. We have so frequently illustrated the absurdity of these needless fears that no space is required for their refutation now. But a word as to the objection which we have noted. Either impeachment is for good cause or it is not. We hold, with the entire body of the Republican party, (and thousands of intelligent, candid and patriotic Democrats concur with us,) that the President stands to-day confessedly guilty of the intended violation of a law duly and constitutionally enacted; that no conceivable range of outside proof as to his intent can possibly overshadow and obscure his own official declarations in that regard; that having confessedly, and with his eyes open to all the consequences of his derelection, defied the legislative power of the people, he himself has supplied to the Senate, the people and the world, that proof as to his intent, which is the most absolutely and unavoidably convincing; that the case was already on record, as clear and plain and simple as language and official acts could make it, putting his guilt beyond question, before the Senate received the Managers at its bar; that the Senate, with this record proof before it, entertains the formal accusation as the Constitution requires; that it has granted to the accused, in making his defense, a latitude of testimony, only the wider since by no possibility could its utmost range affect the recorded and indisputable facts, and wider, as it was, than ever before conceded either to State offender or other criminal in the annals of jurisprudence; that this guilt which no amount of such testimony has disproved is plain enough to bear the most searching popular scrutiny; that it is as much wiser in view of political expediency hereafter as it is of the fullest investigation and the most careful justice now, that the whole of ANDREW JOHNSON'S case, its confessions, its pleas, its pretexts, its subterfuges, its shallow distinctions, its false assumptions, with all its hearsay and legally worthless testimony, should be ventilated now, before a Senate which has given so many undeniable marks of its impartiality, rather than for the first time in the partizan press and on the stump in the approaching canvass. We know all that is in the case, or that can be foisted into it by the acutest lawyer or the bitterest partizan—and we know how to meet it. Should we have escaped all or any of these side issues, by an unwise refusal of the Senate to hear anything that Mr. JOHNSON and his friends have had to say? Not one of them. The entire case, in all its bearings, judicial and political, is to be met before the people. Not a point has been made, or attempted, in the President's behalf, that we could have suppressed then or hereafter if we would, or would now obscure if we could. His political friends are welcome to all they can make out of it, and it will puzzle them to say anything new, or that has not already been fully answered, or amply exposed on the trial.

RECONSTRUCTION TRIUMPHS.

South Carolina treads close upon the heels of Arkansas, returning to the Federal Capital with State rights reëstablished and National relations restored. The Senators and Representatives of Arkansas, who now wait at Washington for the recognition of Congress, will be joined in a few days by the members whom the Palmetto State sends to represent her in the Federal Legislature. We have no returns from Louisiana, where the election continued until Saturday evening, but there is reason to believe that in the success of her new Constitution and the election of the Republican ticket, a third triumph of Reconstruction will be manifest.

The Democracy of South Carolina having wisely abandoned their opposition to the elevation of the black race, declaring a willingness to recognize this race as entitled to citizenship and worthy of the suffrage, the majority for the new Constitution, as well as for the elected State officers, is decisively large. This timely action of the Democratic leaders of that State, in changing their case from aristocratic exclusion to a Democratic equality of rights, regardless of race or color, is not only a proof of their "shrewd, far-seeing grasp of political forecast;" it is really one, and not the least, of the triumphs of Reconstruction. The Congressional policy has not only reorganized a rebel community into a loyal State, but it has worked, morally and socially, the regeneration of a political party, abolishing its prejudices as well as the privileges of caste and race, and lending the attractions of interest to the obligations of justice. It has not forced an obnoxious principle upon an unwilling people; it has suggested a political truth which has been eagerly embraced. Apart from the direct effect of that policy upon the Federal relations of the Southern people, we regard its operation upon the moral status of the South Carolina Democracy as its crowning triumph. Doubtless, we shall in good time proselytize the party in other Southern States in the same way, after which we shall turn over the Northern Democracy to their Southern brethren, as an inviting field for political colporterage. It is quite probable, however, that when the Democracy of Pennsylvania, Ohio and other Northern States find their Southern friends all accepting the South Carolina view of the situation, they will need no longer any urging, through missionary efforts, for their enlightenment; they will accept the colored race as men and brothers with a cordial promptitude quite equal to that just seen at Charleston.

FRANCE AND HER NEIGHBORS.

The statesmen and politicians of Europe have, at this moment, their annual access of nervous fever, caused by the regularly recurring apprehension of the Spring, that NAPOLEON may disturb the peace of the Continent by some new indication of a belligerent policy. It is not only because the winter has closed and with that has come the favorable season for military operations, but that the thoroughly systematic and exhaustive preparations of France during the past year, in the massing of materials, and the effective reorganization of her soldiers, has just culminated in the adoption of the new Army Bill, which has been urged through the Corps Legislatif with a significant earnestness and pertinacity on the part of the government, and which, making every Frenchman above the age of eighteen years a soldier and liable to be called at any moment into active service, has effectively doubled the military strength of the Empire, but at the cost of much popular dissatisfaction. These preparations are regarded by other European powers as significant of some mysterious purpose not yet revealed by NAPOLEON, and which menaces, perhaps, the peace of Europe, in a mighty struggle for the restoration to France of her influence, once so potent in continental politics. But there are many observers who maintain that these preparations mean only that peace is to be preserved by showing the Empire prepared to resist aggression from its neighbors; that the advancing years and growing timidity of the singular adventurer who governs that great nation are leading him, each year the more powerfully, into that pacific policy which shall not only appeal to French pride in the consciousness of military power, but shall, by an intelligent and careful study and culture of her internal resources, develop and conciliate the commercial and manufacturing elements of an industrious, ingenious and money-loving people, and attach them, in behalf of all their thriving and profitable social interests, to the dynasty which the Emperor's first ambition is to perpetuate.

It is urged very forcibly that France can engage in no war which shall not, sooner or later, embroil every leading power of Europe; that Prussia, now ranking as fully her peer in continental influence as in magnitude of military resources, would be inevitably her opponent; that France could find, nowhere between the English Channel and the Holy Sepulchre at Jerusalem, between Cape Finisterre and the Arctic Sea, any quarrel in which Prussia would fail, at some crisis, to become involved; that a war between powers of such gigantic resources means a struggle for pre-eminence so terrible and exhaustive, that, whatever the effect upon Germany, the internal prosperity of the French Empire would be ruined for years to come. Such a war, they argue, with a result which must be disastrously fatal to the material interests of the French people, no longer suits the policy of the Empire, or runs with the dynastic hopes of its ruler. That he may leave to his son undisputed entrance to the throne, and its quiet enjoyment, with the cordial support of a prosperous and contented people, is admitted, on all hands, to be to-day the one great ruling principle in the policy of NAPOLEON. Why should he peril this in an unnecessary and destructive war against Europe.

He arms the Empire at all points. He developes to the last possible degree its wonderful military resources. He invokes the aid of science for the most effective improvements in fortifications, arms and all the material of war. He reckons up and arrays the last effective citizen in the mighty front which France may oppose to her enemies, and, thus prepared, his policy is peace if permitted and resistance, effective and triumphant, if assailed. In such a position, the martial pride of the French nation is satisfied while its later but growing passion for material progress and money-getting, in all the pursuits of trade and the arts, is not checked or even disturbed, but, on the contrary, is advanced by a fostering administration. Whether he appeals to the pride or the pockets of the Frenchman, the result will prove what past experience has already clearly shown, that France was never before governed, since the days of LOUIS XI, by a ruler who has understood the national character so well.

Such we must believe will be the policy which NAPOLEON is about to unfold before the expectant and needlessly anxious eyes of Europe. A letter from the Emperor to the Minister of State has been expected to appear about the middle of this month, which may decisively indicate the exact purpose of all his military preparations, and will undoubtedly prove an important element in the politics of the Continent. If it shall convince other powers as to his pacific intentions, and of his ability to maintain such as the policy of the Empire, and if he shall satisfy France that her onward march in all the permanent glories and substantial rewards of peaceful industry is to be undisturbed, he will immeasurably promote the security of his own power and the perpetuation of the throne in his family. France already discovers her true military strength in the increasing growth of her material prosperity; that a nation strong at home is respected abroad, and that her Continental prestige as a first rate power is in the exact ratio of her real ability not to attack but to resist aggression. Why will she not gratefully accept a corresponding policy of State?

WE REPRINT the following paragraph from a Washington letter, without endorsing in any degree its intimation that Senator Grimes will vote against the impeachment. As to Fowler's treachery, there can be little doubt, and but little as to another Senator from the Southern side of the Ohio River. The correspondent says:

"Senator Fowler, of Tennessee, who has acted with the Democrats on every issue yet raised, has moved his chair over to the Democratic side of the Senate, and now sits next to Mr. Buckalew. He and Mr. Grimes are the only two who are now generally regarded as against the conviction of the President, Mr. Fowler is an old friend of President Johnson's, and is mainly indebted to him for his seat in the Senate, and, rumor says, is to marry Mrs. Stevens, one of the President's daughters. Senator Grimes is so bitterly and personally hostile to Mr. Wade, that he cannot speak of the trial without losing his temper at the Republicans for ever having inaugurated it."

The Erie Railway Disaster.

A Port Jervis letter says: To-day the first wreck was cleared away, and black, smouldering ruins mark the spot where once lay four large cars. A half mile this side the remains of the freight train wreck of last evening is seen, broken into pieces, one car laying dismantled in the stream, with the freight strewed along the sides. An examination of the rails at the curve showed that they were in a frightful condition, worn and ragged. The time and heart rending circumstances of the first accident did not prevent those human vultures who hover over disaster from preying upon the unfortunate. Tales of robbing of dead and wounded could be told that would make the heart sick to dwell upon. Mr. Douglass, Division Superintendent, dragging his bruised form from the ruins, sat down on the hill, and almost deranged with pain, gave orders for the care of the wounded. While thus sitting, half unconscious from intense pain, some villain stole from him his pocket-book and Masonic papers. Pocket-books were rifled, rings torn from fingers. Destruction and deviltry went hand in hand. When the poor maimed creatures reached Port Jervis they had hardly any clothing with them. A similar circumstance is related. A charred body lay in a mass of embers at the bottom of the ravine; in a pocket soaked with the water that rushed along the bottom was an Accident Insurance ticket of $3,000. This alone gave clue to the man, for his body was burned beyond all recognition. The fire had burned all around the ticket. Mr. Purinton, of Cortland, took a $5,000 accident ticket. This gentleman, it is said, has Life Insurance policies upon his life for upward of $30,000.

On this dark scene of horror a ray of glory falls. It is the devotion, the heroism, of the ladies of this town. It is heroism that can endure the moaning, the sorrow of the chamber of death. It would fill this column with names of noble ladies who have in one way or another watched by the side of the suffering. Their names are Legion. Never seeming to tire, during the long nights, the silent watchers moved as only a woman—a ministering angel—can move.

"Are you better, my poor fellow?" said a reporter to a sufferer this morning. "How can I help but be, with such an angel for a nurse?" was the answer.

THE calamity at St. Mary's Church, in Chicago, has led to an investigation as to how far churches there, in general, are calculated to afford a panic-stricken congregation escape without dreadful results. It is discovered that nearly all of the churches open inward. In some, it is the custom to lock up the people, on the pretext of avoiding noise and dust. The same horrible regulation prevails at many of the school houses in that city. This matter is one that can be overhauled to great advantage here. If we have any halls, churches, school-houses, or places of public assemblage where the doors open inward, a change can not be made too speedily. We have not heard of its being the fashion here to lock the doors on a congregation, but if it exists, we consider an immediate schism on that point to be entirely proper and wholesome.

Providence Mission Sabbath School, Allegheny.

This flourishing institution, which has been maintained for several years in rented halls not well adapted to the purpose, has gone on through the zealous and untiring labors of the teachers, ever gaining in strength, numbers and efficiency until more than six hundred children are enrolled on its lists.

The need of a suitable building has long been felt, and the enterprise of creating one was inaugurated probably a year ago, and funds collected, here a little and there a little, and the work pressed on to completion. An eligible lot on Liberty street, below Chestnut, was donated by generous citizens. Yesterday the finished hall or chapel, neat and commodious, having three apartments—one large one for the main school and two smaller ones for infant school and Bible classes—was dedicated to its sacred uses in the presence of crowded and deeply interested audiences. There were three services. In the morning the school was addressed by Rev. Messrs. Scovel and Orr, followed by music by the children, in which exercise they have been well instructed. In the afternoon dedicatory services took place, opened with singing "The Lord is King," an anthem, by the choir. The opening prayer was made by the venerable Dr. Elliott. The choir and audience then sung "Our earthly temple now complete." Rev. Dr. Hodge offered the dedicatory prayer, after which the dedicatory sermon was preached by Professor S. J. Wilson, D.D., from the words, "It is more blessed to give than to receive." While the choir and congregation sung the hymn entitled, "The world is my parish," a collection was taken up, which added about two hundred dollars to the building fund. About six hundred more will make everything clear so far as debt is concerned. The building cost between four and five thousand dollars. The interesting fact was stated by one of the Superintendents that during the past year the children of the school had contributed two hundred dollars to the building fund.

In the evening the History of the Mission was given by Rev. John Creath, of Mount Sterling, Ohio, and an address by Rev. W. H. Gill of Greensburg, Pa., who, while a student, had been a teacher in this school.

These devoted and energetic young people have set a noble example, and yesterday they felt, and showed in their happy countenances, the truth of Dr. Wilson's text, that "it is more blessed to give than to receive." They have given much labor, patient, loving, persevering, anxious labor, and they have sure fruit enough to make them glad.

Avery College—New Faculty Inaugurated.

In common with many others we attended the inaugurating ceremonies held at Avery College on last Friday evening. The studies in this institution had been suspended for more than a year. Its Trustees and friends, desirous that it should be made much more effective than heretofore, in accomplishing the design of its generous founder, in disseminating education among the colored people of this vicinity, have succeeded in securing the services of Rev. Henry Highland Garnet, whom they have elected President of the Faculty and Professor of History, Rhetoric, Logic, Mental and Moral Philosophy, and Political Economy. They have also elected Benj. K. Sampson, A. B., Professor of Mathematics, Natural Sciences and Languages, and Miss Harriet Johnson to be Principal of the preparatory and ladies' department and teacher of music. It was to inaugurate this corps of Professors that the meeting had been called. A large audience of well-dressed, intelligent and respectable colored people, and many of their white friends, filled the spacious chapel of the College. The Trustees and Faculty, with a number of invited citizens, were on the platform. Rev. Jno. Peck, Vice President, in the absence of the President, presided. The exercises were opened by the singing of a hymn, after which a prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Peters, a veteran and venerable black preacher, four-score and six years old. Another hymn, accompanied by a colored lady playing the organ, and the whole assembly joining their voices, was rendered with fine effect. Professor Neale, of the Colored High School, then read letters from Dr. Hussey, Professor Wilson, and Rev. Doctor Noble, regretting their inability to be present on the occasion.

The Vice President, Rev. John Peck, then delivered an address, subject "Recollections of the late Rev. Charles Avery." Mr. Peck had been the first to suggest to their generous benefactor the founding of an Institution of learning for the colored people of these cities, as better calculated than a Union church, as originally contemplated by Mr. Avery, to unite and harmonize the people in common efforts for their common benefit. The suggestion was approved by Mr. Avery, and this noble edifice with its endowment, Trustees and Faculty were the results. Mr. Peck evinced much feeling in his reminiscence of his intercourse with Mr. Avery, who, he said, regarded the blacks as the Lord's poor, and regretted their divisions and anxiously sought to heal them. He was a great and good man. The speaker rejoiced to believe that the College was now entering upon a new and prosperous career, which is assured by the eminent ability and zealous devotion to the cause of Professor Garnet, now about to be installed, and whom he would now introduce to the people who were to be his friends and the patrons of his enterprise.

Mr. Garnet came at once to the platform, in response to the call, but gave way to Professor S. H. Neale, who in a chaste and elegant address, marked by good taste and culture, and embellished with passages of classic beauty, well conceived and well pronounced, eulogized the philanthropic friend of God's-poor, the good Avery, the founder of this College. He briefly enforced the great importance of education, the high objects of this institution, and the duty of all to uphold and advance it to the full measure of their ability.

Mr. Neale then proceeded to induct into their respective offices the President and other members of the Faculty as now organized, extending to all a cordial welcome to their new fields of usefulness, and invoking the Divine blessing on them severally and their noble work. He then with fervid and impressive earnestness appealed to the fathers and mothers present to consider well their responsibilities and duties towards the College and its able and devoted teachers.

The Vice President then presented the keys of the College to Professor Garnet, who, in a feeling and impressive speech, accepted the high trust reposed in him, humbly deprecating his unworthiness of such a trust, yet willing to dedicate himself, with all the talents God had given him, to zealous and persistent efforts to advance the sacred cause of education, in which efforts he bespoke the earnest and hearty coöperation of the people, who could not expect God to help them unless they helped themselves. He gave several illustrations of the great advantages of education and the evils of ignorance. Schools are now open for the first time to all. Let all enter in and feed on the rich intellectual banquet set before them and grow lusty in knowledge. Mr. Garnet is a man of great earnestness, of fine presence, of liberal culture, and never fails to interest and instruct his hearers.

After reading and commending the rules of the College, Mr. Garnet yielded the floor to Professor Sampson, of the Chair of Mathematics, Natural Sciences, &c. Mr. Sampson, although shorn by some Delila of his locks, and possibly deficient in physical strength, is yet in voice and intellect a Sampson, able, we infer from his bold and pertinent remarks on accepting the duties assigned him, to pull down the pillars, that the temple of ignorance and degradation may fall and a pathway be opened to the very crest of the hill of science.

Professor Eaton, of the Eighth ward Allegheny public schools, followed Mr. Sampson in a short but effective speech, which he closed by predicting a bright future for the colored race.

Rev. M. B. Sloan, being called upon, spoke briefly in hearty sympathy and with warm hopes for the cause.

Rev. J. S. Travelli followed Mr. Sloan, speaking as none but he can speak, all ablaze with fervid zeal for every good to everybody. The next and last speaker was a lay gentleman, who had been warmed into thorough sympathy with the good cause by those who preceded him, but felt that the enthusiasm already excited was sufficient, and that it was better to leave the audience to warm itself at the fire just kindled by the zealous Travelli.

The hymn "How beauteous are their feet who stand on Zion's hill," was then sung, a benediction pronounced, and the meeting adjourned.

The Christian Union Convention.

With much pleasure we publish the following communication:

YOUNGSTOWN, April 17, 1868.

MESSRS. EDITORS GAZETTE.—Will you please, as a favor, give notice through your paper that the Christian Convention, called some time ago, will meet in Youngstown, Ohio, on Wednesday next, in the Frst United Presbyterian Church at 10½ o'clock A. M., for the purpose of prayer and conference on the subject of the union of all the branches of the Presbyterian Church, and at which all ministers, accompanied with one elder, are invited to be present,

And much oblige yonrs, most fraternally,
LEVI B. WILSON,
GEO. K. ORMOND,
Committee of Invitation.

The 28th Anniversary of the Allegheny Bible Society will be held this evening at half-past seven o'clock, in Rev. Dr. J. T. Pressly's church. The order of exercises embraces singing by the congregation, scripture reading, prayer and addresses by eloquent clergymen. The annual reports will be submitted, and an election of a new Board of Directors entered upon. We trust there will be a full attendance of members and friends of this very worthy and commendable association.

There is in progress in Washington Hall, Allegheny City, a fair and festival for the benefit of St. Peters Church. The attendance has been quite large, and a very enjoyable time has been the reward of those who lent their presence. The principal attraction is the voting for a superb cane to be awarded to either Mayor Blackmore or Mayor Drum. The contest is quite spirited. We advise our readers to pay the fair a visit and assure them large enjoyment.

AQUATIC.

Hamill vs. Coulter—A Race for $1,000 a Side and the Championship of America—Articles of Agreement—The Schuylkill Course Selected.

The much desired match between Jimmy Hamill and Harry Coulter has at last been made. The parties and their friends met Saturday evening at Alex. Murray's saloon, on Market alley, when after a friendly conversation, and arrangement of preliminaries, the following articles of agreement were drawn up and signed by the principals:

ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT.

PITTSBURGH, April 18, 1868.—Articles of agreement between James Hamill, of Pittsburgh, and Henry Coulter, of Manchestar, Pa.

Article I. An outside boat becomes entitled to the inside track only when her stern has been sufficiently ahead of the inside boat to show clear water between them.

Article II. Any boat swerving from a direct course in order to impede the progress of the other boat shall be ruled out.

Article III. The boats shall toss for choice of position before starting in the race.

Article IV. The race shall take place at Philadelphia, on the Schuylkil river, on the course rowed over by Hamill and Ward. The race to take place on Thursday, June 18th, 1868, at the hour of two o'clock, P. M. This race to be five miles, two and one-half miles to the stake boat, and return. There shall be two stake boats, and each man shall turn his own stake boat.

Article V. Smooth water shall be required for the race, the condition of the water to be judged of and decided by the referee. The gentleman named and agreed upon for this office shall be appointed at Alexander Murray's saloon, Piitsburgh, Saturday evening, April 25th, 1868.

Article VI. The boats shall be started at the word go, said word to be given by the referee. Time shall be taken when the winning boat crosses the line.

Article VII. The race shall be for one thousand dollars ($1,000) a side.

Article VIII. The money is all to be deposited in the hands of Frank Queen, at the *Clipper* office, New York, at least five days before the day appointed for the race. Either party failing to come forward at the time stated in these articles, shall forfeit the amount previously in the hands of the stakeholder.

Article IX. If the day named is unsuitable, the race shall take place on the first fair day thereafter.

[Signed,] HENRY COULTER,
JAS. HAMILL.

Witnesses, Wm. C. Smythe and John N. Hazlett.

It was also mutually agreed that no matter in whose favor the race might be decided, neither party would ever recognize Walter Brown as an oarsman in any race, or ever accept or reply to any challenge coming from him.

Riot on Fulton Street.

A row took place on Fulton street about eleven o'clock on Saturday night, which terminated in something of a riot. It appears that several persons were in the saloon drinking, among whom was Ed. Fagg and James McKenna, when a dispute arose with the bar-keeper about the number of drinks to be paid for. A general row followed, in which beer glasses, chairs and every other article that could be handled were "smashed up." Information was made before the Mayor yesterday morning charging Fagg, McKenna and others with riot. A warrant was issued and placed in the hands of officer Irwin, who arrested Fagg and McKenna about twelve o'clock yesterday. They were locked up for a hearing.

Unprovoked Assault.—Saturday morning last Emete Gourlay, a Frenchman went into a saloon on Penn street, in the Fifth ward, where C. M. Holmes, a peacable and respectable citizen, was sitting at a table, and without any provocation whatever struck Holmes with a chair, knocking him down and inflicting serious injury on his head and arms. Holmes made information before the Mayor charging Gourlay with assault and battery. A warrant was issued for his arrest

BEWARE

Of that remorseless and insidious destroyer of the human race,

CONSUMPTION.

Check and conquer its advances, lest you fall the victim. When attacked with any of its preliminary symptoms, no matter how slight, be on your guard and promptly use the remedy ere too late.

DR. SARGENT'S COUGH SYRUP

Is an old, well tried, certain and standard remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain or Oppression in the Chest or Lungs, and all Diseases of the Pulmonary Organs. Its sure and certain efficacy has been fully tested and endorsed for many years by numbers of well-known citizens in our midst, and their certificates are on record. Have you a cough which has gradually increased from a slight one to one of permanent standing? Lose no time, but procure a bottle of DR. SARGENT'S COUGH SYRUP, which will surely relieve you of the dangerous premonitory symptoms and effect a permanent cure. Do you spend miserable days and long sleepless nights of torture and pain from attacks of Asthma or Difficulty of Breathing? Dr. SARGENT'S Cough Syrup will act promptly, relieve you, and gradually restore you to your freedom of pain, and sound, pleasant sleep. Are your lungs sore and irritated, indicating inflammation? This is one of the most dangerous symptoms, and should be promptly removed. Dr. SARGENT'S Cough Syrup will heal the soreness, allay the inflammation, and restore the lungs to their prestine health and vigor. This Cough Syrup is pleasant and agreeable to take, while powerful and sure in its action. For sale by all Druggists in the country.

A MISERABLE SHAKER

Is the victim to Fever and Ague. This tedious and enervating disease is, unfortunately, too well known to need a description. It is strictly a malarious disease, caused by exhalations from the soil, especially from marshes, swamps and newly cleared lands encumbered with decomposing vegetable matter. The chills is one of the most troublesome of maladies, as the patient, though he may not be confined to his bed, is incapable of action. The experience of years has demonstrated the fact that HOSTETTER'S BITTERS is a sure means of fortifying the system against all atmospheric poison, breaking up the paroxysms and rapidly restoring the strength. Quinine, which has so long been the great remedy for chills, has been superceded by this powerful and harmless agent; while as a preventive it is unequalled, as its use will certainly exempt all who may live in unhealthy localities from the ravages of this disease. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS is now among the most popular, and, at the same time, valuable specifics in the medical world. In recommending it to the public, we are fully conscious of doing them a great service, knowing, as we do, their many excellent qualities, and sure and speedy action in all cases where the disease is caused by irregularity of the digestive organs. As a tonic it is both mild and agreeable to the taste, and stimulating in its action upon the system.

ANOTHER CURE OF DEAFNESS.

I lost my hearing during the last year. Part of the time I was totally deaf. In April of this year I was induced, from an advertisement, to make application to DR. KEYSER, 120 Penn street, Pittsburgh. After having tried various medicines from doctors, without any benefit, I have been under Dr. Keyser's treatment now for nearly two months, and am entirely restored to my hearing, so that I can hear a pin drop. JOHN SCANLAN,
Coal Bluffs, Washington Co., Pa.

ANOTHER CURE.

A man called to-day at Dr. Keyser's office to inform him of a great cure made by his LUNG CURE, or PULMONARY RESTORATIVE. Ilst these cures are made with the Doctor's preparations, he desires it to be distinctly understood that most of his great cures are made in accordance with the established laws that govern the science of medicine, in which he has been engaged for the past twenty-five years. Last week he was also in receipt of a letter from a clergyman in the State of Ohio, detailing another most wonderful cure.

DR. KEYSER'S RESIDENT CONSULTING OFFICE FOR LUNG EXAMINATIONS AND TREATMENT OF CHRONIC DISEASES, No. 120 PENN STREET, FROM 9 A. M. UNTIL 3 P. M.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHEAP GUNS FOR THE PEOPLE.—*The GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS have been removed to No. 179 SMITHFIELD STREET, where will always be found the most complete assortment of* **Guns, Pistols, Ammunition and Sporting Material, &c.,** *in the city. All kinds of Guns and Pistols carefully repaired. Cash paid for ARMY RIFLES and REVOLVERS. Send stamp for illustrated Circular. Agents wanted in every town in the United States. Address,* **J. H. JOHNSTON. 179** *Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.*

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THE LIFE OF.—A new and standard work, by Hon. J. T. HEADLEY, the popular Historian. Send for Circular and see our terms.

Address or apply to A. L. TALCOTT & CO., ap20:087 60 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, April 18, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 3 o'clock P. M. on FRIDAY, 24th inst., for GRADING and PAVING the following streets and alleys, viz:

SPRING GARDEN AVENUE, from Chesnut St. to the city line, including culvert about 250 ft long.

FRANKLIN STREET, from the east line of Sedgwick street to Fulton avenue.

BALKAM STREET, from Robinson street to the river.

LOCUST STREET, from east side of Sedgwick street to Fulton street.

SOUTH CANAL STREET, from Madison avenue to Sycamore street.

CONCORD STREET, in the Third and Seventh wards.

GREEN ALLEY, from Chesnut street to Centre street.

Also, for Grading ALLEGHENY AVENUE, from Ridge street to Western avenue.

Profiles and specifications can be seen in the office of CHAS. DAVIS, Esq., City Engineer. Proposals to be endorsed "Grading and Paving," and addressed to the undersigned.

R. B. FRANCIS,
ap18:083 City Controller.

168. **168.**

CHEAP! CHEAP!

☞ PRINTS, DELAINES.
☞ TWEEDS, CASSIMERES.
☞ FLANNELS, COLLARS.
☞ HOSIERY AND GLOVES.
☞ WHITE GOODS.
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☞ AT THE NEW DRY GOODS STORE OF ☜

F. SOUCY,

☞ No. 168 Wylie Street. ☜

168. [mh26:n40] 168.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Proposals will be received by the Board of School Directors of the Fifth Ward of the City of Allegheny, up to the 30TH DAY OF APRIL, for

Building a Public School House

in said ward. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of Messrs. BARR & MOSER, Nos. 2 & 4 St. Clair street, Pittsburgh.

The Directors reserve the right of rejecting any or all bids, and requiring security for the faithful performance of the contract.

Address the undersigned, at No. 10 St. Clair St., or Box 312, Pittsburgh P. O., marking "Proposals" on outside of envelopes.

By order of the Board.
ap15:o44 JOHN E. PARKE, President.

F. W. C. FELD,

DEALER IN

GLUE, CURLED HAIR,

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No. 94 WOOD STREET,

Third door above Diamond alley,

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ALLEGHENY COUNTY

WORKHOUSE.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received until the 25th inst., for LAYING BRICK BY THE THOUSAND, in accordance with the plans and specifications filed at BARR & MOSER'S office, and under the direction of the Superintendent.

GEO. ALBREE, Secretary,
ap9:o20 Wood street, corner Fourth.

WE WILL KEEP ON HAND

and make to order all kinds of Spring and plain WAGONS, CARTS, DRAYS, WHEELBARROWS, TRUCKS, LOCUST HUBS, And TURNED SPOKES, HAY RAKES and FORKS,

At DUQUESNE WAGON WORKS, near the Penitentiary, Allegheny City.

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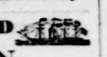
TO LIVERPOOL AND 

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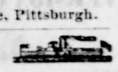
CINCINNATI 

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Especial attention given to Orders and Way Business. BARNES & COLLINS,
ap20 GHRIEST & HASLETT, Agents.

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING uncalled for at BUCHANAN POSTOFFICE, April 20th, 1868:

A	Good David	**Mc**
Alton Matilda	Grubbs Jane E	McCloy Jane
Alexander Eliza	**H**	McCullough H T
B	Haugh Robert	McDowel Martha
Barnes Isaac	Houlden H P	**N**
Brown Geo I	Hugus Maggie	Nichols Annie
Brier John	Harkins Kate	Noble John
Burd Eliza A	Henry Harry	**P**
Bright John	Huber John	Prenkel Wm
Bronson Adam	Henry Jane	Parmer John
Bucker John A	Henderson G W	Provost M M
Beck Geo	Holmwood J V	Price W H
Breakiron Henry	**I**	Pulpers H C
C	Irwin Thos T	Phillips Oldrich
Conroy Robt	**J**	Powers Robt C
Conroy Nichalas	Jones Rees	**R**
Carnahan Mary	Johnston Jennie	Ruff John
Conoway John	Johnston Marth	Rhode Michael
Cotton John	Jones John A	Radcliff Tillie
Clarke R R	Jones M E	Reed Robbie
Clarke Jane	Jones Humphry	Ritter Cornelius
Clarke John P	Jahms J B	Robson John
D	**K**	**S**
Douthitt J W	Kelly James	Stevenson Mary
Donaldson Jas	**L**	Sullivan M J
Davis James B	Lewis S J	Stewart Wm
Dougherty Wm	Leonard Kate	Spencer Sallie
Dean Z W	Lume T	Story Wm
Davis Jennie	Lang Marg't	Smith Lizzie
E	**M**	Stewart E P
Evans Sam D	Mire Marg't	Springer W
Evans Anna L	Murray W	**T**
F	Miller Valentine	Thomas Frank
Flowers Albert	Martin John	Topper John M
Faggart & Felt	Mackern Jas	**W**
G	Marshall Wm	Woods Thos H
Graham Thos	Mathews Jas S	Wallace Wm
Girard John	Margan Jas W	Wigley Kate N
Grady John	Mahoney Jas	Willson Wm R
Gauf Mary	Moore Wm	Woodward S M
Ginley John		Wilson Elizb'n

E. G. KREHAN, P. M.

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Open daily from 9 to 3 o'clock; also on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

Deposits received of all sums of not less than ONE DOLLAR, and a dividend of the profits declared twice a year, in June and December. Interest has been declared semi-annually in June and December since the Bank was organized, at the rate of six per cent. a year.

Interest, if not drawn out, is placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bears the same interest from the 1st days of June and December, compounding twice a year without troubling the depositor to call, or even to present his pass book. At this rate money will double in less than twelve years.

Books containing the Charter, By-Laws, Rules and Regulations, furnished gratis, on application at the office.

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Benj. L. Fahnestock,	Robert Robb,
James Herdman,	John H. Shoenberger,
James McAuley,	James Shidle,
James B. D. Meeds,	Alexander Speer,
Isaac M. Pennock,	Christian Yeager.

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John Evans,	Henry L. Ringwalt,
John J. Gillespie,	Wm. E. Schmertz,
William S. Haven,	Alexander Tindle,
Peter H. Hunker,	William Van Kirk,
Richard Hays,	Isaac Whittier,
James R. Kelly,	Wm. P. Weyman.

TREASURER—CHARLES A. COLTON.
SECRETARY—JAMES B. D. MEEDS.

51. **51.**

GROVER & BAKER'S

ELASTIC STITCH

AND

LOCK STITCH

SEWING MACHINES

WITH LATEST IMPROVEMENTS,

At the New and Elegant Sales Rooms

OF THE COMPANY,

51 FIFTH STREET.

Also, NEEDLES, ATTACHMENTS, MACHINE SILKS and COTTONS, THREAD, MACHINE OIL, &c., &c. The citizens of Pittsburgh are respectfully invited to call.

Applications for Agencies solicited. Circulars or samples by mail on application. Correspondence to be addressed to

GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.,

51 FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURGH.

mh20:n12

J. & H. PHILLIPS.

1868. SPRING GOODS. 1868.

We are now receiving from our own and other manufactories a NEW STOCK of

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,

CARRIAGE, FURNITURE, TABLE AND

WINDOW SHADE OIL CLOTHS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Also, a full line of

Transparent Window Shades,

Hollands, Shade Fixtures,

Tassels, Cords, &c., &c.

WOLESALE AND RETAIL BUYERS will find our prices AS LOW, IF NOT LOWER, THAN CAN BE PURCHASED ELSEWHERE, and of quality and styles second to none.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,

ap3:n86 26 AND 28 ST. CLAIR ST.

GREAT SALE.

Tremendous Sacrifice in Looking Glasses.

Preparatory to moving, I offer my elegant stock of fine GILT, PIER and MANTLE GLASSES, PORTRAIT and PICTURE FRAMES; also, miscellaneous styles of BEDROOM GLASSES, all of which must be sold by the 1st of June,

Regardless of Cost.

Those who are in want of fine Parlor Glasses and a first-class article of fine gilt work, will do well to give me a call.

J. LYONS,
ap8 110 Wood street.

DOTY CLOTHES WASHER, the best in the market; another supply just received by J. & H. PHILLIPS,
ap15 Sole agents for this county.

OAK TANNED LEATHER BELTING, quality warranted good, at the lowest rates. J. & H. PHILLIPS,
ap15 26 and 28 St. Clair street.

SWEET MESSINA ORANGES, of extra quality, in prime order, just received; also prime Lemons, for sale at the Family Grocery of
ap2 JNO. A. RENSHAW.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW, CHOICE & DESIRABLE

STRAW AND MILLINERY GOODS,

JUST ARRIVED,

AND ARRIVING DAILY,

At Nos. 77 and 79 Market Street.

NEW SHADES IN

HATS AND BONNETS.
RIBBONS, all widths and shades.
FRENCH AND AMERICAN FLOWERS.
ROSES, BUDS AND WREATHS.
FROSTED CRAPES AND ILLUSIONS.
WHITE, BLACK AND COLORED CRAPE.
SPRING SHADES SILK VELVET.
TRIMMING LACES, all colors.
STRAW TRIMMINGS AND ORNAMENTS.
BONNET AND MARCELLINE SILK.
FRAMES, &c., &c.

The largest stock and best assortment of the above to be found in the city.

Also, a Complete Line of Notions.

TRIMMINGS,	FRINGES,
EMBROIDERIES,	LACES,
WHITE GOODS,	HANDKERCHIEFS,
GLOVES,	CORSETS,
BRAIDS,	TAPES, BUTTONS,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HOSIERY.	
PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS.	
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.	

AT THE LOWEST MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Wholesale Rooms up Stairs.

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.

ap20:MWF

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

GOOD PRINTS, at 12½c.

PURPLE PRINTS, slightly imperfect, at 12½c.

Yard Wide BLEACHED MUSLIN, at 12½c.

Heavy UNBLEACHED MUSLIN, at 12½c.

GINGHAMS, at 10c.

GINGHAMS, at 12½c.

JEANS, at 12½c.

CORSETS, at 50c.

CORSETS, at 62½c.

WHALEBONE CORSETS, at 87½c.

COLORED KID GLOVES, at 75c.

LADIES' RIBBED HOSE, at 11c.

LADIES' PLAIN HOSE, at 10c.

CASSIMERES, for Boys' wear.

CASSIMERES, for Men's wear.

CASHMERET, JEANS.

LADIES' SACKING CLOTH.

ALL-WOOL DELAINES, in beautiful shades.

BLACK AND COLORED ALPACCAS.

PLAIN AND FANCY POPLINS.

BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS.

RISTORI APRONS.

BONNETS, HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS.

HAIR BANDS, SLEEVE BUTTONS,

And a Variety of FANCY GOODS,

A FULL STOCK AT LOW PRICES,

Wholesale and Retail,

AT WILLIAM SEMPLE'S

180 & 182 Federal St., Allegheny.

ap18

J. KNOX'S

GARDEN AND FLOWER SEEDS.

STOCK PURE AND FRESH.

Dealers, Gardeners and Private Families

Will find their requirements fully met.

Our large stock, complete assortment, and the acknowledged reliability of our stuff, leads us to confidently guarantee satisfaction to our customers. Constantly on hand and for sale at the lowest market prices.

GARDEN AND FLOWER SEEDS.

FIELD AND LAWN SEEDS.

POTATOES.

GOODRICH, HARISON, BUCKEYE, WHITE SPROUTS and CUZCO.

FLOWERING PLANTS AND BULBS.

AGRICULTURAL AND HORTICULTURAL

IMPLEMENTS AND TOOLS.

ALL BOOKS relating to the FARM, GARDEN or GREEN HOUSE at publishers' printed prices.

Our New Descriptive Seed Catalogue

Gives full descriptions of NEW, RARE and MOST DESIRABLE varieties of VEGETABLES AND FLOWERS, PLAIN, SIMPLE and FULL instructions for sowing, planting and after management—prices in packages or by weight, by mail or otherwise, and much other valuable information. Sent to all applicants enclosing 10 cents.

J. KNOX,

Nurseryman, Seedsman and Florist,

137 LIBERTY ST., PITTSBURGH.

☞ Depot of "KNOX'S FRUIT FARM and NURSERIES." mh30:n64:MWF&T

ESTABLISHED 1849.....THE LARGEST IN AMERICA.

NORTH AMERICAN

Lightning Rod Manufactory,

BRASS FOUNDRY

AND

IRON GALVANIZING WORKS.

30,000 FEET MANUFACTURED DAILY.

THE CELEBRATED STAR GALVANIZED

LIGHTNING RODS,

Manufactured at these works, and sold to all parts of the continent, are admitted to be superior to any Lightning Rod in use. Great inducements offered to peddlers and all persons buying at wholesale. Also, fine Platina Points, of all kinds and patterns, together with Insulators, Fastenings, Copper and Iron Connection Burs, Braces, etc. Samples, Pamphlets and Circulars sent free.

REYBURN, HUNTER & CO.,

Nos. 488 and 490 St. John St.,

PHILADELPHIA.

ap16:o33-d&F

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &C.

MARCH : : : : : : : : 1868.

THE VERY LATEST

PATTERNS

IMPORTED CARPETS.

THE VERY NEWEST

STYLES

DOMESTIC CARPETS,

ARE DAILY ARRIVING, AND SOLD SOON AS RECEIVED.

PRICES

THE VERY LOWEST.

McCALLUM BROTHERS,

51 FIFTH STREET, above Wood.

mh25

23 JUST IMPORTED, 23

And Especially Adapted to this Market,

VELVET CARPETS,

OF MOST ELEGANT DESIGNS.

English Body and Tapestry Brussels,

INGRAINS AND HEMPS,

THE FINEST ASSORTMENT AND THE LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY.

COMMON CARPETS,

25 CENTS PER YARD.

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.,

No. 23 Fifth Street.

fe27

1868. SPRING STOCK 1868.

OF

CARPETS.

JUST OPENING,

LARGE ASSORTMENT,

All Qualities

LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO THOSE WHO BUY TO SELL.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

21 Fifth Street,

mh10:d&wF OVER BATES & BELL'S.

71 **73**

McFARLAND & COLLINS

ARE NOW OPENING THEIR

NEW SPRING STOCK,

OF

CARPETS,

OIL CLOTHS,

WINDOW SHADES

AND

CURTAIN GOODS,

PURCHASED LAST MONTH FOR CASH.

AND IN MANY INSTANCES AT

Less than Actual Cost to Manufacture.

These Goods could not now be replaced for the same cost, and are offered FOR CASH at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Far Below Their Present Value,

AT THE PLACE WHERE BARGAINS CAN ALWAYS BE HAD ON THE BEST STOCK IN THIS MARKET.

Nos. 71 and 73 Fifth Street.

SECOND FLOOR.

fe10:MWF&T

SECURITY AND COMFORT FOR

THE TRAVELING COMMUNITY.

J. B. HARRIS' SAFETY FIRE JACKET,

Car Heater and Moderator,

For SMOKE AND HOT AIR FLUES, dispensing with the use of Stoves and Fires in or about the Passenger or Baggage Cars, with the attachment to graduate the heat to any temperature that may be desired without the possibility of firing the car or cars to which the Jacket may be attached.

Having obtained of the United States Letters Patent for a Safety Jacket which is warranted to resist the most intense heat that may be adpiled to it in the position and purpose for which it is intended. It is a sure protection from accidents by fire, originating from defective flues, or where iron pipes are used as conductors for smoke or heat. It is applicable to all piping that may become overheated, and is warranted to give perfect satisfaction where wood or other combustible material may be placed in close proximity thereto. I am now ready to apply my invention to stores, dwellings, factories, ships, steamboats, railroad cars, &c., wherever pipes as conductors are made dangerous by being overheated and security desired. I will sell, on application, rights to manufacture or to use the above invention; also, territorial rights, to such as may wish to engage in selling privileges, either by State or county.

J. B. HARRIS.

☞ Office at the "NE PLUS ULTRA PAINT WORKS," corner of Morris street and the Allegheny Valley Railroad, Ninth Ward, Pittsburgh, Pa.

fe23:n40

DUFF & CO., Merchant Tailors,

No. 34 Federal St., Allegheny,

Have just received a large and well selected stock of

FINE SPRING GOODS,

Suitable for a first class custom trade. Also, a large stock of GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS. ap15

ICE! ICE! ICE!

WM. KREBS, Ice Dealer,

No. 55 DIAMOND ALLEY, Pittsburgh.

Orders left here or at Hand Street Bridge will receive prompt attention. Wagons running in Pittsburgh and Allegheny. ap7:o3

AUCTION SALES.

BY PALMER & PHILLIPS.

PALMER & PHILLIPS,

AUCTIONEERS

And Commission Merchants,

OPERA HOUSE AUCTION ROOMS,

No. 60 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

BOOTS, SHOES, CARPETS,

Dry Goods and Notions,

AT PRIVATE SALE DAY AND EVENING.

Consignments Solicited. Prompt Returns.

BY SMITHSON, VANHOOK & M'CLELLAND.

LARGE AND PEREMPTORY

AUCTION SALE.

ELEGANT SILVER WARE,

French Clocks, Parlor Ornaments, &c.

TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, April 21st and 22d, at 3 and 7½ o'clock P. M., at

MASONIC HALL AUCTION ROOMS,

55 and 57 Fifth Street.

Special attention is asked to this sale by those desiring either a complete or partial Silver Ware furnishment, being the largest and the finest lot ever offered at sale in this city.

The goods are late and recherche styles and patterns, manufactured exclusively for customer sales by one of the most reliable Eastern houses, and guaranteed TRIPLE PLATE.

In the assortment may be found choice Tete Sets, elegant and varied Tea Sets; Urns; Dinner, Tea and Pickle Castors; Cake, Card and Fruit Baskets, Stands and Servers, Ice, Syrup and Cream Pitchers and Trays; Magic, Revolving and Plain Butter Dishes; Egg, Celery and Salt Stands; Oyster, Soup and Sauce Tureens and Ladles; Fruit, Jelley and Berry Dishes; Fine Wine Stands; Ice and Sugar Bowls; Butter and Cake Knives; Salad and Pickle Stands; large and small Waiters; Salt, Mustard and Egg Spoons; Tea, Dinner, Desert Forks and Spoons; Goblets, Mugs, Cups, Napkin Rings, Knife Rests, Spoon Holders, Call Bells, Spoons, and a variety of articles too numerous to mention.

Also, fine French Clocks, superb styles; Boquet Vases, fancy articles, &c., &c.

The attendance of the ladies is asked in particular. Seats provided.

Goods on exhibition and examination on and after the 18th inst.

SMITHSON, VANHOOK & M'CLELLAND.

ap15

BY A. M'ILWAINE.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—BOOK ACCOUNTS, JUDGMENT, &c.

TUESDAY EVENING, April 21st, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold, on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, by order of John H. Bailey, Esq., Assignee in Bankruptcy, the following property, late of Hegarty & Fullmer, bankrupts, viz: One Judgment and sundry Book Accounts, against various debtors.

ap18 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

BANK & RAILROAD STOCKS, UNION IRON MILLS, &c.

TUESDAY EVENING, April 21st, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold, on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street:

30 shares Allegheny Valley R. R.
10 shares Keystone Savings Bank.
15 shares Coal Men's Trust Co.
93 shares Union Iron Mills, Ninth ward.
50 shares Union Transportation Company, Red Star Line.
10 shares Bank of Pittsburgh.

ap18 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

PRICES OF THE

VARIOUS KINDS OF GUNPOWDER,

MANUFACTURED BY THE

HAZARD POWDER COMPANY,

ARTHUR KIRK, Agent,

Office, 172 and 174 FEDERAL STREET,

ALLEGHENY, PA.

CANISTER POWDER.

Electric Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 grain, in Square Canisters, 1 lb. each.....
American Sporting, in Oval Canisters of 1 lb. each.....
Dusk Shooting, Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 grain, in Oval Canisters of 1 lb. each.....
Indian Rifle, in Oval Canisters of 1 lb. each....
Kentucky Rifle, in Oval Canisters of 1 lb. each
Kentucky Rifle, in Oval Canisters of ½ lb. each (25 one lb. Oval Canisters in a case.) (50 half lb. do. do. do.)

KEG POWDER.

Kentucky Rifle, FFFG, FFG, and "Sea Shooting" FG, in kegs, 25 lbs.....
Kentucky Rifle, FFFG, FFG, and "Sea Shooting" FG, in kegs, 12½ lbs.....
Kentucky Rifle, FFFG, FFG, and "Sea Shooting" FG, in kegs, 6¼ lbs.....
Deer Powder, in kegs, 25 lbs.....
Mining and Shipping Powder, Mining F, FF, and FFF grain, net cash, in kegs, 25 lbs.....
Safety Fuse for Blasting, of superior quality, in packages of 50 feet and over.....

Delivered free of expense on board of Boat or Railroad, in Pittsburgh or Allegheny.

mh24:c26

FOR FRAGRANT TEAS,

CHOICE COFFEE,

AND

Pure Spices,

GO TO

ROBINSON'S,

No. 20 Fifth Street.

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER OF ALLEGHENY CO., PITTSBURGH, April 1st, 1868.

IN PURSUANCE of the 21st Section of an Act relating to Allegheny county, approved the 1st day of May, 1861, and of the amendment to said section, approved the 30th day of March, 1866, I hereby give notice that the Duplicates of the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships WILL BE OPEN and I will be prepared to receive the

County, State, Poor, Work-house and Bounty Taxes, for 1868.

On and after the 1st day of May, 1868, said taxes can be paid at this office until the 1st day of August, with a

Deduction of Five Per Cent. Discount

for prompt payment, to any persons paying the WHOLE AMOUNT of their taxes.

There will be no deduction allowed during the month of August. There will be TEN PER CENT. ADDED to all taxes remaining unpaid on the 1st day of September, 1868.

J. F. DENNISTON,
mh31:n69 Treasurer of Allegheny County.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, April 16th, 1868.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Proposals for Grading, Paving and Curbing

ALLEGHENY STREET, from Penn to Liberty st.
SMALLMAN STREET, from Morton to Taylor st.
CENTRE AVENUE, from Dinwiddie to Kirkpatrick street.
MULBERRY ALLEY, from Clymer to Smith st.
MULBERRY ALLEY, from Smith to Taylor st.

Will be received at the office of the City Engineer, until SATURDAY, April 25th, 1868. Specifications and blanks for bidding can be had by calling at this office.

ap17:o76 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

HYDRAULIC CEMENT.

SOAP STONE,
PLASTER, CHIMNEY TOPS,
WATER PIPES.

HENRY M. COLLINS,
ap16:070 25 Wood street.

NOTICES.

☞ **NOTICE.—The Regular Annual** Meeting of the

Great National Petroleum Company

Will take place at the Office of the Company, No. 10 St. Clair street, on WEDNESDAY, April 22d, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M. ap18:o34

☞ **A. P. A.—The members of the** JOHN KNOX and ALLEGHENY LODGES, Nos. 1 and 54, of the American Protestant Association, will hereafter meet at the corner of FEDERAL STREET and STOCKTON AVENUE, Allegheny, First meeting, WEDNESDAY EVENING, the 22d inst., at 7½ o'clock.

By order of Trustees.

THOS. H. CARGO, Secretary.

ap18:o85

WANTED.

WANTED,

A SMART, INTELLIGENT BOY,

For a pupil, and to act as assistant to a Mechanical Engineer. Premium required.

Address Box 50, P. O., Allegheny City, Pa.

ap16:o62

WANTED—A GOOD GERMAN GARDNER. A sober, industrious married man, with a small family, to take charge of and live on a garden farm within nineteen miles of the city. There is a good brick house of six rooms, kitchen, hall and cellar, for the gardener to occupy, and to whom liberal wages will be paid, for one that is competent and trustworthy. For particulars inquire of

G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent,
ap8:o16 No. 164 Fourth St., Pittsburgh.

WANTED.—AGENTS FOR THE OFFICIAL HISTORY OF THE WAR; Its Causes, Character, Conduct and Results. By Hon. ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS. A Book for all sections and parties.

This great work presents the only complete and impartial analysis of the Causes of the War yet published, and gives those interior lights and shadows of the great conflict only known to those high officers who watched the flood-tide of revolution from its fountain springs, and which were so accessible to Mr. Stephens from his position as second officer of the Confederacy.

The intense desire every where manifested to obtain this work, combined with an increased commission, makes it the best subscription book ever published.

One Agent in Easton, Pa., reports 72 subscribers in three days.

Another in Boston reports 103 subscribers in four days.

Send for circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work, with notices of the Press, &c.

Address, NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO.,
mh19:m100:d&F Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—CHEAP.

A lot of TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE, BRITTANIA WARE, WATER COOLERS, GRATE FRONTS, STOVES, one SAFE, DESK, large upright SHOW CASE, SHELVING, large REFRIGERATOR, all of which will be sold low to quit business.

ap18:o86 No. 153 WOOD STREET.

FOR SALE.

A NEW BRICK HOUSE,

Containing four rooms, hall and finished attic, situated at No. 122 Elm street, Sixth ward, opposite the foot of Decatur street.

Enquire of Capt. CHARLES W. MAY,
ap17:o81 No. 49 Congress street, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE.

A good ONE-HORSE SPRING WAGON, HORSE and HARNESS. Also, a full outfit of BROOM-MAKING MACHINES. Will be sold cheap.

Apply at No. 135 WASHINGTON AVENUE, Allegheny City. ap17:077

FOR SALE.

A RIVER BOTTOM FARM OF 76 ACRES, 19 miles from the city, in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pa., on the Youghiogheny river, one-half mile from Elrod's Station, on the Connellsville railroad; near churches, schools, stores, &c., in the flourishing villages of Boston and Green Oak. The improvements are a two-story brick house of six rooms, hall and cellar, a good frame bank barn with stabling underneath, and other outbuildings; a well of good standing water at the door, and several standing springs of water on the farm, and an orchard of 700 trees of selected fruits of apples, cherries, pears, peaches, quinces and grapes. This property being located near the line of the railroad, within one hour's ride of the city, makes it very desirable for gardening or a dairy farm; it is also a good and beautiful location for country homes near the city, lying immediately on the river, on the opposite side from the railroad. The West Newton Accommodation and other trains on the railroad afford certain and frequent opportunities of daily communication to and from this city. Will be sold as a whole or in lots of one acre or more, to suit purchasers.

Also, A FARM OF 173 ACRES, situated in St. Clair township, Westmoreland county, Pa., near the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Houston Station. The improvements are a two-story frame house with six rooms and good cellar, a frame bank barn 40 by 60 feet, and other outbuildings. There is on the place a young apple and peach orchard; 120 acres cleared land, divided into fields of convenient size, a large portion of which are well set in clover and timothy; the residue of said tract covered with good timber. It is well watered and underlaid with coal and limestone, and is convenient to churches, schools, stores, mills and blacksmith shops. A real good bargain is offered in this excellent farm; and with it will be sold all the personal property on the premises, consisting of horses, cows, stock cattle, hogs and poultry, harness, gears, wagon, plows, farming implements and household and kitchen furniture. Together will be sold very low and on easy terms, to a responsible purchaser.

Also, a desirable and very fertile Tract of Land of 158 ACRES AND 25 PERCHES, in Elizabeth Tp., Allegheny county, Pa., on the line of the Hempfield railroad, and one and one-half miles from the Connellsville railroad at Suter's Station. On this farm are 40 acres of superior white oak timber, which alone is now worth one-half the price asked for the whole tract. The improvements are a log house, frame barn, good fencing, and an apple orchard of good fruit. It is well watered and underlaid with limestone and flag stone of a superior quality, with stone coal for the use of the farm.

Also, The best FARM in Fairfield township, Westmoreland county, Pa., of 250 ACRES, about six miles south of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad at Bolivar Station. The improvements are two large hewed log dwellings; one of the largest and best frame barns in the township; two apple orchards, in good bearing condition; corn crib, wagon-shed and other outbuildings. The whole farm is under a high state of cultivation; fencing all in first rate order, and the land of the best quality of limestone soil, about 200 acres of which is cleared and the residue of the tract in good timber, such as white oak, rock oak, hickory, walnut and beech. This property will be sold very cheap and on good terms, as the owner wishes to engage in other business. For particulars enquire of

G. H. TOWER, 164 Fourth Street.

ap14:o42

FOR SALE.

Property near Mansfield for Sale.

A very desirable piece of land of 16 acres, having an orchard of about 3 acres, and a good frame house of 5 rooms and cellar; a spring of never failing water near the house. Located on an elevation about ¾ of a mile west of Mansfield station, on the Panhandle R. R. To be sold as a whole or in lots, to suit purchasers, from 2 to 5 acres.

Inquire of DANIEL SWOGER, Real

IRON WORKS.

AS. VERNER, Pres't.....W. P. PORTER, Sup't.

PITTSBURGH FORGE AND IRON CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar Iron;
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts;
Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
Steamboat Shafts;
Steamboat Cranks;
Piston Rods, Wrists;
Pitman Jaws, Collars, &c.

Office, No. 177 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, P.

GRAFF, BYERS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar, Hoop and Sheet Iron,

WROUGHT IRON,

Iron Welded Tubes for Gas, Steam, Water, &c.

ALSO,

OIL WELL TUBING.

Office, 98 Water and 132 First Streets.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

u29:e26

KENSINGTON IRON WORKS.

LLOYD & BLACK,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Best Common, Refined, Charcoal

AND

JUNIATA BLOOM IRON.

MERCHANT BAR, ROUND and SQUARE IRON.
HOOP, BAND, T and ANGLE IRON.
BOILER PLATE and SHEET IRON.
MOWER AND REAPER BARS.
CYLINDER and GUARD or FINGER IRON.
SMALL T RAILS, 20 and 16 lbs. to the yard.
WROUGHT CHAIRS and SPIKES for same.
FLAT RAILS, Punched and Countersunk.
COAL SCREEN IRON.
NAILS AND SPIKES.

Warehouse and Office at the Works, GREENOUGH STREET, (a continuation of First street,) adjoining the City Gas Works, Pittsburgh.

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 166 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House, PITTSBURGH.

ap24:d6

STEEL WORKS.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILWAY SPRINGS,
ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS,
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c.

Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

ap16:o67

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS.

ANDERSON, COOK & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO JONES, BOYD & CO.,)

Manufacturers of the

BEST REFINED CAST STEEL,

SQUARE, FLAT and OCTAGON, of all sizes; SAW PLATES, HOE, FORK and SHEET CAST STEEL; CAST STEEL for

Reaping and Mowing Machines, Steel Plow Wings, Axles, Circulars, &c., &c.

Cast and Common Plow & Spring Steel.

Office—Corner FIRST AND ROSS STREETS, two blocks above the Monongahela House.

oc23:d9

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN.

GENERAL PARTNERS:

WM. METCALF, GEO. W. BARR, | REUBEN MILLER, CHAS. PARKIN.

SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

Office, No. 339 Liberty St,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

fe14:d48

BLACK DIAMOND STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, 120, 122, 124 SECOND and 119 and 121 FIRST STREETS,

PITTSBURGH.

FERTILIZERS.

TO WHEAT GROWERS.

EUREKA AMMONIATED BONE,

SUP -PHOSPHATE OF LIME,

MANUFACTURED BY

The Allegheny Fertilizer Co.,

SEWARD & CAMPBELL,

PROPRIETORS,

Office, 356 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

The best Fertilizer in use, and recognized by Farmers who have given it a trial, to be the standard for raising large crops of Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, Potatoes, &c. We have published for gratuitous circulation a pamphlet containing interesting and valuable statements of this Fertilizer, copies of which will be sent free to any sending us their address.

PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Manufacturers of

PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPERS

CLINTON MILL—STEUBENVILLE, OHIO.
BRIGHTON MILL—NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,

No. 82 Third Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

OFFICERS—AUGUST HARTJE, President.
JNO. B. LIVINGSTON, Treasurer.
SAMUEL RIDDLE, Secretary.

DIRECTORS—August Hartje, John Atwell, S. H Hartman, John B. Livingston.

Cash paid for Paper Stock.

ja29:o68

FOR SALE.

500 bush. No. 1 Spring Wheat;
200 " prime Winter Wheat;
150 " prime Rye;
1,000 " Oats;
250 " prime Peach Blow Potatoes;

For sale by HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.

FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS.

ATLAS WORKS,

MORTON STREET, Ninth Ward,

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THOMAS N. MILLER, President.

These Works are among the largest and most complete establishments in the West, and are now prepared to furnish

Engines, of every description.

Boilers, Oil Tanks.

Sheet Iron Work.

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no9:n69

NATIONAL FOUNDRY AND PIPE WORKS.

Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,

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WM. SMITH

Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE,

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of

General Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

fe16:t10

THE KNAP FORT PITT FOUNDRY CO.

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Rolling Mill and Blast Machinery.

RETORTS and CASTINGS, of every description.
ERNEST'S NAIL MACHINES. fe24

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LIVINGSTON & CO.,

IRON FOUNDERS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE LIGHT CASTINGS,

All descriptions, for Plumbers and Gas Fitters; Agricultural Implements, Cotton and Woolen Mill Machinery, &c.
All JobWork promptly attended to.

Office and Works—WASHINGTON AVENUE, near Outer Depot, Allegheny City, Pa.

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,

WASHINGTON WORKS,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.
Office, No. 12, corner First and Smithfield Streets.
Agents for GIFFARD'S PETENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r52

MONT BLANC FOUNDRY.

Butler Street, Ninth Ward,

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Rolling Mill and Bridge Castings,

THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES,

MACHINERY AND CASTINGS GENERALLY.

Orders promptly and carefully executed. Charges reasonable.

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oc15:t28

BERLIN FOUNDRY.

PRICE & SIMS.

Office and Warehouse, 29 Wood Street.

Manufacture and keep constantly on hand

Thimble, Skein and Pipe Boxes,

WAGON BOXES, DOG IRONS,

SUGAR KETTLES, HOLLOW WARE,

And Castings generally. ap26:y6

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Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

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ESTABLISHED IN 1836.

Manufactory of STEAM ENGINES, all sizes and of the most approved patterns, for stationary purposes; STEAMBOATS and STEAM FERRY BOATS. A variety of 10, 12 and 16 horse power ENGINES, which will be sold at very reduced prices.

P. F. GEISSE, Wellsville, O.

Fifty miles below Pittsburgh, on the Ohio river, and line of C. & P. R. no9:b2

IRON BROKERS.

SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM,

IRON BROKER,

124 First Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Doughamore, Josephine, Isabella, Duncannon, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and C. B. Charcoal

PIG IRONS.

Consignments and orders respectfully solicited.

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LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS,

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PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bol Copper, Presied Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder. Also, Importers and Dealers in Metal, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire &c. Constantly on hand Tinners' Machines &c. Tools.
Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET and 120 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.
Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. myl4:e34:dwT

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FURNITURE MANUFACTURERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

LEMON & WEISE,

NO. 118 FOURTH STREET.

Constantly on hand every variety of PARLOR and CHAMBER FURNITURE, together with a complete assortment of common Furniture at reduced prices.
Those in want of anything in our line are cordially invited to call before purchasing.
Work guaranteed.

mh21:n14 LEMON & WEISE.

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JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH,

Nurserymen, Florists and Seedsmen.

SEED STORE—112 SMITHFIELD STREET, opposite Post Office, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Greenhouses at Oakland. Nurseries on Squirrel Hill. mh9

ENGINES, BOILERS, &C.

FORT PITT BOILER, STILL AND TANK WORKS.

CARROLL & SNYDER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS.
OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS,
CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS,
SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS;
STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;
PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES.

Office and Warehouse, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,

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☞ Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh7:l89

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O'HARA BOILER WORKS.

MORROW, BARNHILL & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Agitators,

TANKS, SALT PANS, GASOMETERS, WROUGHT IRON BRIDGES, SHEET IRON WORK, &c.

Cor. Liberty and Second Sts.,

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REPAIRING promptly done. jy4:b2

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND SHEET IRON WORKERS,

NOS. 20, 22, 24 AND 26 PENN ST.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.
Repairing done on the shortest notice. ja5:e21

JAMES M. RITER,

Nos. 55 and 56 Water Street,

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MANUFACTURER OF

IRON OIL TANKS,

SETTLING PANS, COPPER STEAM PIPE,

ROLLING MILL STACKS,

And SHEET IRON WORK,

For Steamboats.

STOVES, CASTINGS, &C.

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 235 Liberty Street.

Also on hand and for sale,
PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

CHEAPEST PLACE in the city

TO BUY THE

TRIUMPH COOKING STOVE,

Is at No. 146 GRANT STREET.

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NEW HARDWARE HOUSE.

LINDSEY, STERRIT & EUWER,

Manufacturers and Importers of

HARDWARE,

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337 LIBERTY STREET,

CORNER OF WAYNE,

One Square Below Union Depot,

PITTSBURGH.

☞ Agents for FAIRBANKS' SCALES.

F. MUSSMANN,

FIFTH ST., bet. Tunnel & Chatham Sts.,

Gunsmith and Dealer in Hardware.

First class goods of all descriptions always on hand and sold at the lowest prices. Repairing done carefully on short notice. je26:d30

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PHŒNIX STEAM BREWERY.

JOS. SPENCER....JAS. M'KAY....ROBERT LIDDELL.

SPENCER, M'KAY & CO.,

MALSTERS AND BREWERS

Of Ale, Porter and Brown Stout,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROBERT WATSON, Manager. oc14

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H. J. LANCE,

Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,

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STRAW GOODS CLEANED OR DYED.

KID GLOVES AND LADIES' PLUMES CLEANED OR DYED

STONE.

WEST COMMON

Machine Stone Works,

Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.

FRED'K ATWATER & CO.

Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c.
Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable.

INDIA RUBBER BELTING AND STEAM PACKING, wholesale and retail, at the India Rubber Depot, 26 and 28 St. Clair street.

ap15 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

FINANCIAL.

FORT PITT BANKING COMPANY,

No. 169 Wood Street.

CAPITAL, : : : : : $200,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

AND GOLD.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

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SAM'L. McCLURKAN, Pres't.

D. LEET WILSON, Cashier.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE,

Cor. of Wood and Sixth Sts.

A. PATTERSON.....President.
JOS. H. HILL.....Cashier.

CAPITAL, : : : $500,000.

DIRECTORS:

A. Patterson, Wm. H. Brown, Chas. Lockhart, Allen Kirkpatrick, W. S. Haven, George W. Cass, James McCandless, Wm. Douglas, Wm. Reed.

DISCOUNTS DAILY, AT 11 A. M.

ap9:o22

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Corner Third and Wood Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

COVERNMENT BONDS.

Sight Drafts on London.

my1:s82

N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

57 Market Street,

PITTTSBURGH, PA.

Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and other Securities

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities.

ja30:a1

KEYSTONE BANK,

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THIS BANK IS NOW TRANSACTING A

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS,

AT THEIR NEW BANKING HOUSE.

No. 293 Liberty Street.

Accounts of BANKS, BANKERS, MERCHANTS and others are invited.
Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canada.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

UNITED STATES SECURITIES BOUGHT AND SOLD.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

GEO. T. VAN DOREN, Cashier.

WESTERN SAVINGS BANK,

No. 59 Fourth Street.

CHARTERED 1866.

Interest paid on Time Deposits

ANY SUM RECEIVED FROM

ONE DOLLAR UPWARD.

DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK, WITHOUT INTEREST.

Discounts Daily at 12 o'clock.

President--THOMPSON BELL.

Vice President--A. M. MARSHALL.

DIRECTORS:

THOMPSON BELL, JOS. DILWORTH, J. J. GILLESPIE, A. M. MARSHALL, JOS. ALAREE.

Stockholders to whom we make reference:

Wm. Forsythe, Wm. Caldwell, Willis Dalzell, D. W. C. Bidwell, E. M. Fulton, Joseph Dilworth, Rev. David Kerr, Henry Lambert, A. M. Brown, Thomas Ewing.

E. W. CLARK & CO.

BANKERS.

ESTABLISHED IN 1837.

No. 35 SOUTH THIRD ST.

PHILADELPHIA,

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

7 3-10s Converted Into 5-20.

STOCKS AND GOLD

Bought and sold on commission, here and in New York. TIME PAPER NEGOTIATED.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS OF GOLD AND CURRENCY. Accounts of Banks and Bankers received on favorable terms.
ALL CLASSES OF SECURITIES TAKEN IN EXCHANGE AT MARKET RATES.

fe24:188

MECHANICS' SAVINGS BANK,

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INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS. ANY SUM RECEIVED FROM ONE DOLLAR UPWARD. Deposits received subject to check, without interest.

JAMES BLACKMORE, President.
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TRUSTEES:

James Blackmore, Alex. Tingle, William Beane, A. G. Cubbage, James H. Hopkins, James Bown, W. W. Bradshaw, Robert Wray, John Evans.

REMOVAL.

I HAVE REMOVED MY

BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE

TO THE

Corner of Fifth and Wood Streets,

Formerly occupied by the NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE.

PH. R. MERTZ.

CONVERSION OF 7-30's.

We are now prepared to convert the SECOND and THIRD SERIES of

SEVEN-THIRTIES

INTO THE

New 1867 5-20 Gold Coupon Bonds.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Dealer in Government Securities,

CORNER FOURTH AND WOOD STS.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, April 18, 1868.

Compound interest notes are not in very active demand. Most of these notes are now in the hands of banks, where they will remain till maturity, unless some extraordinary pressure draws them out from their snug retreats. The compounds not matured are due in the months of May, August, September and October of this year, and they amount to about forty-six millions exclusively of the eight or nine millions of interest due upon them. These notes are a very pleasant and profitable reserve for the banks, and their retirement will reduce the income of the national institutions.

May 1, with its heavy shower of gold interes, is rapidly approaching. For fear that the gold bulls and bears are not fully aware of the size of the great May gold disbursements, we give the exact figures: The grand total is $25,194,146, and it is made up of the maturing coupons of the $514,780,500 of the 5-20s of 1862; the $129,443,800 of the 5-20s of 1864, and the $195,593,900 of the 5-20s of 1864.

—The Philadelphia *Ledger*, of Saturday, says: Money was the subject of considerable inquiry among the stock dealers on Third street, though the pinch was not so pressing as the day before, when one small failure was reported. Call loans on Government collateral is still quoted at 7 per cent., and on inferior securities 7½ to 8 per cent. The current street rates for prime commercial paper is 8 to 10 per cent. discount.

—We clip the following from the New York *Times* of Saturday: The Board of Directors of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Road, at their special meeting in this city last evening, carried out the authorized expression of the stockholders of the Company at the meeting in Cleveland in March, by capitalizing 10 per cent. of the net earnings of the road heretofore expended in the improvement of the line and the increase of its equipment and station property. The Scrip Dividend is made 10 per cent. to all stockholders on the close of the transfer books, on Monday next, April 20; the dividend payable May 1.

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co.

Gold	138⅛
U. S. 6's, 1881	112½
" 5-20's, 1862	111
" 5-20's, 1864	109½
" 5-20's, 1865	109½
" 10-40's	101⅞
" 5-20's, Jan. and July, '65	107¾
" " " " '67	107⅞
" June 7-30's	106⅛
" July 7-30's	106⅛
May Comp., 1865	118½

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, April 18, 1868.

CRUDE—The crude market has ruled remarkably quiet during the past week, the sales in the aggregate being comparatively light, while prices have undergone no material change. It was thought during the early part of the week that under the influence of the resumption of navigation and large receipts, that prices would give way, but thus far these expectations have not been realized. On Wednesday and Thursday there were a few sales made at a reduction of about a quarter, but to-day the market closed pretty strong at prices current at the opening of the week, and buyers seemed to be about as numerous as sellers. We can report 700 bbls, to be delivered within ten days, at 8¾; 700 do same delivery, 8¾, and 1000 for April, at 8¾c. May, June and July would command 9c, but so far as we can learn, there are no sellers below 9¼ to 9½c. All the year, buyer option, is nominal at 12c.

REFINED—There was a fair volume of business done in bonded oil during the early part of the week, but for the past two or three days there has been little or nothing done. The market, however, is steady with considerable inquiry both for present and future deliveries, and prices, although without quotable change, are well sustained, and the offerings continue light. We can report a sale of 1000 barrels for April at 21c, delivered free on board cars here, and 1000 for May at 25¾c, delivered in Philadelphia. We are cognizant of a "refusal" having been asked for June to December, at 26c for June and a half advance; the last four months could be sold at 28½c, and all the year, buyer's option, at 31c.

ARRIVALS—The arrivals reported to-day, by river and rail, were as follows:

Mawhinney & E.	3600	Fisher & Bro.	4000
D. M. Edgerton.	1800	J. Wilkins	1240
Jackson & Bro.	1000	R. D. Cochran	4000
Lockhart & F.	240	O. B. Jones	80
Total			18,960
Total receipts for the week			67,394
Total receipts last week			12,300
Total receipts since Jan. 1			280,766

OIL SHIPMETS PER A. V. R. R.

J. C. Kirkpatrick & Co., 295 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Clark & Sumner, 276 do do to P. Wright & Son, Philadelphia,

Fawcett, Logan & Stockdale, 150 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro, Philadelphia.

Nat. Ref. Co., 397 do do to F. A. Dilworth & Co., Philadelphia.

Wormser, Myers & Co., 150 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Fulton, Marvin & Co., 200 do residuum to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

OIL SHIPMENTS FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Hutchinson Oil Co., 102 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co.

Brooks, Ballentine & Co., 41 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Clarke & Co., 10 do crude to S. F. Getty, Philadelphia.

New Orleans Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, April 18.—Cotton firm; middling 31c; receipts 1,552 bales; exports 6,228 bales. Sterling 149¾@152¼. Gold 139¾. Sugar and Molasses unchanged. Flour dull; superfine $9@9,50. Corn quiet at $1@1,03. Oats 75c. Hay unchanged. Lard; tierce 18¼c; keg 19c. Pork held firm at $27,50. Bacon dull; shoulders 13¼@18¾c; rib sides 16¼c; clear do 18c.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, April 18, 1868.

The general markets have been steady and moderately active during the past week, and while there has been a fair volume of business in the aggregate, the transactions have mainly been of a local character, and prices are without special change.

APPLES—Quiet but firm and the supply is light and receipts light. We continue to quote at $4,50 to $6,50, as to quality.

POTATOES—Scarce and firm and in good demand; we now quote Peach Blows at $3,75 to $4, and Buckeyes at $4,25 to $4,50. Sales of Peach Blows in sacks at $1,30 to $1,35 per bushel.

HAY—Is firm and higher, sales having been made on wharf at $25 to $27, for good to prime. Supply light, and the same is true in regard to arrivals.

SEEDS—Cloverseed is dull at $7; a round lot could probably be obtained at $6,50 to $6,75. Timothy is still quoted at 2,50 to $2,75. Flaxseed is in good demand at $2,50 to $2,55.

GRAIN—Winter Wheat—none in market; No. 1 Spring is still quoted at $2,40. Oats quiet, with a supply fully up to the demand, but unchanged; 78 to 79c, on wharf and track, and the usual advance for small lots in store. Ear Corn is in good demand and scarce; it may be quoted at $1 to $1,05. Rye, $1,80 to $1,85. Prime Spring Barley, $2,50.

BUTTER—Is quiet and a little dull, with a drooping tendency; we continue to quote at 45c to 50c for prime to choice Roll.

EGGS—Were in brisk demand to-day, and prices have advanced to 22c.

SALT—Allegheny river brands may be quoted at $1,75 to $1,80 in round lots, and $2, in a small way.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is steady, with a continued fair demand but unchanged; we continue to quote at 14c for Shoulders; 16 to 18c for Ribbed and Clear Sides, and 18¾ to 19c for Plain and 19¾ to 20c for Canvassed Sugar Cured Hams. Lard, 18c in tierces, and 18½c, in kegs. Mess Pork, $27,50 to $28.

LARD OIL—Is firm but unchanged; sales at $1,15 for No. 2, and $1,45 for No 1.

MILL FEED—Is firm but unchanged; sales on wharf at $1,80 for Bran, and $2,25 for Middlings.

FLOUR—Is firm and in moderate local demand but unchanged; $10,75 to $11 for good Spring Wheat; $11,25 to $11,50 for choice do; $12 to $12,50 for Winter Wheat, and $15 to $16 for fancy brands. Rye Flour, $9,50.

New York Produce Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, April 18.—Cotton more active and about ½@1c better; sales 4,800 bales at 30½@31c for middling uplands, chiefly at 31c, closing firm at that price. Flour—receipts 5,113 bbls; shade better and moderate business; sales 10,809 bbls at $9,15 @9,65 for superfine State and Western; $10,15@10,80 for extra State; $10,10@11,25 for extra Western; $12,50@14,00 for white wheat extra; $10,20@14,00 for round hoop Ohio; $19,25@12,00 for extra St. Louis; $12,00 @14,50 for good to choice do., closing quiet; California a shade better; sales 1,600 sacks at $12,75@14,50, latter via Isthmus. Rye Flour steady; sales 200 bbls at $7,40@9,60. Corn Meal in fair request; sales 700 bus at $5,90 for Jersey; $6,37 for Brandywine, and $6,00 for State mills. Whiskey nominal. Wheat—receipts none; a shade better and quiet; sales 1,600 bus at $2,56 for No. 2 spring; $2,63 for No. 1 do., both delivered; $3,25 for white Canada. Rye a shade firmer; sales 3,000 bus State at $1,96. Barley shade firmer; sales 7,500 bus Canada West at $2,23½. Barley malt is quiet. Receipts; corn, 11,000 bush; market opened 1c better and closed quiet; scarcely so firm as yesterday, 54,000 bush sold at $1,19@1,23 for new mixed western afloat; closing at $1,20@1,22 for old; do, $1,21 in store; $1,17 @1,18 for white western and southern; $1,26 for Jersey yellow; $1,17 for southern yellow. Receipts; oats, 650 bush; market dull and declining, 46,500 bush sold at 80@ 86½c for western, chiefly at the inside price. Rice is quiet at 10¼@11¼c. Carolina coffee is firm. Sugar is fairly active, 1,100 hhds Cuba sold at 10¼@12¼c. Molasses is firm; 200 hhds Cuba sold at 49@51c. Hops, quiet at 10@50c for American. Petroleum is quiet at 11¾@12c for Crude; 25½@ 26c for refined bonded. Coal oil is quiet. Leather hemlock, sales steady at previous prices. Wool is quiet without decided change; 200,000 pounds sold at 49@58c; domestic fleece at 44@48½c for pulled. Pork lower and closed more firmly; 2,300 bbls sold at $26,50@26,95c for new mess; closing at $26,75 for regular; $26@26,25 for old do, closing at $26,25 regular; $21,75@22,25 for prime, and $24@24,25 for prime mess. Beef steady; sales of 430 bbls, at $15@20,50 for new plain mess and $20,50@24,25 for new extra mess; also 365 tierces, at $30@36 for prime mess and $40@42 for India mess. Beef Hams nominal. Cut Meats firm; sales of 300 pkgs, at 12½@13c for shoulders and 16@17½c for hams. Bacon firm and quiet; sales of 335 boxes, at 14c for Cumberland cut and 15¼@15½c for short ribbad. Lard firmer; sales of 870 bbls at 17¼@18¼c; also 250 bbls for sellers for May at 18¼c. Butter firm, at 20@40c for Ohio and 50@54c for State. Cheese steady at 13@16½c. Freights to Liverpool quiet and steady; engagements of 15,000 bush wheat, per steam, at 6¼d.

LATEST.—Flour closed quiet and very firm; full prices insisted upon, materially checking the export demand. Wheat firm and quiet at $2,53@2,56 for No. 2 and $2,60 @2,63 for No. 1 Spring. Rye scarce and firm at $1,91@1,92 for western. Oats dull at 86 for western in store. Corn quiet at $1,20 @1,21½ for new mixed western afloat and $1,20@1,24½ for old mixed western in store. Pork firmer and more active at $8,50; New Mess $26,87@27 cash and regular, and $27@ 27,10 seller, May. Beef steady with moderate demand. Cut Meats quiet and firm. Bacon quiet; holders insisting upon very full prices. Lard very firm at 17¾@18¼ for fair to prime steam and kettle rendered. Eggs steady at 20@21.

St. Louis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, April.—Tobacco steady and unchanged. Flour weak and 25c lower for all grades below choice, superfine ranges $6,75@7.50, extra $8,50a9,25, double extra $10a10,60. Wheat held firmly, but the demand light, prime and choice fall $2,65a 2,78, spring ranges at $2,03a2,15. Corn opened firm, but closed weak and dull at 86a90c. Oats firm, but not active at, 70a72c, and small lots of fancy 73c. Barley, prime fall sold at $2.70. Rye, the demand exceeds the supply and prices higher at $1,70a 1,75. Pork dull and drooping at $26,75a27.00. Bulk Meats; sales of 25,000 pounds of Chicago and Peoria on private terms. Bacon very dull, but holders will not make concession; shoulders sold at 13c; clear rib 16c; clear sides 17c and closing firmer; sales of 100,000 pounds of clear sides for the 15th of May 17¼c. Lard sold at 17¼c for choice tierce and 17½c for keg, and closing firmer under European advices. Whiskey scarce and firm at $2,20. Live stock unchanged. Receipts—Flour, 1,900 barrels; wheat, 6,700 bushels; Corn, 63,200 bushels; Oats, 6,100 bushels; Rye, 600 bushels.

Louisville Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, April 18.—Tobacco is firm. Flour; sales were made of Superfine at $8,50 a9, and fancy at $12,50a13. Wheat; sales were made at $2,45a2,50. Oats is selling at 73a75c. Corn, 88a90c for shelled and ear. Rye is firmer at $2,05. Cotton is selling at 28c for Middlings. Lard is firmer at 17¾a 17¾c. Mess Pork, $27a27,25. Bacon; shoulders, 13c, sides, 16¼c, and clear sides, 17¾c. Bulk Meats, shoulders, 12c, and clear sides 16c. Whisky, raw, free, $2,20.

Chicago Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, April 18.—Hogs quiet and firm at $8,25@8,60 for common to good. Beef cattle quiet at $6,50@7 for stock and medium to fair shipping.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

The Erie Railway Disaster.

A letter to a New York journal thus describes the scene of this latest and most shocking horror :

It will be remembered by those who have traveled over the Erie Railroad that from the point at Port Jervis, where it first strikes the Delaware, for over twenty-five miles in greater part, the pathway for the train has been hewn out of the precipitous rock which flanks the river on that side. In many places there is but a single track, the cars as they pass along seem suspended in air, as their outer edges hang over the rocks which rise from the river's brink sometimes to a height of 150 feet to the car plateau, and where far above them tower the rugged summits bleak and barren but for the few straggling pines that crown them. This pathway for the steam engine scooped out of the rock follows the winding of the river, making in a hundred places sharp and always dangerous curves. At Carr's Rock, one of these curves, and probably one of the worst on the whole line, commences for the cars coming toward New York. Here the train describes almost a semi-circle while traversing about 1,500 feet. The height of the embankment, midway in this curve, is 60 feet, sloping rapidly to a plateau underneath, about 150 feet distant, itself high above the river's level. At this point, before the construction of the road, there was a deep gorge. This was bridged over to allow the winter torrents from the hills to escape in this way and save the track from inundation. This bridge, or culvert as it is called by the railroad men, is sustained by great heavy stone buttresses —one on either side the creek, which is perhaps about 20 feet in width.

On reaching the nearest end of this curve, about 700 feet on this side of the bridge, the scene of the affair spread itself before me. Down in the gorge at the foot of the embankment lay the wreck, yet unconsumed by fire, of the four cars which fell over. On either side of the torrent which rushed through the bridge, lay shapeless piles of wagon tires, wheels, twisted iron-work, panels of carriages, stoves, the marble slabs of the wash-stands, brass fittings from the wood-work of the cars, broken mirrors and shreds of half-burned clothing still smoking slowly as the fire fought with the miserable rain-drizzle falling upon them at the time. On neither side of the creek were there any evidences of human remains. Of the car which had been consumed, there was no longer ruin enough left to hide a single blackened bone. The other three had been torn to pieces in the liberation of the wounded and afterward it appears were set on fire and consumed—why, is a something for conjecture. Leaving this sickening scene, and ascending the bluff on hands and knees, we again reached the track above, and went to the other extreme end of the curve, where still lay the broken rail, and where the ill-fated cars first began their horrible dance of death.

The same letter adds: "Although no inhabitant of Port Jervis is among the dead or wounded, this fearful calamity has awakened the most intense feeling among the people, and business may be said to be entirely suspended. Not a few of these discuss the management of the road, and express their astonishment that this thing did not occur long since. They are not slow either to give direction to their censure. They say that the condition of this Delaware division of the line has long been known as dangerous in the extreme; that new rails have been applied for again and again, and that those who knew of their necessity, and whose duty it was to make these applications, were unable to obtain them; that the worst description of iron was supplied when supplied at all, and that when remonstrance was made to this, and a better quality of rail asked for, the reply was, "they cost too much." Talking to an employé of the line at the door of the hotel, last night, about the condition of the track, not then having seen it myself, I said to him: "Are there any other bad rails at that dangerous place that you saw?" I understood him to say in reply, "Four," and repeated the word after him, when he said, excitedly: "Four! my God! no, Sir, but four hundred!"

California Avalanches.

The recent avalanches of Sierra and Placer counties remind the travelers on the coast of California that our State does not belong to the clime of the sun. Though snow is never seen in San Francisco, a distance of two degrees brings us into a region where the reign is perpetual. Along a line of three hundred miles the Sierra rises to a height of more than seven thousand feet. with only a few narrow passes below that level; and at that elevation snow lies throughout the year in the ravines on the northern slopes of the mountains.

The condensation of moisture is greater, as a general rule, on the sides of the highest mountains. The greater the elevation on the Sierra Nevada, the greater the rain fall, until we reach about six thousand feet, above which point snow succeeds.

There are many places in the State where rain is a comparative rarity, though snow falls ten or twelve feet deep in average winters, and forty or fifty in very severe ones. La Porte, Howland Flat, Summit Lake and all the higher peaks are in this class. At all the towns named the snow is now higher than the one-story houses, and the people go from house to house either through tunnels, or they climb upon staircases from their houses to the top of the snow, and travel on snow-shoes. The snow will lie this year as it did last in the streets of Howland Flat, till the 1st of June, and just back of the town on the hillside. it will lie two months longer. But in the narrow canons, especially those at a higher elevation, the snow will drift in to be two hundred feet deep, and will lie there from year to year, forming small glaciers, which, though they seem to be of solid ice a few feet from the surface, are constantly moving down hill. The speed of the movement depends on the grade, and in places where the land is nearly level may not exceed one or two feet in the course of a year. The glacier dwells on the gentle slope, the avalanche on the steep one. When the snow accumulates beyond a certain amount on a declivity, it must slide off, and it moves with a tremendous power. The Cisco avalanche, according to the Sacramento *Reporter*, was five or six miles long, and it must have carried with it a body of snow at least ten feet deep and probably half a mile wide, and a weight of more than 5,000,000 tons. If the seven locomotives caught by the snow are not demolished, it must be because the avalanche did not strike them, or its force was exhausted before it reached them.

We have had three fatal avalanches this week. The first occurred on the 4th inst., at the Independence Mine, on the Downieville Butte, carrying away part of the quartz mill, and killing two men. The second occurred at the Keystone Quartz Mine, three miles south of the Sierra Butte, on the 5th inst. Part of the mill was carried away and five men were killed. The third, the date of which is not given, occurred at Cisco, on the 4th and 5th inst., and killed six men. Thus, within one week thirteen men have lost their lives, and the injury to property is certainly not less than $100,000.—*Alta California, March* 8.

Our Wives and Daughters.

How many husbands treat their wives with constant and tender care for their happiness? How many who do not make it unpleasant for their wives to ask for money? How many who do not shrug their shoulders when a trip to the sea shore and mountain is mentioned? How many who do not return from their business at night cross and disagreeable? How many husbands who spring to their feet whenever there is an opportunity to save a step for the wife? How many who seek daily and hourly to add to the happiness of the one whose happiness they have declared to be so essential to their own? How many who do not begrudge the expense of servants, who think to take home the little appliances that can make a housewife's work light, who plan for recreations and amusements, who praise the care and taste which make for them so attractive a home? How many husbands could pass the test of interrogatories like these?

The fact is, six men out of ten treat their wives most shamefully. Instead of that tenderness for her which marked the first burst of their interest, they are apt to be sour, petulent and imperious. They make little else than slaves of their wives. They compel them to ask for money; they feel that they must frown down every plan for pleasure, and, least of all, never think or speak in praise of that which the wife has done for their happiness. The lives of most husbands are of one long train of grumbling and fault finding. They are blind to the happiness of the one whose life to them is a never-failing joy and inspiration. In many cases they are more courteous and pleasant to the wives of their neighbors than their own.

Husbands, try our plan for a little while and see how it results. Go home and pack up your trunks and take your wives and daughters to the springs, to the mountains, to the shore. What if you have to neglect your business a little—you cannot afford to neglect your wife. You pledged most sacredly not to, and she looks to you for the fulfillment of your vows. Do not wait to be entreated; suggest the thing yourself, and so will the answering love be greater. And while you are making amends for neglect of your wife, follow up your good impulse by making a pleasant plan for your daughters. So shall you have a happy family and a happy home—and so will you be more happy yourself.—*New York Evening Gazette.*

Home-Made Barometers.

[From the Boston Journal of Chemistry.]

Take two sheets of pasteboard paper of any convenient size—say three feet long by two feet wide. Bring the ends together, and glue or paste them tight, each sheet by itself; and they will look like two pieces of paper stove-pipe. Cut thin, round boards exactly to fit in the ends of these paper cylinders. Carefully glue or nail them tight. Now you have two air-tight paper drums with wooden heads. Take a pole of any length you desire—three feet or twelve feet —let one drum be fastened to each end of the pole. Now balance this pole with the drums on each end, on nice pivots, in the middle. Then bore a gimlet through the end of one drum, and you have a good farmer's barometer. One drum is air-tight; one has a hole in it; so there will be more or less air in one drum than there is in another, according as the surrounding air is dense or rarefied. Consequently, in dense or heavy air, the tight drum rises, while the one with the pinhole in it goes down. Crosswise through the middle of the bar or pole, should run a stick as large as one's finger, a foot long, with wire gudgeons, on which the instrument should vibrate or teeter. Let the ends of the pole be slightly lower than the middle that the whole do not make a somerset; smear all with glue or oil, so that no air enter only in the puncture mentioned. Have something you can slide through the bar, to keep it nearly level. Mark, if you please, figures along the pole, to show how far you have moved the balancing poise; though for this there is but little need. This instrument may not be so perfect as a costly barometer; but for all practical purposes it is all one could ask. I have had one more than a year. I look at it a dozen times a day. They could be made and afforded for fifty cents a piece. They could be made as long as a barn, and placed on the loft, with an indicator, to show the distant mower when to make his hay.

How Advertisers are Duped.

The business men in almost every community, says the Buffato *Courier*, have taken from them thousands of dollars annually by a class of men whose sole business is to invent devices for special advertising, and who give no adequate return for the same. If the actual loss to the advertiser lay in the amount paid for his advertisement extraordinary, it would not be so bad, but when it induces in his mind the complacent belief that he has done all that is necessary to be done to inform the public where his place of business is, and what he will sell for, the thing becomes in a greater or less degree disastrous to his business. Of all the inventions which have been made known to the advertiser, the most effective medium which to make himself manifest to the public is the daily newspaper. The same amount of money that is thrown away on bulletin boards, frames, hotel registers, street railroad cars, calenders, and all the other devices of the enemy, would give the advertiser a prominent "display" in the columns of a newspaper, where he would be recognized every day in the year by one or fifty readers, till his name beeame as a household word. The fact is, there are a great many men who acknowledge the absolute necessity of advertising, who do not hesitate to attribute their success to it, and yet do not comprehend the philosophy of advertising, and who, if they gave the subject the same thoughtful attention they do to other branches of their business, might save to themselves a sum more than equal to any demand a newspaper might make upon them.

A LOMBARD PAPER relates a curious incident that lately occurred in Brescia. A male child was put out to nurse immediately after its birth, with a woman living a some distance from the city. Three months afterwards the parents called to see it. The nurse produced a girl baby and insisted that this was their child. By dint of threats she was, however, obliged to confess that with the hope of earning a double fee she had carried the boy to the foundling hospital and the next day had presented herself at that institution to adopt a child supposing she would receive the same she had left. It turned out that she has received a girl. On inquiry at the hospital it was discovered that at the hour when the child of these distracted parents was left there, another male child was also deposited and there were no distinguishing marks. The father, reasoning that he might always be tormented with doubts if he left either, concluded to adopt both, and did so.

A NEW ANECDOTE is told of George IV. When in his later years the Regent arrogated to himself, as he was wont to do, the title of "peacemaker of Europe," somebody spoke of the fact to Sheridan. "Oh," said old Sherry, "that is nothing. What the Regent chiefly prides himself on is last year's extraordinary harvest."

POLITICAL.

☞CONGRESS—22d DISTRICT.

Gen. J. S. NEGLEY

Is a candidate for nomination before the Union Republican Convention. mh17:d&T

☞CONGRESS—22d DISTRICT.

THOMAS HOWARD, Esq.,

Is a candidate for nomination, by the Union Republican Congressional Convention. mh31:d&T

☞FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

LEVI BIRD DUFF,

Subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap17:o9:2-d&T

☞FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

Gen. A. L. PEARSON,

Subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. mh24:n24-d&T

☞FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

WILLIAM C. MORELAND,

Subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. mh27:n43:d&T

☞ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

JOHN W, RIDDELL

Will be a candidate for Assistant District Attorney, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap10:d&T

☞ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

J. B. FLACK,

Subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. mh26:n42-d&T

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH restored in four weeks. Success guaranteed. DR. RICORD'S ESSENCE OF LIFE restores manly powers, from whatever cause arising; the effects of early pernicious habits, self-abuse, impotency and climate give way at once to this wonderful medicine, if taken regularly according to the directions (which are very simple and require no restraint from business or pleasure.) Failure is impossible. Sold in bottles at $3, or four quantities in one for $9. To be had only of the sole appointed agent in America, H. GERITZEN, 205 Second Avenue, New York. fe20:h54:TTS

☞PHILOSOPHY OF MARRIAGE, a New Course of Lectures, as delivered at the New York Museum of Anatomy, embracing the subjects: How to live and what to live for; Youth, Maturity and Old Age; Manhood generally reviewed; the cause of indigestion, flatulence and nervous diseases accounted for; Marriage Philosophically considered, &c.

Pocket volumes containing these lectures will be forwarded to parties unable to attend, on receipt of four stamps, by addressing: SECRETARY, New York Museum of Anatomy and Science, 618 Broadway, New York. fe20:h65:1:TH:S

☞MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.—An Essay for Young Men on the Crime of Solitude, and the DISEASES and ABUSES which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Penn'a] ja30:k67F

BUSINESS CHANGES.

DISSOLUTION.—The PARTNERSHIP of COLEMAN, FORRESTER & CO. was dissolved April 1st, 1868. The business of the late firm will be settled by either of the late partners, at the office.

COLUMBUS COLEMAN,
SAMUEL FORRESTER,
THEODORE F. COLEMAN.

In retiring from the late firm, I thank a generous public for their very liberal patronage, and cheerfully recommend the new firms as being experienced mechanics and accommodating business men.

COLUMBUS COLEMAN.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—SAMUEL FORRESTER, THEODORE F. COLEMAN and WM. KNOCH, on the 1st day of April, 1868, formed a Copartnership under the style of FORRESTER, COLEMAN & KNOCH, for the purpose of manufacturing all descriptions of Buggies, Buck Wagons, Spring and Plain Wagons, Drays, Carts, Wheelbarrows, Locust Hubs, Spokes, Hay Rakes and Forks, Straw Cutters, Trucks, &c. Our work will be made of dry timber, and warranted equal to any made in the United States.

DUQUESNE WAGON WORKS, Nos. 16, 17, 18 and 19 Marion avenue, opposite the Penitentiary, Allegheny. FORRESTER, COLEMAN & CO. ap15:o75-TH&M

HAVING DISPOSED OF MY LUMBER YARD, situate at 157 Rebecca bar, to keep it nearly level. Mark, if you Street, Allegheny, Pa., and long owned and conducted by Messrs. PATTERSON & EVANS, to ALEXANDER PATTERSON, I take pleasure in recommending my successor to all my customers and to all who are interested in securing the best qualities of all kinds of Lumber at prices to suit the most fastidious.

E. R. DONAHOE.

ap15:o69

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the name and style of

JOHN H. BOYTS & CO.,

Is this day dissolved by mutual consent, the interest of JOHN KNABLE having been purchased by WM. N. OGDEN. The business of the late firm will be settled by JOHN H. BOYTS and WILLIAM N. OGDEN, who have this day formed a Copartnership under the name and style of BOYTS & OGDEN.

JOHN H. BOYTS,
JOHN KNABLE.

Pittsburgh, March 9th, 1868. ap16:o68

NOTICE.

I have sold my stock of BOOTS, SHOES, &c., to my son, GEORGE W. TANNER, and solicit the patronage of my former customers to the house.

JAMES P. TANNER.

PITTSBURGH, April 9th, 1868.

Referring to the above card, I respectfully ask the continuance of the patronage of the former house. Prices shall be as low as the lowest.

GEO. W. TANNER,

ap15:o45

DISSOLUTION.—THE FIRM OF ATWELL, LEE & CO. was dissolved on the 1st of February, 1868, by mutual consent; Either partner may sign the name of the firm in settlement.

JOHN ATWELL.
CHARLES ATWELL.
A. J. LEE.

The undersigned will continue the WHOLESALE GROCERY BUSINESS, under the name and style of ATWELL & LEE, at the old place, No. 131 Second street. A continuance of the patronage of their friends and the public is respectfully solicited.

CHARLES ATWELL.
mh7:m53 A. J. LEE.

NOTICE TO OWNERS OF

DRAYS, HACKS, &c.

Notice is hereby given to all owners of Drays, Carts, Carriages, Buggies, &c., whether resident or non-resident in the City of Pittsburgh, to pay their Licenses at the Treasurer's Office of the City of Pittsburgh FORTHWITH, in accordance with an Act of Assembly, approved March 30th, 1860, and and an Ordinance of the Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, passed April 16, 1860.

All Licenses not paid on or before MAY 15, 1868, will be placed in the hands of the Chief of Police for collection, subject to his fee of 50 cents for the collection thereof, and all persons who neglect or refuse to take out Licenses will be subject to a penalty, to be recovered before the Mayor, double the amount of the License.

The old metal plates of previous years must be returned at the time Licenses are taken out, or pay 25 cents therefor.

RATES OF LICENSE:

Each One Horse Vehicle	$ 7 50
Each Two Horse "	12 00
Each Four Horse "	15 00
Each Two Horse Hack	15 00

Omnibuses and Timber Wheels drawn by Two Horses, Eighteen Dollars each. For each additional Horse used in any of the above vehicles, One Dollar.

SAMUEL ALLINDER,
City Treasurer.

PITTSBURGH, February 18, 1868.

WASHINGTON MILLS,

WASHINGTON STREET,
Near Pittsburgh Grain Elevator

W. W. ANDERSON,

Manufacturer of CORN MEAL, RYE FLOUR and CHOPPED FEED. Orders delivered in either city free of charge. Grain of all kinds chopped, and Corn shelled, on short notice.

JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,

Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195,
FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.
Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS, HOPS, &c. mh28,n53

INDIA RUBBER HOSE, from 3-4 to 3 inch calibre, at India Rubber Depot. ap15 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

PROFESSIONAL.

JOS. A. BUTLER,
ALDERMAN AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.
Office, 126 WYLIE STREET, near Washington, PITTSBFRGH, PA.
Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions, Collections, and all other legitimate business executed promptly. mh20:n9

ARCHIBALD BLAKELEY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
No. 98 FIFTH STREET,
ap6:n90:d&F PITTSBURGH, PA.

SAMUEL McMASTERS,
ALDERMAN,
Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace and Police Magistrate. Office, GRANT STREET, opposite the Cathedral, PITTSBURGH, PA.
Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions, and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch. mh16

EUSTACE S. MORROW,
ALDERMAN,
EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.
OFFICE, NO. 73 PENNA. AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, PA.
Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch. my20

A. AMMON,
Justice of the Peace,
CONVEYANCER, REAL ESTATE & INSURANCE AGT.
CARSON STREET, EAST BIRMINGHAM.
Collection of Rents solicited and promptly attended to. my3:y60

WILLIAM H. BARKER,
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, CONVEYANCER, &C.,
Office, CARSON STREET, nearly opposite the Railway Depot, SOUTH PITTSBURGH.
Business entrusted to his care promptly attended to. my1:y61

JOSEPH M. GAZZAM.....J. R. BUTTERFIELD.
G. M. M'MASTER.

M'MASTER, GAZZAM & BUTTERFIELD,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW,
And Solicitors in Bankruptcy,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
OFFICE, 98 GRANT STREET,
Opposite the Cathedral.
Je15:TTS

DANIEL McMEAL, M. D.,
PRACTICING PHYSICIAN,
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE,
No. 59 Grant St., near High.
ap20:x71

J. S. FERGUSON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
No. 87 Fifth Street,
SECOND FLOOR, FRONT ROOM. ap4:w73

W. A. LEWIS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
No. 99 Diamond Street,
mh5:n8 PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOHN W. RIDDELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office, 116 Diamond Street,
(Opposite the Court House,)
fe15:144 PITTSBURGH, PA.

H. C. MACKRELL,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
No. 89 Grant Street,
my24:b25 PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOHN A. STRAIN,
ALDERMAN,
EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.
Office, 113 FIFTH STREET, opposite the Cathedral, Pittsburgh, Pa. Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages Acknowledgments, Depositions and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch.

JOHN C. McCOMBS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
No. 87 Fifth Street.
Pensions, Bounties and Arrears of Pay promptly collected. no:g70:89

HOTELS.

THE MANSION HOUSE.

The undersigned beg to announce to their friends and the public that they have purchased this OLD ESTABLISHED and POPULAR HOUSE,

No. 344 Liberty Street,

And will continue to keep it in the best style. The MANSION HOUSE has over one hundred rooms, all newly furnished in the best style, and only two minutes' walk from the Railroad Depot. Travelers will find this house an excellent one to stop at, and will be accommodated any hour, day or night.

Connected with the House is a splendid Hall for Concerts.

Families or single persons taken to board by the day, week or month, with or without rooms.

H. WAGNER,
mh17:m37 PITTSBURGH.

CONDUCTED ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

ST. JAMES HOTEL,
Nos. 405 and 407 Liberty St.,
Opposite Union Depot, PITTSBURGH.
JAMES K. LANAHAN, Proprietor,

This house is newly built and splendidly furnished, and convenient to all the Railroads coming into the city. Strangers visiting the city will find this a very convenient and economical plan. You secure your room and pay for your meals as you get them. The Restaurant connected with this hotel is open at all hours of the day and night. Balls and parties supplied with Suppers at the shortest notice and reasonable rates. se18:g88

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
E. D. of Pennsylvania,
PHILADELPHIA, April 10th, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the 9th day of April, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the

ESTATE OF JOSEPH PENNOCK,

Of Philadelphia, in the county of Philadelphia, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 615 Walnut street, Philadelphia, before J. HUBLEY ASHTON, Esq., Register, on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M.

P. C. ELLMAKER,
ap13-M U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

WESTERN DISTRICT of PENNSYLVANIA, ss.

At Pittsburgh, the 28th day of March, A. D. 1868.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of JACOB F. DIFFENBACHER, of Ohio township, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.

JOHN H. BAILEY, Assignee,
mh30:M Attorney-at-law, 89 Grant street.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, A libel of information has been filed in the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, against the Brewery of ANDREW KOENIG, situated in the city of Allegheny, and about 70 bbls. of Schenk Beer, 40 bbls. of Lager Beer, 10 hogsheads, 2 vats, 6 barrels, 1 vat, 1 small vat, 1 copper pump, 3 sections of hose, containing about 70 feet; 2 small tubs, 1 bucket, 1 kettle and appurtenances; 1 cooler —being the property of Andrew Koenig. The said Andrew Koenig and all persons claiming an interest in said property are hereby notified to be and appear before our said Court, at Pittsburgh, on the 30th day of April, 1868, at 11 o'clock A. M., then and there to make answer to the premises, and intervene for their respective interests, and make their allegations in that behalf.

THOS. A. ROWLEY, U. S. Marshal.
Marshal's Office, April 10, 1868. ap11:o68

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,
ANCHOR COTTON MILLS,
PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturers of HEAVY, MEDIUM and LIGHT ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

D. P. HATCH,

REAL ESTATE OFFICE,

No. 91 Grant Street, Pittsburgh.

REAL ESTATE

AND PERSONAL PROPERTY

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

WILL GIVE PROMPT ATTENTION TO

Negotiation of Loans, Attend to the Renting of Property, Collection of Claims, &c., &c.

JOHN D. BAILEY & BRO.,

STOCK AND REAL ESTATE BROKERS

AND AUCTIONEERS,

Are prepared to sell at Auction STOCKS, BONDS, and all kinds of SECURITIES, REAL ESTATE, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., either on the premises or at the Board of Trade Rooms.

Particular attention paid, as heretofore, to the sale of Real Estate at private sale.

Sales of Real Estate in the country attended.

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Will sing the Soprano part.

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CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE O'CONNOR-TACK CASE.

Court of Quarter Sessions—Hon. F. Carrol Brewster, Associate Justice.

The taking of testimony on the part of the prosecution in this case was resumed on Friday morning:

Wm. Dilworth, Jr., sworn—My residence is at Pittsburgh. I am a dealer in lumber and oil; I was tolerably familiar with the oil market in June, July and August; about the latter part of June refined oil was 22 cents in Philadelphia; about the latter part of July it went up to 28 and 29 cents; the rise began somewhere from the 1st to the 5th of the month; in August the market advanced gradually, and in September it was at its highest, October contracts selling for 51 cents; and in October and November it fell. The fluctuations of the Antwerp market affected this market. The market responded to Antwerp in rising and falling. I knew of no scarcity in our region; the supply seemed to be ahead of the demand; I have a slight acquaintance with Emile Schalk; he has been in the oil business for a year or so. I knew a man named Edgar Williams; he acted as agent for Schalk. I think the supply of crude oil diminished from the time the river fell. During that season there must have been over 600,000 barrels of it at Pittsburgh.

Cross examined.—I know that in July the price of oil was high here, and not so high in Antwerp; the Antwerp market should be, but is not affected in its fluctuations like other markets, by the supply and demand; I am satisfied the advance last summer was not legitimate from the amount of oil on hand; refined oil went down steadily here from April until the first of July; there was a large demand in July for oil to be shipped, and this had a tendency to raise the market; the number of short sales that season was also heavy, and this went to cause a rise; this demand for shipment and to meet their heavy contracts would most probably leave a legitimate rise in the market.

William B. Johns, sworn—I am Deputy Collector of the Custom House of Philadelphia, and was in the summer of 1867. (A paper was shown the witness.) This is a certified copy of the shipping circular for July and August, 1867; I can only say that I certified to the correctness of this statement so far as it goes, and can't tell what it contains; it sets forth vessels that were cleared during July and August.

(The District Attorney read from the circular that it showed a shipment, during the whole of July, of 93,604 barrels of oil, and during half of August, 14,963, for foreign ports. The circular of Jules Crucey & Co. were read, setting forth that the following cargoes of oil were loading for Europe: July 1, 140,000 barrels; July 6, 156,375; July 13, 171,800 barrels; July 20. 130,189 barrels; July 27, 114,450 barrels; August 3, 70,200; August 10, 320,281;)

Chas. C. Burke, sworn.—I live in the vicinity of Pittsburgh; I know Theodore Tack, and the firm of Tack, Bros. & Co.; Mr. Theodore and Mr. Augustus are the most active members; I know Frank, but do not know whether he is a partner or not; I think I know the handwriting of Frank; I know of Brewer, Burke & Co., on June 14, selling to Tack Bros. 1,000 barrels of oil; in August we sold Tack, Bros. & Co., and hold their contract for 2,000 barrels, price 31½ cents deliverable in the ensuing four months; at the time the sale was made they said it was for another party; that sold in June was sold direct to them for aught I know; September 6 we sold them 1,500 barrels, at 34 cents; I suppose they bought it for themselves, as they gave their own contract; I think we sold them 1,000 barrels in October, at 34 cents; I know it was 1,000 barrels for December delivery; I saw Theodore Tack in Pittsburgh shortly after his return from Philadelphia, and he gave his opinion that the market would advance; some one said he had changed his opinion, and he replied it was well enough to be short on oil, but it was necessary to know when to get on the other tack; I know they bought a good deal of oil about that time; there was a paper drawn up in pencil for the purpose of ascertaining how many parties in Pitsburgh could be had to buy oil in Antwerp; Mr. Schalk I think was the leading party with the paper; I think I got the paper from Mr. Schalk, Mr. Burke and Dilworth; I asked several persons to sign the paper; I think my firm signed it; Schalk did, and Tack Bros.; there was another paper afterwards which I never saw; the first paper went back to Mr. Schalk.

The Commonwealth asked for the paper and the defence said they did not have it.

Cross-examination—I think the proposition was a fizzle; I don't know whether it was abandoned because oil went up in Antwerp; Mr. Schalk suggested the paper, and I think my brother drew it up.

Julius Munsheimer, sworn—I am engaged in business in Pittsburgh; I know Emil Schalk, and recollect seeing him in the summer of 1867; we had a conversation in June or July, and he advised me to buy refined oil to fill contracts instead of refining it myself; he took the position that it was more prudent to buy refined oil than to work the crude; I did not stop refining.

Cross-examined—I am a refiner of oil, and Mr. Schalk was one also; he had large works at that time; there was a board of refiners, and it was a matter of constant consultation, and I had held frequent conversations with Mr. Schalk; it was cheaper to buy oil than to make it.

Examination direct—We had made contracts on crude purchased, therefore the state of the market did not affect us.

Daniel L. Miller recalled—I live at Riverton, N. J., and do business in Philadelphia, chiefly petroleum. I know Augustus H. Tack and Theodore Tack; Augustus H. manages in Philadelphia, and Theodore resides in Pittsburgh; Frank resides in Pittsburgh; Emil Schalk resided in Pittsburgh last summer; John Grierson was in the firm of Bunker, Brothers & Co., and was the managing member of the firm; he is in business now with Emil Schalk; refined petroleum is chiefly shipped to Europe; the barrels hold from forty to forty-five and forty-eight gallons; they are growing larger; in addition to the ordinary demand for oil in the summer of 1867, there were heavy speculative orders which increased the price; a corner was feared, and persons were prevented from going into the market; Jules Crucey & Co. are petroleum brokers, a few doors from the Tacks; they were very large brokers, and issued circulars regularly every week; the statements in their circulars were startling in their character, and therefore the subject of discussion in the trade; our firm got one of the Tack contracts, and Mr. Tack said he would consult Mr. O'Connor; subsequently a formal demand was made upon Mr. Tack as the agent of Mr. O'Connor; I made a deposit of $1,000 in the contract with Peter Wright & Son; Tack said O'Connor had remitted him $4,000 as a margin, but in a telegraph dispatch subsequently, had not acknowledged the call; I had never heard of the Trust Company in connection with this contract; the Tacks said they could not execute the contract, because my deposit had not been made in accordance with the contract; I was at a loss to know why the contract was refused: at an interview with Mr. O'Connor he said the Tacks had violated his instructions, as the deposits were to be made in a certain trust company.

Francis Bates, sworn—I live in Allegheny City, and am engaged in refining oil; I know Frank Tack, but am not positive that I would know his handwriting; don't know this to be his writing; I know of Tack Brothers calling for 500 barrels of oil in July which was sold to them in May; Mr. Schalk told me I had better stop my refining and buy oil, as there would be a large demand for it, and I had better be prepared for it; I had asked him the prospects of the market when he gave me the advice.

Cross-examined—I think a number of refineries had ceased operation at that time; I went on manufacturing to fill money engagements, and the remarks of Mr. Schalk were brought out by those conversations; I did not suppose, from the state of the market on the first of July, that we would be called upon until the last of the month, but I was surprised to find the calls made in the middle of the month.

Examination direct—My contract was with Tack Brothers, and we had it furnished at 33 cents; the contract price was 28 cents; our brokers furnished the oil and charged us the difference.

Mr. O'Connor recalled—I know Frank Tack's handwriting; this is it; this letter was delivered at my house in Pittsburgh.

Mr. Miller recalled—I had a conversation with Schalk in the summer of 1867, in which he said that oil would inevitably advance; he referred to the purchase of considerable quantities in Europe and the power he and others had over the market.

Cross-examined—I was examined in the equity proceeding; in June and July there were a number of vessels loading for Europe in the port of Philadelphia; their capacity was from 140,000 to 150,000 barrels of oil, an unprecedented amount; this required an unusual supply from Pittsburgh; in consequence of the low state of the water there was apprehension of a corner.

Mr. Kirkpatrick re-called.—Mr. O'Conner paid Mr. Lyons and myself $4,000 on the contract of the Tack Bros; I was to deliver 500 barrels of oil, at 26 cents per gallon, in June, to the Messrs. Tack.

Cross-examined.—I should think the Messrs. Tack lost if they held the contract of the 500 barrels to that time.

Examined direct.—I was applied to by Mr. Schalk and Mr. Tack to enter into the Antwerp arrangement.

Mr. Chase was re-called, and produced the other key referred to in his previous testimony, which showed the word "foremap" as used in some of the telegraph dispatches, meant James O'Conner.

Cross-examined.—The names of the principal dealers in and refiners of petroleum are in the book; I suppose Mr. O'Conner's name was put in the book as a dealer.

Examined direct.—The word "favorite" in the book means Charles Lennig; he is a chemist, but he dealt in oil.

Cross-examined.—Mr. Lennig was a partner in the Fairview Oil Refinery, and a large dealer in oil.

A large batch of telegrams were placed in evidence, and the Commonwealth closed Adjourned.

[The able counsel of the Messrs. Tack, after all the evidence of the prosecutor was in, saw no necessity for offering any testimony for the defense, inasmuch as they held that not a shadow of a case had been made out by the Commonwealth. The arguments, to the jury, of the defendants' counsel were commenced on Saturday, and in our next issue we will publish a full report of the opening speech. The case will, in all probability, be terminated tomorrow.]

Trouble in "Louse Row."

A disgraceful row took place in "Louse Row," in the Third ward, Saturday, between Mary Kelly and her husband, Wm. Kelly. William, it appears, has been a worthless husband, and instead of protecting his wife and providing for her support, depended upon her for his daily rations, and beat and abused her if she failed to provide them. Mary tired of this treatment and some months since "cut loose" from her disagreeable spouse, who removed to Wheeling. Saturday morning he returned to the city, and ascertaining that his wife occupied appartments in "Louse Row" paid her a visit, the object of which appears to have been to persuade her to go to Wheeling with him. He informed her that he had a good situation there, was making money, and that he wanted to "take her to his arms again." A remembrance of his former rough treatment being strongly impressed upon Mary's mind, from the many bruises she had received on the head, back, and other portions of her body, she flatly refused to accompany him, whereupon William became enraged and swore she should go. She replied that she had lived more comfortable and pleasant during the six months he had been absent than ever she had with him, and she did not desire to return. William replied that she must "come or die," and immediately seized hold of her by the throat, and would perhaps have inflicted serious injury upon her had not her cries for help brought some of the neighbors to her rescue. She made information before Alderman McMasters, charging her husband with assault and battery. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

Fire on Centre Avenue.

At ten minutes past two o'clock Sunday morning a fire occurred in a two story frame building at the corner of Centre avenue and Roberts street, in the Seventh ward. The building was owned by Robert Franklin and was divided into three compartments. The one on the corner was occupied by John Coulter, as a grocery, the one adjoining it by John Schlegel, as a tin shop, the third by William Eckerman, as a barber shop in the front room, a colored family in the back room, and an Irish family up stairs. The fire originated in the tin shop and had been burning some time before it was discovered. The alarm was given from box 54 and was promptly communicated to the different engine houses, but owing to some disarrangement of the machinery in the tower, there was but one stroke on the tower bell. Before the steamers arrived the fire had made considerable progress, but it was soon extinguished. The house was almost entirely destroyed and will constitute the principal loss. It was fully insured. Mr. Schlegel's loss will not exceed $500 and he was insured for $1,200. Mr. Coulter's loss will perhaps reach $500, on which there is a partial insurance. The losses of the other parties were very slight. The fire, it is supposed, caught from a grate in the tin shop, as there was no fire in any other part of the building.

A Cruel Husband.

Elizabeth Schwind made information before Alderman McMasters Saturday, charging her husband, Frank Schwind, with assault and battery. The parties reside on Fourth street, and have been married only about six months. Mrs. S., it appears, was the mother of a child before she married Schwind, and possessed some twelve or fifteen hundred dollars in money. While the money lasted, all went "merry as a marriage bell," but the husband, being a beer drinking spendthrift, soon made way with it, and then the trouble began. The wife alleged that her husband had frequently abused her, and she showed marks on her person that corroborated her statement. She further stated that, latterly, he has exhibited great cruelty to her child, which is less than a year old, and that he declares he will not live in the house with it. She exhibited marks of pinches and bruises on the child's arm. The accused was arrested and taken before the Alderman, but the wife declined to prosecute, notwithstanding she persisted that the statements she had made were true. The Alderman discharged the husband on payment of costs.

A Brutal Husband.—Mrs. Elizabeth Seifert, formerly residing at Soho, came to the Mayor's office Saturday and related her grievances to the Mayor. She states that her husband, Erhart Seifert, who is a rag picker, has for some cause taken a dislike to her and not only refuses to contribute to her support, but has actually driven her from his house, leaving her dependent upon the meagre charities of a cold world for her subsistence, and threatened to kill her if she ever returned. A charge of abandonment was preferred against the unfeeling rag picker, and a warrant was issued for his arrest. He will also be held for surety of the peace if the facts in the case warrant it.

Fire in the Oil Region.—We learn by a private telegram that a destructive fire occurred at Triumph City, about three o'clock Saturday afternoon, by which twenty-three houses were destroyed. We were unable to obtain any further particulars.

Death from Arsenic—Suicide.

A singular case of suicide occurred in East Liberty, Friday night, the victim being Henry Strothoff, a German, late a resident and formerly proprietor of the Farmer's Home," a small hotel in that place. In January he sold the hotel property for $5,500, and removed to a house on Highland avenue. He appears to have been a man of weak mind, but had a most avaricious and grasping disposition. After having disposed of the property he was led to believe that he had not received a fair compensation for it, by the representations of some of his neighbors, who told him it was worth $10,000. He endeavored several times to regain possession of the property he had disposed of, but failed to do so. His supposed loss in selling his property at that price so worked upon his mind as to completely break it down. On the 11th inst. he went to the drug store of Lewis C. Castner, East Liberty, and purchased an ounce of arsenic, which he stated to the druggist was to poison rats. Friday afternoon he visited his farm at Morningside, and returned home about nine o'clock. Shortly after eleven he was taken suddenly ill, and Dr. R. J. Davis was called in, but before he arrived the unfortunate man had expired. Coroner Clawson was notified and held an inquest on the body Saturday morning, when the following testimony was elicited:

John Neff, sworn—Deceased got on my wagon at about half past six o'clock Friday evening. Went over to Morningside, about one mile with me, to see some ground he had purahased. Said he did not like it I asked him if he was in town. He said he was. Said "this ground will be the death of me." Said, also, that he would not go off the ground. He was crying all the time. Did not say anything about having taken anything. He gave me some money to take to his wife, but afterwards took it back. He left the place at about nine o'clock.

M. Schennman, sworn—Went over to the farm of the deceased Friday evening to have him try a horse I had purchased. He tried to pull me off my horse. He was crying at the time. He told me he was not going home again. I wanted him to come with me, but he would not come. He started toward morningside, and told me he was going to Sharpsburg, and asked me to go home. Said "Good-bye Mike, you will hear something in the morning." Said if he did not get his property back he would not go home again.

Frank Garber, sworn—Deceased came to me at the stone quarry, at twenty minutes before twelve, where I was working, on Thursday. He pulled out a small packet with a red string around it. Did not tell me what was in it. I wanted to see it. I did not take anything from him. He said something about stopping building.

Lewis C. Castner sworn—Keep a drug store on the Greensburg Pike, East Liberty. Deceased bought one ounce of arsenic from me on the 11th of April. Said it was for the rats in his hot-bed. (This was shown by the register.)

Dr. R. J. Davis sworn—Am satisfied from the symptoms, that the deceased died from the effects of arsenic poisoning. Was called in after twelve o'clock, on Friday night. He had just died before I reached the house.

The testimony here closed, and the jury, after brief deliberation, returned the following verdict: "That the said Henry Strothoff came to his death from the effects of arsenic, administered by his own hands, on the 17th of April, 1868, and the jury believe him to have been partially deranged."

The deceased was a man of considerable property. He leaves a wife and eight children.

M'lle De Lussan.

Hear what eminent musical authorities have said of the M'lle de Lussan, the famous New York soprano who takes the leading part in the grand renditon of Rosni's Stabat Master, under the auspices of Prof. C. Tetedoux:

Boston.—Brignoli's concerts—M'me de Lussan has a voice of great compass and of a naturally full and pleasing quality. Her reception has been very flattering.

Providence.—Gottschalk's concerts—M'me De Lussan has a powerful soprano voice. She sings with great taste, and her style is of the purest school. All her pieces were encored.

Washington.—Opera. Favorita and Trovatore. M'me de Lussan is a real artiste. She belongs to the dramatic school of singers. She renders her parts with force and earnest feeling, showing high dramatic capacity. She seemed to have inspired the others, &c., &c.

Philadelphia.—Opera. M'me de Lussan's debut was a beautiful success. We want to hear her again.

The sale of season tickets for the two concerts of the 23d and 24th inst., in which M'me de Lussan is to take a prominent part, begins this morning at 9 o'clock, at Kleber's music store.

Disorderly Bawdy House.

Mrs. Annie Connor resides on Washington street, in the vicinity of Hamilton's Court, where it is alleged one Delia Elsberry, a colored woman, keeps a bawdy house, which is an annoyance to Mrs. Connor as well as to the entire community. Mrs. C., in order to rid himself of this nuisance, made information before Alderman McMasters, Saturday, charging Delia with keeping a disorderly house, in which she alleges that it is a perfect den of iniquity, and that lewd women and vile men, of all ages and colors and from every clime, frequent the place, to the great annoyance of all well disposed citizens of the neighborhood. The accused was arrested and held for Court.

Neglected to Pay his Wharfage.—G. H. Ward, of Ward's Landing, on the Allegheny river, made information before Alderman Strain, Saturday, against James McAninch, charging him with intent to defraud. He alleges that the accused moored a raft at his landing and removed it without paying his wharfage. McAninch was arrested and taken to the Alderman's office, where the matter was amicably arranged between the parties and the accused discharged.

A Rude Butcher.—Frederick Kessler, an old man, made information before the Mayor, Saturday, charging John Gaelz, a butcher at 24 Wylie street, with assault and battery. He alleges that the butcher came into a grocery store on Wylie street, where he was making some purchases, seized him rudely by the shoulder, shook him, and threatened to knock him down when he remonstrated with him. Gaelz was arrested and held for a hearing.

Sudden Death.—While attending to her household duties on Saturday afternoon, Mrs. William Barker, Sr., residing on Smithfield street, near Diamond alley, fell to the floor in an apopletic fit and expired almost instantly. She was an excellent Christian lady, beloved and esteemed by all who enjoyed her acquaintance. She leaves a very large and valuable estate to her heirs. She had attained the ripe age of seventy-five years.

Another Sample Case.—Harvy Griffith, of the firm of J. H. Griffith & Co., dealers in trimmings and gents furnishing goods, was arrested on Saturday, and taken before Alderman Humbert on a charge of selling goods by sample, without having taken out a license. He was held to bail for a hearing.

Bawdy House in South Pittsburgh.—Celia Byrnes, of South Pittsburgh, was charged before Justice Barker of that borough yesterday, on oath of P. G'Niel, with keeping a bawdy house. She was arrested, and in default of the required bail was committed to jail for a hearing.

Another Bawdy House Case.—Information was made before Alderman Humbert, a few days since, charging H. Rhu and others with keeping an assignation house at No. 44 Smithfield street. The parties were arrested and held to bail in the sum of $2,000 for their appearance at Court.

Highway Robbery.

One of the most impudent robberies that has been committed in this city for some time past was perpetrated on an old gentleman about eleven o'clock Saturday night. The old man, with his family, consisting of a wife and five children, arrived at the Union Depot, Saturday, *en route* for the west. He had been a farmer in Maryland, and was migrating to Wisconsin. After purchasing his tickets to his place of destination he had, it appears, but thirty dollars left. By some mistake he failed to take the first train west, and consequently was compelled to remain in the city until four o'clock in the evening. While sitting in the station with his family a young man, whom he says was a passenger on the train which brought him and his family from the east, came to him, and after talking with him some time proposed to show him through the city. Having considerable time to spare, the old man consented to go with him. The two started together, going down Liberty street to Wayne, and when they had proceeded down Wayne to Spring alley another young man came running up behind them and informed his companion that "his goods had arrived." His friend remarked that he was sorry they had arrived so soon, as he had nothing but gold about him, which he wished to get exchanged before paying the freight on his goods, at the same time exhibiting several coins which appeared to be $20 gold pieces. He then asked the old man to lend him $50 until he could get his gold exchanged. Having but $30 about him, the old gentleman could not comply with his modest roquest and so informed him, stating his reasons. The two young men appeared to doubt this statement, when the unsuspecting old man drew out his pocket book to convince them that it was correct. The pocket book contained two bills, a $10 and a $20, which, after exhibiting, he was about to replace in his pocket-book, when they were snatched from his hand by the young scamp who had hailed them. As soon as he got the money he ran up Spring alley, with the scoundrel who had induced him to leave the depot closely following him. This was the last seen of either the thieves or the $30 of the old gentleman. He returned to the depot, where he made the matter known to the officers, but was unable to give any definite description of the villains who had victimized him. His situation was a very unpleasant one, and he appeared to feel it bitterly. The employés about the depot gave him money sufficient to defray all necessary expenses of himself and family to the point for which he had previously secured tickets, and he left with his family on the four o'clock train.

The Triple Plated Silver Ware

At the Auction Rooms of Smithson, Vanhook & McClelland, Nos. 55 and 57 Fifth street, is the largest and most superb assortment of fine goods in that line ever brought to this city. The sale commences to-morrow morning, and as the order is peremptory for its continuance till every piece is sold, rare good bargains may be anticipated. In the assortment may be found choice Tete sets, elegant and varied Tea sets; Urns; Dinner, Tea and Pickle Castors; Cake, Card and Fruit Baskets, Stands and Servers; Ice, Syrup and Cream Pitchers and Trays; Magic, Revolving and Plain Butter Dishes; Egg, Celery and Salt Stands; Oyster, Soup and Sauce Tureens and Ladles; Fruit, Jelley and Berry Dishes; Fine Wine Stands; Ice and Sugar Bowls; Butter and Cake Knives; Salad and Pickle Stands; large and small Waiters; Salt, Mustard and Egg Spoons; Tea, Dinner and Desert Forks and Spoons; Goblets, Mugs, Cups, Napkin Rings, Knife Rests, Spoon Holders, Call Bells, Spoons, and a variety of articles too numerous to mention. Also, fine French Clocks, superb styles; Boquet Vases, fancy articles, &c. Call in and examine the stock and satisfy yourself of its superiority.

Dr. Sargent's Standard Medicines.

In the competition of so many patent medicines for public favor, none have so steadily and permanently acquired such universal satisfaction wherever tried as Dr. Sargent's Family Medicines. These standard remedies have been before the public for upwards of thirty-five years, and by their intrinsic merits have quietly but firmly established for themselves a reputation not surpassed or equalled by any medicines professing to cure the same diseases as they do. Since introduced they have, in many instances, effected many really remarkable cures, and in every instance where taken according to directions they have given relief. The proprietorship of Dr. Sargent's Medicines has passed into the hands of George A. Kelly, Wholesale Druggist, 37 Wood street, who is now giving these valuable remedies the publicity they deserve. He is determined to bring their merits prominently before the whole country, and will always keep them up to the formula. These preparations consist of the following, viz: Backache Pills, a most valuable remedy for all diseases of the bladder, kidneys, &c. The superiority of these Pills for the cure of these complicated diseases over Buchu Plasters, Liniments, and other professed remedies, has been fully demonstrated and proved by the large number of certificates given by persons cured by their use. Dr. Sargent's Cough Syrup is a most reliable and standard remedy for all affections of the lungs, throat and chest. Dr. Sargent's Anti-Dyspeptic Pills we would also particularly call the attention of our readers to. These Pills act mildly, but efficaciously, and are far superior to any other Pills in use, For a full dsecription of these Medicines call on any druggist and get a circular.

Paint is Quick,

Never fails,
Heals the sick,
Whatever ails;
Millions want PAIN PAINT,
In the cottage,
By the rill.
Youth or dotage,
Where you will,
The song will be PAIN PAINT.
Tooth or ear,
Head or back,
Pain, O Dear,
Till they crack
Long waiting for PAIN PAINT.
Relief's the cry,
From every tongue;
The reason why,
We come among
The peopie with PAIN PAINT.
The smilling face,
The laughing eye:
You always trace,
While standing by,
To see us use PAIN PAINT.
Brush in hand,
So dripping wet,
Like magic wand
All pains upset,
By sopping on PAIN PAINT.
This Doctor cures,
He never kills;
Not like yours,
Long giving pills.
They say; 'Tis done with PAIN PAINT.

All pain relieved free of charge. We keep the annihilator, the only sure remedy for Catarrh, 116 Smithfield street. S. H. Hastings, Agent.

Committed for Trial.—J. G. Oliver, charged with false pretense, on oath of Robert Steele, previously reported, had a final hearing before Alderman M'Masters, Saturday morning, and was committed to jail in default of $300 bail for his appearance at Court.

Spring Skirts, New Styles,
At Barker's.

Carpets at private sale this day at Smithson, Vanhook & McClelland's auction rooms, Nos. 55 and 57 Fifth street. Great bargains are offered.

Bird's Eye Linen, cheap,
At Barker's.

Amusements.

Notwithstanding the fact that money is by no means plenty, the various places of amusement are drawing respectably large audiences. At the Opera House, Mr. Forest, tragedian, succeeded during the past week, much better than we had anticipated, in obtaining pretty fair houses, despite the very general dissatisfaction expressed by amusement goers regarding the penny-wise policy inaugurated by the management in increasing the price of admission during his engagement. The plan worked very well while Mr. Booth was here, as the people were curious to see and hear the brother of the infamous assassin of the lamented Lincoln, but Mr. Forest must depend altogether on his own fair fame and name to obtain a reasonably fair audience under the auspices of an unpopular management. With the support of the stock company, spurred on and enlivened by the gratuitous maledictions and profanities heaped upon their heads behind the scenes by the gouty tragedian, some of Shakespeare's glorious tragedies have been meagerly well put upon the stage. Mr. Forest's glory is waning and those who attend the Opera House to be delighted with his interpretations will be sadly disappointed. We can name many more brilliant actors, but none who have shone so long and brightly on the American stage. We do not disparage the fire that once dwelt within his soul in saying that old Time has got the better of him, and that, as a great representative actor he is a failure. We feel that we would insult the intelligent reader by falling into line with the "hurrah" critics who praise Mr. Forest *now*, not because he is brilliant but because he once rightly earned laurels as a tragedian, and during the vigor of his youth sustained a proud national reputation and position.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.—Mr. Forrest at the Opera House has strong opposition in Leo Hudson at the Theatre, and, if we are to judge by the densely packed houses of the "Old Drury," the fair Amazonian proves decidedly more attractive than the well fed old tragedian. To-night she appears in Rookwood, and her famous trained horse "Black Bess" will play a conspicuous part.

GRAND CONCERT.—The grandest musical occasion of the new year will be the rendition of Rosini's *Stabat Mater*, a heaven born production, by some three score of our amateur vocalists, under the direction of Prof. C. Tetedoux. It will doubtless draw the most brilliant fashionable gathering ever witnessed in our city. M'lle De Lussan, an eminent New York soprano, will take a leading part. The sale of reserved seats commences this morning, at Kleber's music store, Wood street.

THE MUSEUM.—We are gratified to know that our citizens fully appreciate the enterprise which induced Mr. Burnell to open a museum in our city, and that his establishment is being so liberally patronized. It is now the most pleasant place of amusement in the city for ladies and children, as it is both entertaining and instructive. The collection of rare birds is quite large, and a vast number of other interesting living curiosities are to be found there, not the least of which are the twins, the Albino girl and her black brother. The collection of artificial wonders is very extensive, and should be seen to be fully appreciated.

Colored Pequa, all prices,
At Barker's.

Passage to Europe.—Those of our readers who intend taking a trip to Europe during the coming summer, should call and consult Mr. William Bingham, Jr., No. 70 Fifth street, whose advertisement will be found in to-day's paper. Mr. Bingham has represented the Inman Line in this city during the last three years, and during that time has booked over *two hundred cabin passengers*. He keeps cabin plans of the different vessels, secures berths by telegraph, and asks no passenger to take the berth allotted unless satisfactory. He is now prepared to book passengers on any boat during the coming season, and parties who want *good* berths should apply early.

White Swiss, Plain, Plaid, Striped and Figured,
At Barker's.

Has Nature an antidote for acquired diseases? The Plantation Bitters, prepared by Dr. Drake, of New York, have no doubt benefited and cured more persons of Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Sour Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Sinking Weakness, General Debility, and Mental Despondency, than any other article in existence. They are composed of the purest roots and herbs, carefully prepared, to be taken as a tonic and gentle stimulant. They are adapted to any age or condition of life, and are extensively popular with mothers and persons of sedentary habits.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—A delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne, and at half the price. MWF&F

White Jaconet, Plain, Plaid and Striped,
At Barker's.

There is no discount on the quality of the large and varied stock of boots, shoes and gaiters of all the latest and most fashionable styles, which are now offered at such very reasonable prices at the mammoth auction salesrooms of Smithson, Vanhook & McClelland, Nos. 55 and 57 Fifth street. These goods have all been manufactured by first class establishments, by order of first class retail and wholesale firms throughout the country, and of course are the very best in the market. The prime cost is not considered in the private bargains offered the wholesale and retail purchasers.

White Pequa, 25c,
At Barker's.

Public Sale.—Positive sale will take place on Wednesday morning next at the Court House, by order of the Court, of that very desirable piece or parcel of land situated in Liberty township, on the Braddocks Field road, the property of Lewis J. Fleming, trustee, and containing three and one-half acres. Terms one-half cash, balance in one year with interest. This is an excellent opportunity for a good investment of capital.

Brilliants, cheap,
At Barker's.

To Country and City Merchants.—We are thoroughly supplied with all kinds of Dry Goods, Staple and Fancy, bought at unusual advantage through our Eastern purchasing department, taking advantage of the recent large auction sales and fluctuations in prices, and we can and will sell at less than the lowest Eastern cash prices. We invite you to an inspection of our stock and comparison of prices, at 59 Market street.

J. W. BARKER & Co.

Linen Handkerchiefs, all kinds, cheap,
At Barker's.

Brigham Young has issued a circular urging the fair ladies of his dominion to use Trix for sweetening the breath. Would that the President of the United States would do the same thing, for we actually know ladies so lost to shame that they continue to have foul breaths even after Trix is so universally known and used. Trix is a positive blessing. All druggists sell Trix, hence all druggists are benefactors.

Ristori Aprons, very cheap,
At Barker's.

At Barker's,
Ribbed Cotton Hose for children, 10 cents.
Fine Cotton Hose for ladies, 11½ cents.
Half Hose only 12½ cents.
Children's Gloves, 12½ cents.
Ladies' Gloves, 12½ cents.
Gent's Gloves, 12½ cents.

This Day at Barker's, Tremendous Bargains.

12½c, Beautiful Prints, including Chintz styles, worth 16c.
12½c, Yard Wide Shirting Muslin, beautiful quality, worth 16 to 18c.
12½c, Real Fast-Colored Lawns, worth, wholesale, 17½c.
18c, Double-Width Sheeting and Pillow Casing, same as is selling at 20 to 25c
25c, White P. K., worth 37½c; other qualities and colors cheap.
25c and upwards, nearly one hundred different styles beautiful Dress Goods.
6¼c, 8 and 10c, for good Prints and Muslins, worth more at wholesale.
6¼c, Linen Crash, other qualities, bleached and unbleached, equally cheap.
20 to 25c, beautiful Plaid Shirting Flannel, a great bargain.
37½c, Table Damask, pure Linen, White and Colored; all qualities and prices.
12½c., Linen Towels, large assortment, White and Colored Borders, all prices.
$1 00 per dozen, Linen Doylies, also white and colored, all sizes.
$1 75 per dozen, Table Napkins, white and colored to match, Damask and Doylies, all prices.
$1 75 Bed Quilts, large size, also Honey Comb Toilet Chintz and Jacquard Quilts cheap.
37½c., Black and colored Alpacas, and better qualities proportionately cheap.
18½c., Best American Lawns, new and very choice, in great variety.
25 to 50c., New Chintz Organdies—a very choice selection.
$1 50 and upward. Spring and Summer Shawls—a fresh stock, very choice.
Ladies Silk and Cloth garments—the most beautiful styles very cheap and made to order.
A magnificent stock of everything cheap in proportion.

Bishop Lawns, Book Muslins, cheap,
At Barker's.

The purest and sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers, upon the sea shore; it is perfectly pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it can take none other. Ask for "Hazard and Caswell's Cod Liver Oil, manufactured by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. Sold by all druggists. M

White Nansook, Plain, Plaid and Striped,
At Barker's.

DIED;

GREER.—On Sabbath morning, April 19th, Mrs. ANN GREER, (PHILPOT,) relict of Samuel Greer, in the 59th year of her age.

Funeral from her late residence, No. 38 Colwell street, THIS (Monday,) AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock.

BARKER.—On Saturday, April 18th, 1868, Mrs. FANNY, wife of William Barker, Sr., in the 75th year of her age.

Funeral from the residence of her husband, No. 70 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, on TUESDAY, 21st inst., at 2 o'clock P. M. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.
REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D. D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $5 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

ROBERT T. RODNEY, UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER, No. 45 OHIO STREET, Allegheny, and No. 80 DIAMOND SQUARE, (by John Wilson & Bros.,) keeps always on hands the best Metal, Rosewood, Walnut and Imitation Rosewood Coffins. Walnut Coffins from $25 upwards. Rosewood Coffins $20 upwards, all other Coffins in proportion. Carriages and Hearse furnished at low rates. Crape, Gloves, Plate and Engraving furnished gratis. Office open day and night.

MINERAL WATERS.

We are now receiving our SPRING AND SUMMER SUPPLY OF

Saratoga Star Spring Water.

Kissingen Water.

Vichy Water.

Congress Water, &c.

For sale by the bottle, dozen or gross.

SIMON JOHNSTON, Druggist,

Corner Smithfield and Fourth Streets.

MWF

SPECTACLES,

WARRANTED TO

IMPROVE THE SIGHT,

AT

DUNSEATH & HASLETT'S,

JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS,

65 FIFTH ST., OPPOSITE MASONIC HALL.

NEW SPRING GOODS,

Adapted to a FIRST CLASS MERCHANT TAILORING TRADE,

JUST OPENED, AT

HENRY G. HALE'S,

Corner of Penn and St. Clair Streets.

WALK IN! WALK IN!

AND SEE THE NEW

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

JUST RECEIVED AT

H. SMITH'S Tailoring Establishment,

No. 98 WYLIE STREET,

Corner of Federal.

FOR SALE.—HOBOKEN.—THE balance of those desirable Lots are now offered at private sale, and any one desirous of fine building sites would do well to make a selection. The village is located on a beautiful and healthy spot, two and a half miles from Sharpsburg, on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad, which runs through it, making it much more valuable and agreeable. Extensive preparations are now making for erecting a number of fine houses, which will prove an ornament to the town. The remainder of these Lots will be sold at very reasonable rates and on terms exceedingly easy. SILL & SHUTTERLY, Real Estate and Insurance Agents, Lawrenceville.